EUROTRAKKER Eurotech EuroStar

CURSOR 8/10/13

REPAIR MANUAL ELECTRIC/ELECTRONIC SYSTEM



FOREWORD



This manual is part of the aids that the Technical Publications sector makes available to workshop technicians to allow the correct performance of maintenance and/or repair operations and it is also a good way to familiarise with the IVECO product.

The experience acquired over many years in servicing and in editing technical publications has led us to devote a special volume to the electric system fitted on the models in question, considering the particularity and complexity of the subject.

This manual is intended for people with professional preparation in the "Vehicle Electrician" sector and at the same time avail of adequate and indispensable testing and/or measurement equipment for the main electrical ratings.

In drafting the texts and representing the graphics we have taken account of the particular necessities of the operator technician in some cases stating references or repeating certain diagrams in different places that may be obvious to a design engineer.

The completeness of the information given in the wiring diagrams, the size chosen and the ease with which they can be taken allow the repair operator to avail of all the information exactly where it is needed most, namely, on board the actual vehicle.

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Introduction

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INTRODUCTION

This manual comprises 5 chapters, identified by roman numerals:

Chapter	Ι	INTRODUCTION
Chapter	II	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
Chapter		SPECIFIC CIRCUITS
Chapter	IV	CIRCUIT CHARTS

The subjects dealt with are updated at the date of drafting of the manual which practically corresponds to the date of going to press.

Each chapter has its own progressive page number to simplify updating.

The numbering of the figures is double. The first digit refers to the chapter number and the second is a progressive number; this makes it easy to find figures if they are given as references elsewhere.

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The possibility exists that the information given in this manual may not be up to date as a result of modifications adopted by the Manufacturer at any time for reasons of a technical or commercial nature or to adjust to the laws in force in the different Countries.

General cautions for electric/electronic components

NEVER DISCONNECT THE BATTERIES OF THE SYSTEM OR OPEN THE KNIFE SWITCH WITH THE ENGINE RUNNING.

DO NOT START THE ENGINE WITHOUT FIRSTLY CONNECTING THE BATTERIES PERMANENTLY.

- Before doing any work on the vehicle chock the wheels appropriately.
- Starting from the engine compartment may only be carried out when the cab is firmly fastened on its maximum opening position with the handbrake engaged, gearbox in neutral and wheels chocked.
- Do not use quick chargers to start the engine. Starting must only be carried out with separate batteries or with the special trolley.
- Make sure that the bias of the battery terminals is correct when starting from an auxiliary trolley.
- The incorrect polarisation of the power voltage of electronic control units (for example incorrect polarisation of the batteries) may lead to their destruction.
- When needing to disconnect the batteries from the system, firstly always disconnect the frame earth cable from the negative terminal of the batteries.
- Before connecting the batteries to the system, make sure that it is well insulated.
- The incorrect bias of the supply voltage of electronic control modules (foe example incorrect battery bias) may lead to their breakage.
- When seeking a circuit failure insert a wander fuse between the negative terminal of the battery and the frame earth cable (main current switch on).
- Before removing electric and/or electronic components disconnect the earth cable from the negative terminal of the battery.
- Electrical measurements on electronic components must only be carried out with appropriate measuring equipment.
- Disconnect the batteries from the system when charging them with external equipment.
- Disconnect the external charging equipment from the mains before removing its grippers from the terminals
 of the batteries.
- Do not insert or remove the connector of electronic control units with the power on.
- With temperatures above 80 °C (drying ovens) remove the electronic control units.
- During electric welding work, disconnect the connectors of electronic control units.
- During connection, tighten the nuts of the connectors (temperature, pressure sensors, etc.) only with the specified tightening torque.
- Carefully make sure that the battery terminal polarity is correct before starting from an auxiliary trolley.
- Do not direct jets of water on fuseboxes and electrical equipment.
- Do not direct jets of water on the batteries.

Measurements in electronic control units, plug connections and electric connections to components may be carried out only on appropriate testing lines, with special plugs and sockets. Never use improper means such as metal wires, screwdrivers, clips or the like. In addition to the danger of a short circuit, damage to the plug connectors may also result and this would subsequently cause contact problems.

- Before disconnecting the connector from an electronic control unit, isolate the system.(Figure opposite ref. A)
- Do not cause sparks to check whether a circuit is live.
- Do not touch the pins of the connectors of electronic control units with your fingers.
- Do not use a test bulb to check the continuity of a circuit. Only use the appropriate testing devices (ref. B)
- Do not directly power the components associated with electronic control units with the nominal power rating of the vehicle.
- Do not insert the prods of a measuring device in the pins of connectors of electronic control units. Any measurements are made using UNITESTER (ref. C).
- Make sure that the wirings of electronic devices (length, type of cable, location, grouping, connection of screen braiding, earthing, etc.) conform with the IVECO system and that they are carefully restored after repair or maintenance work. To avoid the possible malfunctioning of the electronic systems on board, the wirings of additional devices must follow a different path than that of the above-mentioned systems.
- Replace components only with original IVECO components.
- Do not install additional electrical and/or electronic equipment not provided for by IVECO or by local laws.
- Do not connect the negative terminals of additional systems to the negative terminals of electronic systems.
- In the event of electric welding on the vehicle, disconnect all the electronic control units and/or disconnect the power cable from the battery positive terminal and connect it to the frame earth (ref. D).



Concept of earth and electromagnetic compatibility

The electric system is traditionally a single-pole system. The body, the frame, the metal container of electromechanical components act as equipotential return conductor to the generator, as any point of their metal structure or any negative terminal not isolated is at the same reference potential or EARTH. This is why the earth has been chosen as reference to the whole system, conventionally giving it the value of zero.

Due to obvious reasons of construction, in the negative network of the system there are various earth points located on the vehicle in relation to the location of the components on the frame, engine or body.

On the other hand, ideally, all the equipment should be connected to only one earth point in order to provide them, particularly for electronic devices, a clearly defined earth reference.

For the above-mentioned reasons it is necessary to distinguish the supply earth or system earth, characterised by strong direct current intensity (> 1 A for electromechanical components), from the analogue earth, characterised by wave shapes at determinate frequencies and very low current intensity (mA, μ A) of electronic systems.

The definition of signal earth or analogue earth depends on the sensitivity of the electronic systems to EMC (electromagnetic compatibility), as parasite signals emitted by the systems on board or outside the vehicle, induce failures and/or deterioration of the systems themselves.

In order to minimise both continuous and transient disturbance or interference generated by parasite radiations, it is of the utmost importance to always bear in mind that the satisfactory efficiency of the reference plane or system earth depends on the excellent conductivity characteristics (contact resistance tending towards zero) in each of its connection points.

Briefly, we can say that the earth understood as equipotential electrical conductor, i.e. as potential reference for all the electric/electronic components on board, is subdivided into system earth and analogue earth.

The system earth points are those foreseen by the Manufacturer and must, of course, be free of paint, oxidation, grease, dust, etc.



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The system earth points are those foreseen by the manufacturer and must of course be free of paint, oxidation, grease,

3° Connect the earth cables within a maximum of 5 minutes from painting.

4° If a new earth contact is fitted, file around the terminal fastening hole to completely remove the anaphoretic paint of the frame creating a perfectly flat resting surface.

Practical advice

The negative cables connected to an earth point must be as short as possible and connected to one another in a "star" connection, trying to tighten them neatly and adequately (Fig. I.4 ref. M).

Additionally, for electronic components the following instructions should absolutely be followed:

- Electronic control units must be connected to the system earth when they have a metal container.
- The negative cables of control units must be connected to both a system earth point, for example the dashboard earth (avoiding "serial" or "chain" connections), and to the negative terminal of the battery/ies.
- Though they are not connected to the system earth/battery negative terminal, analogue earths (sensors) must be perfectly insulated. Therefore, particular care should be given to the parasite resistances of the terminals: oxidation, clinching defects, etc.
- The metal braiding of screened circuits must be in electrical contact in each of its ends with the components of the system.
- Only one end of the screening braid must be connected to the system earth.
- In the presence of connectors the unscreened section **d**, near them, should be as short as possible (Fig. I.5).
- The cables should be laid on parallel with the reference plane, i.e. as near as possible to the frame/body structure.
- Additional electromechanical systems should be carefully connected to the system earth and must not be set at the side of the cables of electronic components.



I.5 SCREENING BY METAL BRAID OF A CABLE TO AN ELECTRONIC COMPONENT - C. CONNECTOR - d. DISTANCE \rightarrow 0



Operating Synoptics

Briefly, we can say that the electric/electronic modularity comprises two main areas:

- AREA 1: commands, controls and protections
- AREA 2: power, batteries, starting, charging and system sectioning

The modularity of the two areas is ensured by 3 families of cables (cab, engine and frame) through the Main Interconnecting Control Box (UCI)



Concept of CAN LINE

Over the past few years electronic systems on industrial vehicles have developed rapidly and they determine satisfactory operation of the vehicle.

What before was a complementary science has now become a key sector of technology. Currently electronic systems make the vehicle work and determine the effectiveness with which the single components interact with one another. Increasingly often we meet the term CAN used in this context.

The term CAN means Controller Area Network. This is a dedicated wiring that connects the control units of a vehicle (ECU) to one another, thereby creating a structure similar to a nervous system.

This system enables the instantaneous exchange of large quantities of data between the various electronic systems on board the vehicle.

It is a TWO-WAY communication mode that is becoming increasingly widespread in the field of vehicles, owing to the reduction of the number of leads and interferences.

The information travels respecting a protocol which defines the conversation modes:

- Synchronisation of the information
- Call and answer mode between the various systems
- Identification and correction of any transmission errors
- Etc.





Operating features

To obtain new operating features it is important that the various electronic systems communicate with one another.

One of these operating features, for instance, is the reduction of torque during gearshifting, which is the result obtained from interaction of the engine and transmission control units.

The connection between the different control units may take place either grouping them in a single main unit (solution rejected due to the complexity of the management programme and because the system would be too rigid and expensive in the case of alterations and updates) or using a communication network capable of transferring the data quickly and reliably. Fast data transfer is fundamental for efficient management of vehicle driving, while reliability must be guaranteed for applications connected with safety (transmission, engine controls and control units) and there must not be any communication problems especially in the presence of electromagnetic influences.

About 60% of the problems concerning the electronics of a vehicle involve connection technology and can be identified in the corrosion of the contacts of a connector and in the connections of cables, wear of the insulating sheath or faulty assembly.

Another third of these problems is caused by operating faults in the sensors and actuators. Sing a lower quantity of cables and reducing the number of sensors, the stoppage time due to vehicles out of service will be minimised, resulting in lower operating costs. A wiring with less components will make it possible to diagnose the electronic system more easily.

The total length of the cables can reach several kilometres and, as mentioned previously, the higher number of components increases the risk of faults. The Multiplex systems offer better communication between the systems and simplify trouble-shooting.

The Multiplexer unit receives the information about the status of the switches. A coded value which is different for every switch, is transmitted to the Databus. The De-Multiplexer decodifies the values and activates the voltage to supply the appropriate lamp.

In Multiplexer systems various types of cables are used: the most cost-effective alternative is that of single cables. Further alternatives are: double or dual cable, twisted pair cables, optical fibres. The choice of the cable depends on the following requirements: signal speed, signal noise and interferences and this choice affects the overall cost of the system. Different classes exist depending on the different data transmission speed on the Databus:

- class A: low speed (example: windscreen wiper and vehicle lights control).
- class B: medium speed (example: air conditioning and sound systems).
- **c**lass C: high speed (example: ABS and Traction Control systems).

All in all the advantages of a Multiplex system can be summarised in: lower costs due to the lower length of the cables, higher functionality, sharing of the signals of the sensors by the various systems and better diagnostic functions. Against this however, the overall number of connections increases, technical training requisites are higher, function reading is not possible through the wiring diagram and above all higher costs compared with a conventional system.

The different manufacturers use their own standards on their vehicles. In Germany BOSCH has developed the Bus CAN (Control Area Network).

All the nodes, i.e. electronic control units, are connected on the Databus.

The structure of the BusCAN is extremely flexible; one or more nodes may be added or removed easily and continue working in the event of a fault of one or more of them.

If node 2 sends a message, node 3 which is concerned accepts the message, while node 1 ignores it. It is important to know that the messages have been received correctly on the Databus; in the case of an error the message is sent again: the receiving node confirms reception of the message.

The units or nodes can share the information of many sensors.

As for any form of communication certain conditions must be met. CAN communication needs the right hardware, a task that was initially performed by a single microchip but which lately has been increasingly integrated in microcontrollers: the Can-Chip developed by Bosch makes the various control units communicate with one another with CAN protocol through the same "language" via bus; as transmitter it confers the messages to everyone and as receiver it is capable of identifying the messages addressed to it among many messages. Since all the components that take part in communication can send messages simultaneously on the bus, the receiving component concerned will firstly receive the message with the highest priority while the others will return to the sender and be transmitted again: for example concerning vehicle driving are of primary importance and therefore the vehicle must react immediately to changes of the pedal position; it is also true that if important messages are transmitted constantly, the less important information will rarely or never reach its destination.

For this reason different buses are used.



EFFICIENCY TEST ON CAN LINE EBS EUROTRONIC I EDC I 20 Ω RI 0 0 30-POLE DIAGNOSIS CONNECTOR С 000716t ~ **Ι 20** Ω 0Ω ~ **60** Ω o.L. CAN line short circuit CAN line OK Resistance cut off CAN line cut off

N.B.

Resistance R1 by 120 Ω is used to close the CAN line circuit. THEREFORE, THE RESISTANCE MISSING OR CUT OFF MAY CAUSE DATA TRANSMISSION FAILURE.

Technical Codes

03000	Self-rectifying alternator with built-in voltage regulator
08000	Starter motor
12015	Motor for outside air intake door
20000	Starting battery
22000	Horn
22035	Bell for trailer braking system failure
22036	Bell for automatic transmission failure
25001	Relay, rotary beacons
25003	Relay, fog lights
25004	Relay, flasher light
25006	Relay for switching on stop lights
25009	Relay for switching on high beam lights
25013	Relay for switching off low beam lights with high beams on
25030	Relay for switching on external lights
25034	Relay for switching on rear fog lights
25106	Relay for switching on Tractor ABS failure warning lamp
25123	Relay for switching on stop lights with EBS duplex pedal depressed
25127	Relay for front and rear brake wear with EBS signal
25200	Starting relay
25204	Relay, remote starting enablement, cab unlatched
25209	Relay for cutting off various components during starting stage
25210	Relay, starting enablement with transmission in neutral
25211	Relay with delayed opening contact for keeping G.C.R energized
25213	Relay for supply of users connected to ignition switch through battery positive
25222	Relay for allowing connection of thermal starter
25224	Relay for inhibiting starter operation with engine running
25226	Relay, G.C.R. energizing from inside the cab
25227	Relay, G.C.R. de-energizing with doors open
25300	Relay, auxiliary heater
25310	Relay for allowing connection of internal heating with power load inhibiting relay
25321	Relay for connection of auxiliary heater (1 st /2 nd speed)
25322	Relay for connection of auxiliary heater (1 st speed)
25323	Relay for connection of auxiliary heater (2 nd speed)
25324	Relay for connection of auxiliary heater with G.C.R. on
25325	Relay for engine coolant recirculation (open with engine running)
25326	Relay for temporary connection of air-conditioning system
25327	Relay for connection of air-conditioning system
25332	Relay for connection of air-conditioning system
25333	Relay for connection of cab heating
25335	Relay for water circulation pump cutoff with G.C.R. open
25402	Relay, hazard/turn signal lights
25624	Relay for inverting signal for driver's door switch
25625	Relay for enabling driver's door open signal with terminal 15
25702	Relay for switching negative/positive signal for PTO
25713	Relay for ECO - POWER control
25714	Relay for switching off EDC / electric battery disconnector
25718	Relay for enabling fuel filter restriction signal
25805	Relay, horns
25813	Relay, heated rearview mirrors
25824	Relay for raising 3 rd axle with associated air springs under pressure
25866	Relay for terminal 58

- 25874 Relay for connection of power loads with engine running
- **25893** Relay for connection of total power takeoff
- **25894** Relay for connection of power loads with key on
- **25897** Relay for connection of side transmission power takeoff
- **25898** Relay for connection of rear transmission power takeoff
- **25900** General Current Relay
- **25924** Relay for turning on EDC (main relay)
- **25945** Delayed electronic relay when opening for lighting cab interior
- **25949** Delayed relay for rear fog guard light system
- **30001** High/low beam headlight with parking light
- 30010Low beam light
- **30011**Fog headlight
- **30100** Headlight alignment unit actuator
- **32002** Front turn signal light
- 32010 Rotary beacon
- **33001**Turn signal side repeater
- **33004**Side marker lamp
- **34000** Rear headlight cluster
- **34011**Fifth-wheel light
- 35000 Number plate light
- **37001** Front marker light
- **39000** Cab interior ceiling lamp
- **39002** Bunk ceiling lamp
- **39003** Steps spotlight
- **39009** Reading light
- **39017**Cab interior swivel spotlight
- **39020**Cigar lighter light
- 39030 Lamp, cab side compartment lighting
- 40011 Electronic tachograph
- 40032 Tachometer/tachograph sender unit
- 40037 Tachograph signal converter
- 40046 Inductive type chassis height sensor (rear axle)
- 40047 Inductive type chassis height sensor (front axle)
- 40060 Voltage dropper unit, tachograph, TMP vehicles
- 42001 Pressure gauge with built-in w/lamp, engine oil pressure
- 42008 Pressure gauge, front/rear brake air pressure
- 42030 Sender unit, engine oil pressure gauge
- 42045 Sender unit for outdoor temperature gauge
- 42102 Switch, parking brake signal
- **42111** Switch for stop light check with EDC on
- 42200 Switch, air suspension failure signal
- 42253 Automatic transmission low air pressure signalling switch
- 42351 Switch, air cleaner restriction
- 42374 EDC clutch switch
- 42379 Switch for allowing connection of transmission power take-off
- 42381 Air pressure sensor on drive axle for third axle lifting/lowering change-over
- 42382 Air pressure sensor on third axle for third axle lifting/lowering change-over
- 42389 Air pressure sensor on third axle pneumatic lifting
- 42550 Switch, engine oil pressure signal
- 42608 Coolant pressure signalling 3-switch assembly
- **42700** Switch, fuel filter restriction signal
- 44001 Fuel level indicator with built-in w/lamp
- 44002 Engine oil level indicator

4403 I	Sender unit, fuel level indicator with w/lamp contact
44035	Windshield fluid level indicator control
44036	Radiator waterlevel indicator control
44037	Power steering fluid level indicator control
44043	Engine oil level sender unit
47011	Thermometer, engine coolant temperature with built-in w/lamp
47030	Sender unit, thermometer, engine coolant temperature
47041	Water temperature sender for retarder control unit
47042	Fuel temperature sensor
47100	Switch, engine coolant high temperature signal
4800 I	Electronic rev counter
48035	Engine rpm sensor
48042	Engine rpm sensor on timing gear
48043	Turbocharger speed sensor
49005	Voltmeter
50000	IVECO Control display panel
52002	Switch, auxiliary heater
52005	Switch with built-in w/lamp, heated rearview mirrors
52009	Switch with built-in w/lamp, fifth-wheel light
52015	Switch, rotary beacons
52020	Switch with built-in w/lamp, power take-off
52024	Switch with built-in w/lamp, auxiliary headlights
52056	Switch with built-in w/lamp for ASR cutout
52057	Switch with built-in w/lamp for ABS cutout
52059	Automatic transmission speed selector
52070	Switch for engaging side power takeoff
52071	Switch for engaging rear power takeoff
52072	Automatic transmission speed selector during limp-home operation
52084	Switch with built-in warning lamp for turning on rear differential lock device
52092	Switch for engine or cab heater
52093	Switch for tail hatch locking safety
52094	Switch for spot lights point
52200	Air/electrical horn switch
52212	Switch for horn (city/extra city bus use)
52218	Switch, Cruise Control operation from cab inside/outside
52300	Interior lighting switch
52302	Switch with built-in w/lamp. hazard lights
52304	Switch, fog lights and rear fog lights enablement
52307	Switch, exterior lighting
52312	Switch, headlight alignment control
52324	Switch, exhaust brake prearrangement
52502	Ignition key switch, starting-interlocked services
52522	Lever switch for engaging electric retarder
52601	Air cutoff mechanical main current switch. TMP vehicles
53000	Świtch, lamp test
53001	Switch, headlight wiper/washer unit
53006	Switch, starting from engine compartment
53007	Switch, engine stopping from engine compartment
53027	Sun roof switch
53041	Switch for checking EDC system
53055	Unstable switch for interior lights
53300	Switch, power window on driver's side
53302	Switch, power window on passenger's side

53309	Switch, power window on passenger's side
53315	Rear fog guard switch
53501	Switch, stop signal
53503	Switch reversing lights
53505	Switch for signalling rear differential lock
53507	Switch for signalling splitter gears engaged
53508	Switch for preventing engine starting with gear engaged and reversing light on
53509	Switch interior lighting
53512	Switch for preventing engine starting with parking brake off
53517	Switch, cross differential lock signal
53520	Switch for engaging exhaust brake
53521	Switch for signalling longitudinal differential lock
53552	Switch for signalling transfer case power takeoff engaged
53565	Switch, brake pedal fully depressed signal
53567	Switch for signalling side power takeoff engaged
53568	Switch for signalling rear power takeoff engaged
53593	Tool compartment light switch
54031	5-function steering wheel switch
55100	Electronic switch for cab released signal
58073	Trailer brake system failure w/lamp
58114	Warning lamp, battery isolator switch open
58165	Auxiliary heater failure w/lamp
58420	Warning lamp, water in fuel pre-filter
58460	Rotating beacon w/lamp
58469	Fuel oil filter restriction warning lamp
58902	10-optical indicator panel for light system
58903	10-optical indicator panel (Europe)
58905	10-optical indicator panel for optionals
59001	Electronic flasher light, turn signal/hazard light - double load
59100	Windshield wiper unit intermittent operation
61000	IA 3-diode holder container (2 with common cathode)
61001	3A 3-diode holder container (2 with common cathode)
61003	IA 4-diode holder container (with common anode)
61004	IA 4-diode holder container (2 with common cathode)
61005	IA I-diode holder container
61121	Resistance for engine preheating
61122	2-resistance holder container for exhaust brake
61125	4-resistor holding container, ECONOMY-POWER and PTO
61126	Conclusion resistor for bus "CAN"
64000	Windshield washer electric pump
65000	Windshield wiper unit
66005	Headlight washer pump
66010	Headlight washer unit timer
68000	Radioreceiver set
6800 I	Loudspeaker
68005	24V/I2V Power pack
68007	City Band
70601	6-fuse holder
70602	6-fuse holder
70603	6-fuse holder
70604	6-fuse holder
70605	6-fuse holder
72000	Standard 7-pole coupling for electrical connection to trailer

72001	Auxialiry 7-pole coupling for electrical connection to trailer
72021	Ground diagnostic equipment 30-pole electrical coupling connector
72025	Current outlet
72026	Current outlet
75000	Central interconnecting unit
78009	l ubine circuit closing solenoid valve
78050	Exhaust brake control soelnoid valve
78052	ABS/EBS system solenoid valve
78053	ASR control solenoid valve
78054	Solenoid valve for engaging retarder
78055	Solehold valve for retarder oil accumulator
78058	Proportional valve for controlling EBS trailer air pressure
78037	Selencid valve for borne
78203	Solehold valve for noms
70200	Selencid value for malister water regire ulation
70227	Solenoid valve for heating system
78220	Solenoid valve for water recirculation with engine off
78237	Front axle electroppeumatic distributor
78242	Flectroppeumatic distributor
78247	Solenoid valve for electronic injection
78248	Solenoid valve for variable geometry turbine control
78251	Solenoid valve for engaging transmission side power take-off
78252	Solenoid valve for engaging transmission rear power takeoff
80000	Power window motor on driver's opposite side
82000	Windshield defroster unit
82010	Air-conditioning system electronic control unit
84000	Water boiler
84001	Air boiler
84005	Auxiliary heater electronic control unit
84014	Auxiliary fuel pump
84017	Electronic timer
84019	Electromagnetic pulley
85000	Cigar lighter
85003	Heated rearview mirror (trailer)
85004	Heated rearview mirrot (wheel)
85005	Heated rearview mirror
85006	Electrically-adjusted heated rearview mirror (main)
85007	Electrically-adjusted heated rearview mirror (draw up)
85008	Electrically-adjusted heated rearview mirror (wide angle)
85010	Rearview mirror control
85023	Electrical key lock
85150	EDC control unit
85152	Accelerator load sensor EDC
85153	Coolant temperature sensor EDC
05154	i urbotan air temperature sensor EDC
05155	Turboian air temperature sensor, EDC
02120	Sonson, front brake shee ween simult
86002	Sensors, rear brake shoe wear circuit
86004	Flectronic control unit automatic transmission
86013	Sensor water in fuel filter
86015	Flectronic control unit retarder
00010	

- 86016 Control unit, differential lock
- 86023 Vehicle raising/lowering control unit
- 86028 Electronic control unit, trip computer
- 86029 Electronic control unit, centralized door closign system
- 86030 Sensor, sun radiation
- 86038 Control unit for automatic chassis lubrication system
- 88000 Electronic control unit, ABS system
- 88001 Sensor, ABS system
- 88008 Potentiometric sensor for rear wheel pad position signal
- 89000 Food heater

Graphic symbols and abbreviations

In the pages that follow you will often find the symbols listed below. For your own safety and that of the vehicle, the instructions and cautions given below must absolutely be closely adhered to.



1

Indicates that the failure to follow the instructions may involve physical injury.

Indicates that the failure to follow the instructions may involve damage to the electric system and/or equipment and/or instruments.

Indicates a general warning

General conditions for laying electric circuits

- Engine off
- Ignition switch off
- Handbrake engaged
- Neutral gear
- Cab coupled
- Fluids at normal level
- Air in tanks at operating pressure

A	Connector on interconnecting control box		Front wall connector: A = identification reading II = cell number
<u> </u>	Signal earth point		
S.U.	Ultrasonic soldering		Rear wall connector:
Opt	Optional		A = identification reading II = cell number
EI	Seat for relay of diode holder on interconnecting control box	5T 042	Connector between two
Μ	Identification of an earth point	·	cables: 04 = Identification number 2 = cell number
ST	Connector		Connection to earth by
52307	Component code		cable
₹	Consult	7/77,	
	Earth connection to frame and/or body		Connection to earth by component
	Reed fuse on UCI: I = identification number	∳	Optional electrical connection

Electric diagrams of components









General

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DESCRIPTION OF BASE SYSTEM Technical and electric specifications

- I. Unipolar system with negative terminal connected to the frame earth
- 2. Rated supply voltage $24V_{dc}$, connection in series of 2, 12 V / 100 Ah batteries (opt. 143 Ah- 170 Ah)
- **3.** Electric system supply and battery charging with 24V / 65 A alternator (opt. 24 V 90 A) with incorporated rectifier and voltage regulator.
- 4. Starting by 24 V / 5.5 kW starter motor Cursor 10/13 (4,5 kW Cursor 8)



CURSOR ENGINE DESCRIPTION

Configuration of engines belonging to family 2 and family 3 (Cursor)

The engines to be installed on medium-heavy and heavy vehicles, to replace traditional engines gradually, belong to "families" 2 and 3.

The cylinder displacements are different since they cover different power ranges.

The injection system of these engines is of high pressure type with pump - injector actuated by the head camshaft, with different dimensions and capacity between F2 and F3, but similar operation.

The electronic control unit is physically the same on all versions, but it contains a specific software for each engine family and, inside each family, for different power calibrations. During service operations it is not possible to work on each control unit software, save for entering certain configuration data, if required (e.g., to replace pump - injectors), through Modus.










BOOSTING PRESSURE SENSOR - E. ALTERNATOR - F. ENGINE OIL LEVEL SENSOR (OPTIONAL) - G. EDC (MS6) CONTROL UNIT - H. EARTH POINT ON ENGINE - I. STARTER MOTOR - J. FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR - K. TURBINE SPEED SENSOR - L. ENGINE SPEED ON FLYWHEEL SENSOR - M. SOLENOID VALVE FOR VARIABLE GEOMETRY TURBINE CONTROL - N. TURBINE ACTUATOR PRESSURE SENSOR - O. FUEL FILTER CLOGGED SIGNALLING SWITCH - P. LOW OIL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER - Q. OIL PRESSURE TRANSMITTER - R. WATER TEMPERATURE FOR EDC - S. WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR - T. CONNECTOR ON ENGINE HEAD FOR CONNECTION WITH INJECTOR SOLENOID VALVES - U. ENGINE BRAKE SOLENOID VALVE

Frame structure _ LL _ ט ш _ I Δ υ. ш _ \ 8370 II.6 A. SWITCH FOR TURNING ON REVERSING LIGHT - B. TAIL LAMP BRANCH BOX - C. TRANSMITTER FOR TACHOMETER AND TACHOGRAPH - D. SERVODISTRIBUTOR FOR TRAILER CONTROL - E. ELECTROPNEUMATIC MODULATOR AT REAR AXLE - F/I ABS SYSTEM SENSOR - G. SENSOR FOR REAR BRAKE SHOE WEAR INDICATOR CIRCUIT SENSOR - H. APU (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) - J. SENSOR FOR FRONT WHEEL BRAKE SHOE WEAR INDICATOR CIRCUIT SENSOR - K. SOLENOID VALVE FOR ABS/EBS



BATTERIES **E.** SIDE DIRECTION INDICATORS - **F.** ADDITIONAL HEADLAMPS (MAIN BEAM AND FOG LAMPS) - **G.** HIGH BEAM/LOW BEAM HEADLAMPS **H./J.** FRONT CLEARANCE LIGHTS - **I.** RADIO AERIAL





POWER NETWORK

Never disconnect the batteries from the system with the engine running.

When needing to disconnect the batteries from the system, always firstly disconnect the frame earth cable from the negative terminal of the batteries.

Before connecting the batteries to the system, make sure that the system is well insulated.

Disconnect the batteries from the system when charging them.

The purpose of the electric system is to generate, regulate, store and distribute the energy needed to make the vehicle components work.

For this reason the supply of the base electric system is ensured by a generator (28V - 60A -90A alternator) and two batteries, each with 12 V 110 Ah (143 Ah - 170 Ah) connected in series.

Negative network

The batteries are connected to the frame earth with a brown 70 mm² cable, at earth point M1 on the left sidemember (Fig. II.8).

The starter motor is connected to the frame earth (M2/1) through a 70 mm² cable, fastened on the right sidemember (Fig. II.9), near the actual motor. The same cable serves for connecting the whole engine unit to the frame earth.

The vehicle cab is given the same negative electrical equipotential as the frame through a braid (Fig. II.10) connected to the cab front and on the right front sidemember.



II.8 EARTH POINT OF BATTERIES ON LEFT SIDEMEMBER



II.9 STARTER MOTOR AND ENGINE EARTH POINT



6632

Earth points on the vehicle (EuroTech - EuroStar)

The main causes of voltage drop in the electric system of a vehicle are chiefly due to two factors:

- I. the negative network;
- 2. earth points

To minimise the above factors the following have been introduced on the vehicle:

- a. the length of the cab/frame negative lead has been reduced and an appropriate cross-section has been defined according to the load;
- b. the already existing earth points M1 and M2 have been confirmed;
- c. earth points M3-M4-M5 have been subdivided to create individual earth, signal and power nodes;
- d. an earth point (MII) has been provided on the frame (right side) for the tail lights;
- e. an earth point has been inserted on the engine (M10);

With equipment increasingly more consisting of analogue/digital components on vehicles, the above factors (Points 1 and 2) are tending to become more important.

Though generally protected by the effect of the current of the services on board, electronic components still remain particularly sensitive to problems of electromagnetic compatibility.

These problems may be of different nature.

- I. generated by the vehicle;
- 2. of an outside source.

To minimise these phenomena a flexible electrolytic copper braid of appropriate size has been adopted on vehicles in order to re-conduct the main structures of the vehicle (cab - frame) to the equipotential state.

For this purpose, earth point "TI" has been introduced between the frame and cab.





8357

II.11 MI. BATTERY EARTH - M2/I. STARTER MOTOR EARTH - M2/2-M2/3. EARTH ON RIGHT SIDE FRAME - M3/I-M3/2. CAB EARH ON RIGHT SIDE CAB FRONT - M4-M4/I. RIGHT SIDE EARTH INSIDE CAB - M5/M5/I. LEFT SIDE EARTH INSIDE CAB - M6-M6/I. CAB EARTH (ROOF PANEL) - M7. RIGHT REAR EARTH INSIDE CAB - M8. FRONT EXTERIOR LIGHTING EARTH - M9. EARTH FOR ABS-ASR SYSTEM - M10. EARTH ON ENGINE - M11. EARTH FOR TAIL LIGHTS AND REAR OPTIONALS - T1. FRAME-CAB EQUIPOTENTIAL EARTH



Summary of earth points on vehicle

Earth connection	Location	Affected components
MI 2036	Centre left sidemember	Battery negative terminal via main current switch
M2 M2/2 M2/3	Front right side member under cab	Starter motor - front headlight unit- chassis components
M3/I M3/2 2038	Right hand side of cab front (outside)	Rear headlight unit - engine components - windscreen wipers
M4 M4/I M5 M5/I	Right hand side of cab front (inside/outside)	Instruments - optical indicators - windscreen defroster
M6 6379	Roof front (inside, centre)	Interior lighting - radio receiver set - voltage dropper - rearview mirror control
M7	Right hand side of cab rear (inside)	Injection pump electronic control module
M8 6645	Left front sidemember under cab	Earth for front outer lighting
M9 8359	Lower right and left part of cab inner side	Earth for ABS/EBS control unit and components
M10	Right side of engine block	Resistance for warming engine, MS6,2 control unit, switch for controlling EDC system functions
MII	Right rear sidemember	Tail lamp branch box

Electric equipotential braid

An electric equipotential braid (**TI**) is fastened on the cab front between the frame and the cab itself. In the event of defective earth on the cab check that the braid is correctly fastened on the frame (right front) and on the cab (Fig. II.12 and II.13).









Earth points on frame , M8 ТΙ Б ΤĪ α M2/3 M2/2 Ο MI0 M2/1 0 Ο K Ę B Ŋ MH D MI 6640









II.15 CONNECTION OF POSITIVE NETWORK TO TERMINAL 30 OF STARTER MOTOR



Positive network

From the positive post of the set of batteries (Fig. II.14), a 70 mm² red cable directly supplies terminal 30 of the starter motor (Fig. II.15).

From the same terminal (30), a 16 mm² red cable connects to terminal B+ of the alternator (Fig. II.16) and from B+ a 16 mm² cable is connected to the positive terminal of the wall connector, on the right of the outer-cab wall above the wall connector (Fig. II.17). From the same terminal but from inside the cab, a 10 mm² red cable supplies the positive terminal of the UCI control unit (Fig. II.18).

Starter motor

30 positive cables are fastened on terminal 30 of the starter motor (Fig. II.15). One, 70 mm², leads from the positive terminal of the batteries, one, 16 mm², supplies terminal B+ of the alternator and one, 25 mm² supplies the relay for enable to engage the resistance for warming the engine.

Alternator

6645

3 positive cables are fastened on terminal B+ of the alternator (Fig. II.16). One, 16 mm², leads from the starter motor (terminal 30), one supplies terminal S of the alternator itself and one, 16 mm², supplies the positive terminal of the wall connector on the cab front.



The cables, all red, for supplying (in addition to the UCI mentioned previously) fuses A-B-C of fusebox 70604, fuse C of fusebox 70605, fuses E-F of fusebox 70603 are connected at the same positive terminal of the insulated wall connector (described previously), from the inner part of the cab.

5 cables are fastened on the positive terminal (+) of the UCI (Fig. II.19). One, 10 mm^2 , receives the supply, the second, 6 mm², supplies fuses B-C-D-E- of fusebox 70601, the third, 6 mm², supplies fuses A-B-C-D of fusebox 70603 and fuse C of fusebox 70602, the fourth, 6 mm², supplies relay 25213 A at terminal 30, the fifth, 6 mm², supplies relay 25213 B at terminal 30.

The ignition switch is supplied from fuse C3 of fusebox 70602.



II.19 CONNECTION OF POSITIVE NETWORK TO ADDITIONAL FUSEBOX





II.21 CONNECTION OF POSITIVE NETWORK TO ADDITIONAL FUSEBOX EUROTECH-EUROSTAR





Starting

During starting from the driver's seat, the safety devices (handbrake, gearbox in neutral) normally present, with the cab tilted, when starting from the engine compartment, are cut off.

Before working on the vehicle, chock the wheels to prevent the vehicle from moving accidentally. Before tilting the cab, make sure that the space in front of the vehicle is sufficient. Starting from the engine compartment may only be carried out when the cab is firmly fastened on its maximum opening position, with the handbrake engaged and the gearbox in neutral.

As shown in fig. II.24, the two starting systems (from engine compartment with cab tilted and from the driver's seat with the cab coupled) cut one another out.

Starting from the driver's seat (Cab coupled)

Starting from the driver's seat (synoptic of Fig. II.24 ref. A) is done by taking the ignition switch 52502 to position 50; this way, through the normally closed contact between terminal 30 and 87b of the enable relay for starting outside the vehicle 25204, the engagement is controlled of the relay for starting 25200 (terminal 86), which, by closing the contact between terminals 30 and 87, takes the supply (+30) to terminal 30 of relay 25224 which in turn supplies terminal 50 of the starter motor 08000 from terminal 87.

NB To make the working contacts 30 and 87 of relay 25224 close, relay 25874 must receive a negative signal from terminal L of the alternator at terminal 85, and a positive signal from fuse 13 of the UCI under 15 at positive terminal 86. At this point, closing the work contacts of the relay, terminal 85 of relay 25224 is supplied with a negative signal from terminal 30 and as terminal 86 is already supplied by fuse 13 (+15), the work contacts 30 and 87 close, thereby supplying terminal 50 of the starter motor.





Starting from the engine compartment Cab tilting

Cab tilting should only be carried out with the grille completely open (Fig. II.25).

Insert the special lever (located under the front grille in the hand pump shown in fig. II.26. Using the wrench provided, turn it counter-clockwise and then turn the knob clockwise as far as the mechanical stopper. Raise the cab operating the pump with the lever.

In the case of a hydraulic system failure, tilting may be carried out using mechanical means, after disconnecting the gearbox connection bar.

Lowering the cab

Turn the knob counter-clockwise as far as the mechanical stopper and then turn the key in the same direction. Remove the key. Operate the lever alternatively as for tilting, until the cab is fully lowered. With the cab lowered completely make sure that the cab tilted warning light (Fig. II.27) is off.

Starting from the engine compartment is carried out (after setting the key in the ignition switch 52502 to position 15, in neutral gear, with the handbrake engaged and the cab tilted) pressing the black button (Fig. II.31) located in the right-hand part of the engine.

Engine stopping from engine compartment

To stop the engine from the engine compartment, press the red button located on the right-hand side of the engine at the side of the starting button (Fig. II.31) When the engine has stopped, keep the button pressed another 7 seconds so that the EDC control unit continues to be supplied to be able to check the electronic sensors.





MAIN COMPONENTS

75000

Interconnecting Control Unit (UCI) - Cursor 8 (Off Rad) - Cursor 10 - Cursor 13 E1 E2 E 10 E11 E12 E7 E4 6 શે Ŧ 6 30 -50 $(\bigcirc$ 6 ιĮ А S S ω Ø 5 E3 Į ŝ N 30 -15 Π 7 1 Ц <u>, T</u> H T_ ካ ሲ ካ ሲ 'n d Г Н h Н Г Г 5 $\left[\right]$ \square J, 1 Ţ 17 T - [[1 5 Ū. Ŀ Ľ 5 T 1 T μ П 17 Ц 22 20 224 23 **E**8 14 5 Ŋ 3 ភ 6 リ 8 (C 0 ō nun יוחנון ג ג ШП 0 STOP С 9 5 ٩. E15 Ë9 E13 **E**5 E14 B **E6** Α 2681 Components Number Description code ΕI 25200 Relay for starting E2 25013 Low beam relay 25209 E3 Relay for cutting off services during starting 25004 E4 Relay for beam flasher E5 Spare 25006 Relay for braking lights E6 86016 Differential lock signalling control unit E7 **E8** 61000 Diode holder container E9 59100 Windscreen wiper intermittent speed device EI0 25009 High beam relay 25003 ELL Fog lamp relay E12 25805 Horn relay EI3 Spare EI4A Spare --EI4B Spare 25204 Relay for starting enable from engine compartment with cab uncoupled and from E15 driver's seat with cab coupled - (starting prevention system)



6674

Number	Components code	Description	
EI E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 E10 E11 E12 E13 E14A E14B E15	25200 25013 25209 25004 25105B 25006 86016 61003 59100 25009 25003 25805 25105A 25106 25106 	Start-up remote control switch Dipped beam headlight remote control switch Remote control switch to cut off electric absorbers during start-up Flash remote control switch ABS remote control switch Stop light remote control switch Differential lock indicator control unit Diode-holder Windscreen wiper flick Main beam headlight remote control switch Foglight remote control switch Horn remote control switch ABS remote control switch ABS remote control switch Free Remote control switch for start-up consensus from engine compartment with cabin released and from driver's seat with cabin fastened – (start-up prevention system)	

Relay	' and	diode	holder	assembly	
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Wiring Diagram	Function pictogram	Code on control unit	Code No.
	<u>30</u> 59	ΕI	25200
30	۶D ا	E 2	25013
		E 3	25209
	ED	E 4	25004
		E 12	25805
		E 5	
		E 6	25006
		EIO	25009
30 0 0 0 8 7b	⊥ ≢D	EII	25003
		E 13	
		E 14 A	
		E 14 B	
		E 15	25204
0 ⁵			
-K 02 08 06 04		Ε7	86016
		E 8	61000
	Ŕ	E 9	59100

Connector assembly



6425

Connector	Туре	Colour	Interlock	
А	12 way	Black	FRAME (BASE)	
В	10 way	White	CAB (STEERING COLUMN LEVER UNIT)	
С	12 way	Grey	CAB (VARIANTS)	
D	12 way	Yellow	ENGINE (BASE)	
E	12 way	Brown	CAB (BASE)	
F	10 way	Black	CAB (BASE)	
G	10 way	Yellow	CAB (VARIANTS)	
н	12 way	Light blue	CAB/FRAME (BASE)	
I	12 way	White	CAB (BASE)	
J	8 way	Black	CAB (BASE)	
К	6 way	White	CAB (STEERING COLUMN LEVER UNIT)	
L	4 way	Black	CAB (VARIANTS)	
М	4 way	White	CAB (BASE)	
N	2 way	White	CAB (BASE)	
+	l way		ENGINE (BASE)	



No.	Capacity	Function	
I	7.5A	Left front side light, no. plate light, right rear side lights, left front clearance light, dash-	
2	7.5A	board lighting, fifth wheel lighting Right front side light, left rear side lights, right front clearance light, rear clearance lights, headlamp wiper/washer	
3	3A	Low and high beam control	
4	5A	Right low beam	
5	5A	Left low beam	
6	7.5A	Right high beam, high beam warning lamp on	
7	7.5A	Left high beam	
8	7.5A	Fog lights	
9	5A	Rear fog guards	
10	7.5A	Additional high beams	
11	10A	Voltage reducer, horns, central door locking	
12	5A	Brake air drier, tool compartment lights	
13	3A	Battery charge failure warning lamp	
14	3A	Heated windscreen, thermoline, bulb tester	
15	7.5A	Windscreen wiper, windscreen washer	
16	10A	Hazard warning lights	
17	7.5A	Left and right direction indicators	
18	7.5A	Braking lights	
19	7.5A	Reversing lights	
20	5A	Tachograph	
21	10A	Interior lighting, cigar lighter, footboard lighting, electric hatch, tool compartment	
22	3A	Cab uncoupled, IVECO Control	
23	20A	Power windows, trailer brakes, sun visor, multipower	
24	15A	Electric heater	

Fuse assembly - Cursor 8 - Cursor 10 - Cursor 13



$ \begin{array}{c c} G & G & G \\ \hline G \\ \hline G & G \\ \hline G \\ \hline G & G \\ \hline G \\ \hline G \\ \hline G \\ \hline G $				
Acronym	Component code	Description		
GA GB GC GD GE A B C D E	66010 25213A 25224 25213B 25924 25874 25813 25727 25727	Timer for headlight jet washer Remote control switch for 15/50A terminal Remote control switch for start-up prevention system with engine running Remote control switch for 15/50A terminal Remote control switch for EDC activation (Main relay) — Remote control switch for D+ Remote control switch for heated door mirror — Remote control switch for hydraulic power steering 1,5 circuits		
F G H – K L M N O P R S T U V	25721 25346 25879 25718 25034 25714 25327 25326 25893 61002 61125 25713 61122	Remote control switch for hydraulic power steering 1,5 circuits Remote control switch for power supply main switch activation — Relay for total power takeoff Remote control switch for clogged gasoil filter warning light Remote control switch for rear foglight activation Remote control switch for EDC deactivation / electric battery disconnector Remote control switch for climate control system Remote control switch for climate control system Remote control switch for total power takeoff Diode-holder for total power takeoff ECO-POWER resistance Remote control switch for longitudinal differential unlocking Engine brake resistance		
W X Y Z AA AB AC AD AE AF SA SB SC	25726 25128 25856 25703/25112 61001 61004B 61004A 25402 25227/25233 25226 72025 72021 53041	Remote control switch for cross differential locking, front axle Remote control switch for cross differential unlocking, front axle Remote control switch for brake air drier Remote control switch for steering II / remote control switch for longitudinal differential unlocking Diode-holder for electric battery disconnector Diode-holder for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector I2 V socket Diagnosis EDC system failure warning light through BLINK CODE with relevant button		

Additional remote control switches, diodes and fuses - Cursor 8 (Off Road)8- Cursor 10 - Cursor 13

ZA ZB	GA (
	GD GE	
	Component	
Acronym	code	Description
GA GB GC GD GE A B C D E F G H	66010 25213A 25224 25213B 25924 25700 25874 25813 25116 25104 25721 25346	Timer for headlight jet washer Remote control switch for 15/50A terminal Remote control switch for start-up prevention system with engine running Remote control switch for 15/50A terminal Remote control switch for EDC activation (Main relay) Remote control switch for Cruise Control with ABS activated Remote control switch for D+ Remote control switch for heated door mirror Remote control switch for engine brake control from brake pedal Remote control switch for engine brake disengagement with ABS activated Remote control switch for engine brake disengagement with ABS activated Remote control switch for power steering 1,5 circuits Remote control switch for power supply main switch activation
I K L M N O P R S T U V W X Y Z	25879 25718 25034 25714 25327 25326 25893 61002 61125 25112 61122 61002 25883 61002 25883 61002 25856 25703/25125	Relay for total power takeoff Remote control switch for clogged gasoil filter warning light Remote control switch for rear foglight activation Remote control switch for EDC deactivation / electric battery disconnector Remote control switch for climate control system Remote control switch for total power takeoff Diode-holder for total power takeoff ECO-POWER resistance Remote control switch for longitudinal differential unlocking Engine brake resistance Diode-holder for interior lights Remote control switch for Cruise Control deactivation with retarder engaged Diode-holder for intarder Remote control switch for brake air drier Remote control switch for steering II / remote control switch for longitudinal differential unlocking
AA AB AC AD AE AF SA SB SC	61001 61004B 61004A 25402 25227/25233 25226 72025 72021 53041	differential unlocking Diode-holder for electric battery disconnector Diode-holder for electric battery disconnector Diode-holder for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transportation Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector / vehicles for dangerous goods transp. Remote control switch for electric battery disconnector 12 V socket Diagnosis EDC system failure warning light through BLINK CODE with relevant button

Additional remote control switches, diodes and fuses - Cursor 8 (On Road)



2

7,5A

ADR/Climate control system



Additional fuse-boxes - Cursor 8 (Off Road) - Cursor 10 - Cursor 13


Additional r	Additional relays and diodes for vehilcles - Cursor 10 - Cursor 13				
	CURSC				
Code	Component	6444 Description relais			
Code	Component code 6103	Operation relais			
Code MA MB	Component code 6103 9658	Operation relais			
Code MA MB MC	Component code 6103 9658 25895	C C			
Code MA MB MC MD	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894	C C			
Code MA MB MC MD MF	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894	6444 Description relais Trailer brake Trailer brake Trip computer level 1 Trip computer level 1 Trip computer level 1 Nonway day lights			
Code MA MB MC MD ME ME	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 	6444 Description relais Trailer brake Trailer brake Trip computer level 1 Trip computer level 1 Norway day lights Norway day lights			
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Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — —	6444 Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2"			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — — 4 Capacity	Image: Construction of the function of the func			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — — d Capacity 20A				
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — — 4 Capacity 20A 20A				
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — d Capacity 20A 20A	O Imit with the function of the			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — d Capacity 20A 20A 10A	Image: Control of the second secon			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — 4 Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A	Image: Control of the second secon			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — d Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A	Image: Construction of the second			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — 4 Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A 5A	Image: Construction of the second			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — 4 Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A 5A 15A	Image: Control of the control of th			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6 1 2	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — 4 Capacity d Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A 5A 15A 5A	Image:			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6 1 2 70605	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — 4 Capacity d Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A 5A 15A 5A 7,5A	Image: Construction of the second			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6 1 2 70605 4	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — — 4 Capacity 20A 20A 10A 15A 10A 5A 15A 5A 7,5A 7,5A	Image: Construction of the second			
Code MA MB MC MD ME MF MG MH Code no. ar position I 2 70604 3 4 5 6 1 2 70605 4 5	Component code 6103 9658 25895 25894 — — — — — — — — — — 4 Capacity 20A 10A 15A 10A 15A 10A 5A 7,5A 7,5A 7,5A 7,5A	Implementation Control of the second sec			



Connector assembly



Connector	Туре	Colour	Interlock	
A	12 way	Black	FRAME	(BASE)
В	10 way	White	CAB	(STEER. COLUMN LEVER UNIT)
С	12 way	Grey	CAB	(VARIANTS)
D	12 way	Yellow	ENGINE	(BASE)
E	12 way	Brown	CAB	(BASE)
F	10 way	Black	CAB	(BASE)
G	10 way	Yellow	CAB	(VARIANTS)
Н	12 way	Light blue	CAB/FRAME	(BASE)
I	12 way	White	CAB	(BASE)
J	8 way	Black	CAB	(BASE)
К	6 way	White	CAB	(STEER. COLUMN LEVER UNIT)
L	4 way	Black	CAB	(VARIANTS)
М	4 way	White	CAB	(BASE)
N	2 way	White	CAB	(BASE)
+	l way		ENGINE	(BASE)

Cluster wit	n 10 indicators	58902
		8497
Ref.	Function	Cable colour
 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Positive (+15) Alternator charge failure Positive under relay for engaging EDC (Main Relay) Air cleaner clogged Fuel reserve Pre/after heating Differential lock Positive from bulb test button Exterior lights on Can uncoupled Hazard warning lights High engine water temperature indicating Tractor direction indicators Trailer direction indicators Earth Earth from bulb test button High beams	8876 0078 7150 6663 5555 5553 6660 8000 4442 0096 1114 5528 1112 1118 0000 0024 2285

Image: Spare Spar	Cluster with	ו 10 indicators	58903
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
Ref.FunctionCable colour code1Spare—2Positive under relay for switching on EDC (Main relay)71503Spare—4Pin 18 of ABS control unit (for version with EBS)66735Engine brake66276Spare—7Supply (+15)88718Handbrake engaged66629Spare—10Supply (+15) from bulb test button800011Earth from bulb test button002412EDC615013Lamp supply ECO617114Earth000015Trailer ABS667116Tractor ABS667017Brake system6613		$ \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline $	
ISpare	Ref.	Function	Cable colour
3Spare	 2	Spare Positive under relay for switching on FDC (Main relay)	 7150
6 Spare — 7 Supply (+15) 8871 8 Handbrake engaged 6662 9 Spare — 10 Supply (+15) from bulb test button 8000 11 Earth from bulb test button 0024 12 EDC 6150 13 Lamp supply ECO 6171 14 Earth 0000 15 Trailer ABS 6671 16 Tractor ABS 6670 17 Brake system 6613	345	Spare Pin 18 of ABS control unit (for version with EBS)	 6673 6627
8Handbrake engaged66629Spare—10Supply (+15) from bulb test button800011Earth from bulb test button002412EDC615013Lamp supply ECO617114Earth000015Trailer ABS667116Tractor ABS667017Brake system6613	6 7	Spare Supply (+15)	8871
II Earth from bulb test button 0024 I2 EDC 6150 I3 Lamp supply ECO 6171 I4 Earth 0000 I5 Trailer ABS 6671 I6 Tractor ABS 6670 I7 Brake system 6613	8 9 10	Handbrake engaged Spare Supply (+15) from bulb test button	6662 8000
13 Lamp supply ECO 6171 14 Earth 0000 15 Trailer ABS 6671 16 Tractor ABS 6670 17 Brake system 6613	 2	Earth from bulb test button EDC	0024 6150
I6Tractor ABS6670I7Brake system6613	3 4 5	Earth Trailer ABS	6171 0000 6671
	6 7	Tractor ABS Brake system	6670 6613

Cluster wit	h 10 indicators	58905
	<image/> <image/> <image/> <image/> <image/> <image/> <image/> <image/>	
	$\int \frac{1}{2} \int $	603 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Ref.	Function	Cable colour code
 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Spare Spare A.S.R. or speed limiter failure warning light Spare Spare Positive (+15) Spare Spare Spare Immobilizer Earth from bulb test button Supply for reduction unit control on gearbox Spare Spare Spare Spare To Longitudinal differential lock indicating switch	 6672 8871 8871 0024 9992 6603





"Economy" warning light

Cigar lighter

Iveco Control

Air conditioner

Socket

Exterior light switch

Hazard light switch

Display for IVECO Control

Heating and ventilation controls

Headlight beam slant compensation switch

Clogged gas oil filter warning light

Additional heater failure warning light Pre-selection clock for additional heater

Central panel - Cursor 8 (On Road)

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

58069

85000

52307

52302

50000

84016

72026





Instrumen	t panel - Cursor 8	8	
		I 3 2 I 4 5 6 7	
	·		
	[@i 8 @ 8 @ 8 (®) ASR		
	60 ⁷⁰ 80		
	/// 40 // 40		
	30		
	10 20 11 12 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		
	16	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	
Ref.	Component	Description	
1	code	Papel with 10 warning lights	
2	47011	Thermometer for water temperature with warning light	
3		Display for Eurotronic transmission	
4	42009	Pressure gauge for front and rear brake air pressure	
5	52024	Switch with incorporated warning light for additional main beam headlights	
6	—	Phase switch for retarder	
7	53000	Switch for warning light test	
8	53001	Headlight washer switch	
9	52007	Switch with incorporated warning light for fifth wheel lighting (only tractor)	
	52304	Front foglight and rear foglight switch	
12	44001	Fuel level indicator with incorporated warning light	
13	42001	Pressure gauge for engine oil pressure with incorporated warning light	
14	48001	Electronic turn meter	
15	— —	Instrument light dimmer	
16	40011	Electronic tachograph	
	1		







Upper central panel assembly - Cursor 8 - Cursor 10 - Cursor 13



3	R۲	50	16

Ref.	Component code	Description
I	72026	12 V current socket
2	53027	Electric hatch switch
3	53509	Interior light switch
4		Removable alarm clock



Base - July 2002





PERSPECTIVE VIEW WITH ASSOCIATED ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Connector	Function	Cable colour code
+30	+30 positive for starter motor supply, from battery positive terminal	7777
+30	+30 positive to alternator	7777
+30	+30 positive to relay for engine warming resistance on enable	7777
+50	+50 positive from ignition switch	8888







PERSPECTIVE VIEW WITH CORRESPONDING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

	Ref.	Function	Cable colour code
A	L 15 (IG) S	To terminal D12 of U.C.I. control unit (terminal 87d of diode 61000) To terminal 13 of U.C.I. control unit (+15) Positive (+30)	7009 8876 7777
B+		Alternator supply (terminal 5) +30 positive + 30 positive to starter motor + 30 positive to positive wall connector on cab front	7777 7777 7777





Connector	Terminal	Function	Cable colour
		i diredoni	code
		Right direction indicator	1103
	2	Direction indicator positive	1110
5 4	a 3	Left direction indicator	1109
3 2 1	4	Horn control	1116
6666	5	Supply (+30) for hom	1116
		Spare	
	2	High beams on control	2239
	b 3	Positive from exterior lights switch with high beams on	2200
	4	Oil for beam flash	0000
6666	5	Beam flash control	2204
	I	Windscreen wiper (high speed)	8881
	2	Windscreen wiper (low speed)	8877
	3	Windscreen wiper (reset)	8882
7 6 5	4	Spare	
4 3 2	5	Positive for windscreen wiper and electric pump	8880
	6	Windscreen wiper (intermittent)	8822
6667	7	Windscreen wiper (pump control)	8886







CRUISE CONTROL

To activate the Cruise Control functions press the brake pedal fully once.

Engine idling (engine hot)

To prevent the cabin vibrations adjust the engine idling between 450 and 880 rpm.

Adjustment is made with the Cruise Control buttons and is possible only in the following conditions:

Vehicle stationary.

Cooling water temperature higher than 30 °C.

Engine idling between 450 and 880 rpm.

Brake pedal depressed during the whole operation.

Adjusting procedure

Start the engine and keep it idle without accelerating.

Press and keep the brake pedal pressed during the whole procedure.

Press the A button on the Cruise Control right-hand side (RES) for about 3 seconds and make sure the engine idling reaches the minimum value (450 rpm.)

Adjust the engine idling as required by using SET + or SET - pulse adjustment. Each pulse will vary the engine idling by about 10 rpm.

Once the required engine idling is reached, press the A button on the right-hand side (RES) for about 3 seconds.

Release the brake pedal.

The new engine idling will be stored also when the engine is stopped and will be valid for future startups.

If the procedure is not carried out correctly and/or any malfunction occurs during its performance, the previously stored engine idling is maintained.

Speed regulator (Cruise Control)

(Function active starting from 20 km / h up to the vehicle maximum speed) $% \left({{\left[{{{\rm{T}}_{\rm{T}}} \right]}_{\rm{T}}}} \right)$

This system automatically maintains the vehicle travelling speed without using the accelerator pedal.

Should the vehicle speed raise by 2 km / h compared to the set speed (e.g. because driving on a slope) the engine brake is automatically activated to slow down the vehicle.

The Cruise Control must not be used in the traffic jam and on roads where it is difficult to keep the speed constant (e.g. on hills).

This function shall be activated only in the following conditions:

Engine brake control off "when releasing the accelerator".

Vehicle moving with gear engaged.

Vehicle speed higher than 20 km / h.

Brake pedal not depressed.

Clutch pedal not depressed.

Engine brake disengaged.

Should the brake, the engine brake or the clutch pedal be depressed, the Cruise Control is disengaged. The same happens if the set minimum speed is not reached. The speed maximum limit is stored by the programme inside the control electronic module and cannot be adjusted.

Cruise – Control disengagement

The system can be disengaged:

Manually and in a permanent way (by pressing the button to OFF).

Automatically and in a permanent way by pressing the brake, the engine brake and the clutch pedal. With automatic transmission, it is disengaged during gearshifting

Automatically and in a permanent way by pressing the accelerator pedal (thus requesting a speed higher than the set one) for more than 30 seconds.

After disengagement, it is possible to restore the previously set vehicle cruise speed by pressing the switch to RES.

The system is temporarily deactivated when a speed higher than the set one is requested with the accelerator pedal (for no more than 30 seconds). As soon as the accelerator pedal is released, the function is automatically restored with the last stored value.



Switch	Vehicle speed adjustment
SET +	Speed increase
SET -	Speed reduction
RES	Select last stored speed
OFF	Cancel speed adjustment

- **A.** The SET + switch has the following functions:
- pressed only once, it activates the function and maintains the speed set by the accelerator pedal in that moment. From now on it is possible to release the accelerator pedal and the vehicle will maintain the set cruise speed:
- when the speed has already been set, it is used to raise the vehicle speed without pressing the accelerator pedal.
- **B.** The SET switch has the following function:
- when the speed has already been set, it is used to reduce the vehicle speed without engaging the service brake.
- **C.** When the switch is pressed on the right (RES) it has the following function:
- it activates the function and automatically adjusts the vehicle speed to the last value stored after starting the engine (last set value before disengagement), on the basis of the selected gear.
- **D.** When the switch is pressed on the left (OFF), it deactivates the function.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW WITH ASSOCIATED CONNECTIONS AND KEY ROTATION TECHNICAL DIAGRAM

Cable colour Positon Under current Circuit under voltait Terminal Function code 0 Supply 7777 30 30 _ Services 30 - 15 8802 Services 15 I 30 - 15/A Users Contactor supply with 8850 15/A exclusion of users during 30 - 15 Services start Ш Start 30 - 50 Start 50 9907



Front wall connectors (

Location of wall connector



7932

A. BLACK - B. YELLOW - C. WHITE - D. GREEN - E. BLACK - F. BROWN - G. WHITE - H. LIGHT BLUE - K. BROWN - J. BROWN



15

16

17

18

19

Horn supply

Headlamp washer: pump supply

Headlamp aiming device (position A)

Headlamp aiming device (position B)

Headlamp aiming device (position C)

1116

8820

9937

9936



Front wall connector C (◀) (Engine)		
	Image: state stat	7938 32 1) 7936 E
Ref.	Function	Cable colour code
 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Engine stopping from engine compartment Engine starting from engine compartment Earth Oil pressure transmitter Oil pressure transmitter Water temperature switch Water temperature transmitter Oil pressure switch Engine oil level Engine oil level Climate control Switch for starting from engine compartment Low power steering fluid level indicator Switch for clogged oil filter indicator Engine brake warning light Generator terminal IG (15) Generator terminal L Supply for engine control equipment after fuse Starter motor relay or electromagnet	0151 8892 0150 5508 5507 5528 5552 5503 5506 5505 9993 8050 5525 6627 8876 7009 8876 8888












CAB OUTER SIDE

Ref.		Function	Cable colour code
J	_	Isolated earth on negative battery terminal	0066
К	_	Spare	—
T	I 2 3 4	To transmitter for tachograph (terminal 4) + To transmitter for tachograph (terminal 3) To transmitter for tachograph (terminal 2) To transmitter for tachograph (terminal 1) –	5514 5516 5517 0058

Rear wall connector (►)

Location of wall connector



II.36 WALL CONNECTOR COLOURS

A. BLACK - B. YELLOW - C. WHITE - D. GREEN - E. BLACK - F. BROWN - G. WHITE - H. LIGHT BLUE - J. BROWN - K. BROWN

Rear wall connector () (Eurotrakker)

Location of wall connector



7947

II.37 WALL CONNECTOR COLOURS
 A. BLACK - B. YELLOW - C. WHITE - D. GREEN - E. BLACK - F. BROWN - G. WHITE - H. LIGHT BLUE - J. BROWN - K. BROWN

Connector for real walla A (\blacktriangleright)



R	of	Connector	Function		Cable colour	
	ei.	colour	•	unction		code
	I		x-y Actuator on gearbox	\mathcal{I}		
	2		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	3		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	4		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	5		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	6		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	7		x-y Actuator on gearbox			
	8		Splitter			
	9		Splitter			
Α	10		Splitter	\rangle	For gearbox	
	11		Gearbox brake solenoid valve	(
	12		Gearbox brake solenoid valve			
	13		Transmitter			
	14		Electronic rev transmitter			
	15		Electronic rev transmitter			
	16		Electronic rev transmitter			
	17		Electronic rev transmitter			
	18		Electronic rev transmitter			
	19	Plack	Electronic rev transmitter	J		
		DIACK	Eurotronic gearbox)		
	2		Eurotronic gearbox			
	3		Eurotronic gearbox			
	4		Eurotronic gearbox			
	5		Eurotronic gearbox			
	6		Eurotronic gearbox			
	7		Eurotronic gearbox			
	8		Eurotronic gearbox / PTO			9131
	9		Eurotronic gearbox			
Α	10		Eurotronic gearbox	\rangle	For Eurotronic gearbox	
	11		Eurotronic gearbox		-	
	12		Eurotronic gearbox	[
	13		Eurotronic gearbox / PTO			6131
	14		Eurotronic gearbox / PTO			6132
	15		Eurotronic gearbox			
	16		Eurotronic gearbox			
	17		Eurotronic gearbox / PTO			9132
1	18		Eurotronic gearbox			
	19		Eurotronic gearbox	J		

Rear wall connector B ()



р	of	Connector		Eunstian		Cable colour
	ei.	colour		Tunction		code
	I		Gearbox neutral switch	\mathcal{I}		
	2		Gearbox neutral switch			
	3		Clutch solenoid valve			
	4		Clutch solenoid valve			
	5		Injection pump actuator			
	6		Injection pump actuator			
	7		Injection pump actuator			
	8		Injection pump actuator			
	9		Injection pump actuator			
B	10		Injection pump actuator	\rangle	For gearbox	
	11		Injection pump actuator		-	
	12		Pressure switch			
	13		Pressure switch			
	14		Clutch switch			
	15		Clutch switch			
	16		Transmitter			
	17		Transmitter			
	18		Transmitter			
	19	lallow	Transmitter)		
	I	Jenow	Eurotronic gearbox	\mathcal{I}		8101
	2		Eurotronic gearbox			2297
	3		Eurotronic gearbox			WS/BI
	4		Eurotronic gearbox			7101
	5		Eurotronic gearbox			7101
	6		Eurotronic gearbox			GN/VE
	7		Eurotronic gearbox			5103
	8		Eurotronic gearbox			
	9		Eurotronic gearbox			6101
B	10		Eurotronic gearbox	\rangle	For Eurotronic gearbox	
	11		Eurotronic gearbox	(
	12		Eurotronic gearbox			
	13		Eurotronic gearbox			
	14		Eurotronic gearbox			—
	15		Eurotronic gearbox			0050
	16		Eurotronic gearbox			0050
	17		Eurotronic gearbox			0050
	18		Eurotronic gearbox)		5103
	19		Eurotronic gearbox			8101

Rear wall connector D - C (\triangleright)



Det	c	Connector	Eurotian	Cable colour
Re	•	colour	Function	code
	Ι		Earth for power takeoff engagement switch on gearbox	0000
	2		Movement takeoff engagement on gearbox warning lamp	6601
	3		Movement takeoff solenoid control valve supply	9954
	4		Movement takeoff solenoid control valve supply	9954
	5		Spare	—
	6		Spare	—
	7		Hydraulic retarder engagement solenoid valve supply	9310
	8		Return signal from hydraulic retarder engagement solenoid valve	0310
	9		Hydraulic retarder temperature sensor earth signal	0309
D	10	Green	Hydraulic retarder temperature sensor supply	5309
			Hydraulic retarder oil accumulator solenoid valve supply	9311
	12		Hydraulic retarder oil accumulator solenoid valve earth	0311
	13		Spare	
	14		ADM (electronic differential locking) system warning light	6601
	15		Spare	
	16		Spare	
	17		Central lubrication system supply after fuse	7798
	18		Central lubrication system supply after fuse	8898
	19		Central lubrication system earth	0000
С	 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	White	Spare	

Rear wall connector E - F - G (\blacktriangleright)



R	ef.	Connector colour	Function	Cable colour code
E	 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Black	Electromagnetic clutch control relay supply Electromagnetic clutch control relay supply Solenoid valve supply for radiator water recirculation Outside temperature thermometer transmitter signal Outside temperature thermometer transmitter earth Solenoid valve earth for radiator water recirculation Solenoid valve earth to cut in heating system Spare Spare Solenoid valve supply to cut in heating system	9933 9933 7550 7573 0550 9551 9552 — 7550
F	 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 8 9	Brown		
G	 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		To terminal A5 of electronic tachograph To terminal A1 of electronic tachograph To safety control switch 52029 To safety control switch 53008 To safety control switch 52029 TGC control electronic supply in conjunction with emergency dis- connection after fuse Alternator D+ after power diode Relay energising for maintaining T.G.C. Spare Spare	0079 5579 7077 7071 7070 7791 0078 8035

Rear wall connector H - J - K ())



Ref.		Connector	Function	Cable colour
		colour		code
	I		Water heating	0066
	2		Water heating	7510
	3		Water heating	7514/6655
	4		Spare	
	5		Water heating	6601
	6		Water heating	7778
	7		Water heating	7786
	8		Spare	
	9		Water heating	2285/6500
ы	10	l ight blue	Water heating	7708
		Eight Dide	Water heating	9506
	12		Water heating	6655
	12		water ricating	0055
	13			
	15			
	10			
	17			
	18			
	19			
J		Brown		
к		Brown		





ST 06 - For services on left upper cab



ST 06 - For ADR version Q E 7948 ST 06 7071 1010-9584 Cable colour Ref. Function code To safety control switch 52029 To safety control switch 52029 7077 I 7070 2 ST 06 3 Dashboard pictogram light bulb supply 4444 4 Spare 5 7071 To safety control switch 53008



ST 08 - For driver's door



ST 09 - For passenger's door	
Image: state	7956
Ref. Function	Cable colour code
 I Spare Spare ST 09 3 Heated wing mirror resistance supply 4 Earth for right wing mirror resistance 5 Supply for vertical aiming motor of Rh main rearview mirror 6 Supply for motor for aiming Rh main rearview mirror 7 Supply for horizontal aiming motor of Rh main rearview mirror 8 Heated wing mirror resistance supply 9 Earth for right wing mirror resistances 10 Supply for vertical aiming motor of passenger's side wide-angle wing mirror 11 Supply for horizontal aiming motor of passenger's side wide-angle wing mirror 12 Supply for aiming motor of passenger's side wide-angle wing mirror 13 Heated wing mirror resistance supply 14 Earth 15 Supply for vertical aiming motor of passenger's side pulling-in wing mirror 16 Supply for horizontal aiming motor of passenger's side pulling-in wing mirror 17 Supply for aiming motor of passenger's side pulling-in wing mirror 	8830 0000 8858 8857 8859 8830 0000 8852 8853 8851 8830 0000 8838 8836 8839
ST 09 1 Side power window motor supply 2 Return cable from side power window motor	8863 8865

ST 10 - Provision for additional brake light circuit ST 11 - For ABS/ASR				
E 1176	ST 10			
7958		7948		
Ref.	Function	Cable colour code		
ST10 2	Braking lights relay control	1176		
STII 2	Solenoid valve for Rh side ASR Solenoid valve for Lh side ASR	9961 9962		

ST 12 - For ABS/ASR



ST 15 - For high roof connections ST 14 - Provision for Norway day lights	
	7962
Ref. Function	Cable colour code
ST 14 1 2 High and low beam headlamp supply: from outer lighting switch to control unit General side lights supply (control unit-switch)	2237 3380
I Hatch opening control supply I Hatch closing control supply Hatch closing control supply Earth I I I Hatch closing control supply Earth I	7010 7011 0000 4441





ST 24 - Provision for automatic gearbox



Rof	Function	
Kel.		
I	Positive from braking indicator switch	1176
2	Positive from reversing switch	2226
3	Spare	—
4	Instrument panel lighting after rheostat (or switch)	4444
5	Engine brake on warning lamp	6627
6	Spare	
7	Starting enable switch	9907
8	Gearbox in neutral indicator switch	8050
9	Bridge with pin 19	0158
10	Bridge with pin 20	0043
	Roof lamp engagement earth (switch on door pillar - diverter)	0003
51 24 12	EDC/MS6 system supply from main relay	7150
13	Reversing lamp switch supply	2268
4	Supply for engine stop with EDC	0151
15	Switch no. I: first set of bulbs	4442
16	Handbrake warning lamp	6662
1/	Starting enable switch	9907
18	Positive to starting inhibitor switch with gear engaged	8055
19	Bridge with pin 2	0158
20	Druge with pin TU Reaf Jamp angagement earth (quitch an dean pillan, diverter)	0043
21	Roof lamp engagement earth (switch on door pillar - diverter)	0003

ST 28 - For	ST 28 - For right and left revolving beacon				
	ST 28	7969			
Ref.	Function	Cable colour			
ST 28 3 4 5	Earth Left revolving beacon supply Spare Right revolving beacon supply Earth	Code 0000 1108 1115 0000			

ST 31 - For high roof services				
ST 33 - Provision for optional devices				
	THE Add I TO THE ADD IN THE ADD INTO ADD IN THE ADD IN THE ADD IN THE ADD INTO ADD IN THE ADD INTO ADD INTO ADD INTO ADD INTO ADD INTO ADD INTO	9577		
Ref.	Function	Cable colour		
I 2 3 4 ST 3I 5 6 7 8 9 10	Internal light switch Sunroof control switch supply Sunroof opening control supply Sunroof closing control supply Positive supply for roof lamp Spare Internal light switch control Earth Spare Power socket supply	0066 7772 7010 7011 4441 — 0109 0000 — 7712		
II 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ST 33 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Spare Control unit connection in cab - switch for stop indicator Braking lights relay control Handbrake warning lamp Pre-filter heating relay control Generator or alternator charging indicator Generator or alternator charging indicator Braking lights relay control Brake system air drier engagement switch control General slaves supply after fuse Positive supply for electronic control unit for central door locking Tachograph clock earth Vehicle control equipment supply after fuse Earth for warning lamps connected to bulb test button Earth for warning lamps connected to bulb test button General interlock supply after fuse Positive for meter General interlock supply after fuse Windscreen wiper motor supply - separate fuse Spare Available (jumper with pin 6) Available			

ST 34 - Provisions for tachograph ST 37 - For cab coupling			
	ST 37		
		7972	
Ref.	Function	Cable colour code	
I 2 3 4 ST 34 5 6 7 8 9	Tachograph continuous supply Dashboard pictogram light bulb supply Relay energising for services with contact key Tachograph clock earth General earth Spare Spare Spare Spare	7768 4442 8802 0066 0000 	
ST 37 ⁴ 5 7	Engine starting under cab Positive safety supply for starting from ground Handbrake warning lamp General earth Cab lock warning lamp after diode Positive (+15) from fuse 22 of UCI to cab released signalling switch shared comp. Analogue signal generic earth	8892 8052 6662 0000 0096 8871 0050	











ST79 - For ST80 - For	components on cab front components on gearbox		
Transformed and the second and the s			
Ref.	Function	Cable colour code	
ST 79 3 4 5	Signal from switch on clutch for EDC Signal from secondary braking lights switch for EDC Signal from primary braking lights switch for EDC EDC/MS6 system supply from main relay To engine brake control switch	8160 8158 8153 7150 0158	
I 2 3 ST 80 4 5 6	Reversing light supply Reversing light switch supply Positive to anti-starting switch with gear engaged Gearbox in neutral indicator switch Supply for reduction unit control on gearbox Earth	2226 2268 8055 8050 9992 0000	






IVEC	C O Co CO Cor	ontrol ntrol connectors	50000
		B	8017
F	lef.	Function	Cable colour code
A	 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Front axle brake pad wear indicator Rear axle brake pad wear or generic indicator Spare Engine oil level sensor Instrument panel lighting after rheostat (or switch) Supply for engine operating control equipment after fuse Low windscreen washer fluid level warning lamp Low power steering fluid warning lamp Minimum cooling water level indicator Signal from control unit to engine oil level gauge Engine oil level sensor Spare	6664 6667
	І 2	Spare Spare	
	3 4	Spare Spare	
В	5 ∠	Earth Spare	0000
11	0		
	7	Spare	

Rear light wiring

Wiring from front wall to tail lights E 86003 **ST54** 72000 86003 50 72001 S1 £ 53 34000 ඩ 34000 MII 9563 Component Description code 34000 Right rear multi-function light 34000 Left rear multi-function light Normal 7 pin connector for electrical connection to trailer 72000 72001 Additional 7 pin connector for electrical connection to trailer 86003 Sensors for rear wheel brake show wear signalling Front wall connector for tail lights **◄**H ST 50/51/52/53/54

Connectors in branch box for taillights

Earth point on right sidemember for tail light branch box

MH

Specific circuits

	Page
ABS/EBS	3
EDC	64
ECAS	95
IMMOBILIZER	136



KEYS

Intarder selector - 2. Stop indicator - 3. Stop light remote control switch - 4. Engine brake selector - 5. Duplex distributor - 6. Engine brake warning light - 7. Engine brake solenoid valve - 8. VGT solenoid valve - 9. Phonic wheel and rear right sensor - 10. ABS rear right solenoid valve - 11. EBL pressure sensor - 12. ABS rear left solenoid valve - 13. Phonic wheel and rear left solenoid valve - 14. 7-pole joint for trailer connection - 15. ASR solenoid valve - 16. ASR limiting switch - 17. Phonic wheel and front left sensor - 18. ABS front left solenoid valve - 19. ABS front right solenoid valve - 20. Phonic wheel and front right sensor - 21. ASR warning light - 22. ABS failure warning light (yellow) - 23. 30-pole diagnosis connector - 24. Test button (Blink Code activation) - 25. Intarder warning light



Operation

The component is formed of two parts: the first with the task of maintaining adequate cleanliness and humidity for the system and adjustment of the pressure at 10.5 bar (Drier); the second with the task of distributing the air to the various circuits of the pneumatic system at their operating pressure (Protection valve with built-in pressure reducer).

The incoming air from the duct I is filtered by the cartridge and sent to the vehicle's pneumatic system.

When it reaches a pressure of 10.5 bar the pressure regulator is triggered, the outlet of the "drier" section is put into communication with the discharge 3.

In this phase there is a return of air from the system for about 20 seconds which flushes the cartridge.

The air leading from the "Protection valve" section is distributed at 10.5 bar by ducts 21 and 22 while it is distributed from the other ducts at 8.5 bar because it passes through a single pressure reducer.

The following page shows installation on the vehicle of this component.





"ABS" System (Anti - Lock Brake System)

The braking of a vehicle in motion and the consequent deceleration and stopping space mainly depend on the grip between the tyre surface and the type of road surface.

With a perfectly efficient braking system, further improvement of braking can be obtained only acting on the tyre friction characteristics or on the quality of the road surface.

Even in these optimum conditions, absolute braking safety is not however guaranteed when needing to cope with particular critical situations, such as low grip due to the conditions of the wet or icy road surface: this compels the driver to moderate the braking action to prevent one or more wheels from partially locking, with the possibility of dangerous skidding.

Thus the function of the "ABS" device is to ensure vehicle stability, (under all braking conditions) preventing the wheels from locking regardless of the conditions of the road surface, in order to ensure total use of the grip available.

Also in emergency braking, the system makes it possible to keep control, i.e. acting on the steering to avoid obstacles, without the danger of skidding.

Briefly, the wheel anti-lock system (ABS):

- Prevents all wheels from locking when braking the vehicle regardless of the conditions of the road surface.
- Reduces stopping distances.
- Offers safety to the driver who can maintain the stability and steerability of the vehicle.

"ASR" system (Anti Slip Regulator)

The slipping of the driving wheels of a truck during acceleration causes harmful consequences, such as reduction of the traction force, loss of grip between the tyre and the road with dangerous skidding resulting in loss of control of the vehicle.

The function of the ASR is that of avoiding unwanted slipping during acceleration and on bends, particularly on icy or slippery roads or for "ff-road" manoeuvres with water and mud.

Briefly, the ASR anti slip system:

- Prevents the driving wheels from slipping when moving off and during travel intervening in differential braking on the wheels and if necessary optimising the engine torque.
- Maintains the optimum traction rate when the vehicle is on roads with a low grip coefficient.
- Improves stability especially on bends with a low grip coefficient.
- Limits tyre consumption.

EBL (Electronic Brakes Limiter)

The EBL function controls "slipping" of the rear axle wheels comparing it with the speed of the front axle wheels.

The input data at the control unit are the revolutions of the wheels and the braking pressure detected by the pressure sensor installed upstream of the rear axle ABS modulators.

On the basis of these values, the control unit calculates the vehicle speed, vehicle deceleration, "slipping" of the rear axle wheels and the minimum deceleration foreseen.

The EBL function is activated (the rear axle ABS modulators maintain the pressure set) when the driver applies too much braking force in relation to the load conditions on the vehicle, namely, when the rear axle slipping and vehicle deceleration thresholds are exceeded.



Principle layouts of air systems for 190E../P/FP vehicles

000015t

III.1
I. ES COMPRESSOR - 2. APU UNIT (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) - 3. 20 L. FRONT AXLE AIR TANK - 4. 20 L. PARKING BRAKE AND TRAILER CHARGING AIR TANK - 5. 30 L. REAR AXLE AIR TANK - 6. MANUAL CONDENSATION DRAIN VALVE - 7. PNEUMATIC CONTROL SOCKET - 8. PARKING BRAKE MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR - 9. HANDBRAKE ON SIGNAL LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 10. PARKING BRAKE CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 11. TRAILER BRAKING CONTROL MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR - 12. TRAILER CONTROL TRIPLE SERVODISTRIBUTOR - 13. TRAILER AUTOMATIC LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 14. TRAILER COUPLING HALF JOINTS (TRUCK VERSION) - 15. SEMI-TRAILER COUPLING HALF JOINTS (TRACTOR VERSION) - 16. ONE-WAY VALVES - 17. DUPLEX DISTRIBUTOR - 18. DOUBLE BRAKE CYLINDER - 19. DUOSERVO DRUM BRAKES - 20. REAR AXLE ABS SOLENOID VALVES - 21. REAR AXLE REQUIRED BRAKING PRESSURE SENSOR - 22. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 23. DOUBLE STOP VALVE - 24. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE VALVE - 25. ASR SOLENOID CONTROL VALVE - 26. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 29. FRONT AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY - 30. FRONT AXLE ABS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 28. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 29. FRONT AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY - 30. FRONT AXLE PRESSURE GAUGE - 34. FRONT/REAR AXLE LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - A. TO AIR SUSPENSION - B. TO SERVICES SYSTEM

• ONLY FOR VEHICLES WITH ASR

^{*} OPTIONAL

440E..TXP vehicles **34565789101112** [13] 2 ൝഻഻ൣ൶ ₩~~_**M** \otimes 14 4 ¢ ⊗-38 [15] В 37 41 61 \otimes 36 --- 🔿 STOP 35 EDC ₩¢ Р Ô Ðį **⊻**₽ 12 Ô -2 \mathcal{O} \sim С [34] (33) (**32**) (**31**) (**30**) (**29**) (**28**) (**27**) (**26**) (**25**) [17] (24)(23)(22) **[21**] [20] [19] [18] [17 000016t

- III.2 I.ES COMPRESSOR 2. APU UNIT (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) 3. 20 L FRONT AXLE AIR TANK 4. 20 L PARKING BRAKE AND TRAILER CHARGING AIR TANK 5. 30 L AND 15 L. REAR AXLE AIR TANKS 6. MANUAL CONDENSATION DRAIN VALVE 7. PNEUMATIC CONTROL SOCKET 8. PARKING BRAKE DISTRIBUTOR 9. HANDBRAKE ON SIGNAL LOW PRESSURE SWITCH 10. TRAILER BRAKING CONTROL MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR 11. TRIPLE SERVODISTRIBUTOR CONTROL 12. TRAILER AUTOMATIC LOW PRESSURE SWITCH 13. SEMI-TRAILER COUPLING HALFJOINTS 14. PARKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 15. ONE-WAY VALVE 16. DUPLEX DISTRIBUTOR 17. ADDITIONAL AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 18. DOUBLE BRAKE CYLINDER 19. DUOSERVO DRUM BRAKES 20. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER 21. ADDITIONAL AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY 22. ADDITIONAL AXLE AIR SPRINGS 23. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 24. RELAY VALVE FOR ADDITIONAL AXLE LOAD RATIO 25. REAR AXLE ABS SOLENOID VALVES 26. REAR AXLE BRAKING PRESSURE SENSOR 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 28. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE SENSOR 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 28. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE SENSOR 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 28. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE SENSOR 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 28. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE SENSOR 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 28. DOUBLE STOP VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE VALVE 30. ASR SOLENOID CONTROL VALVE 31. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 29. NO RETURN CONTROLLED PRESSURE VALVE 30. ASR SOLENOID CONTROL VALVE 31. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE 32. FRONT AXLE ABS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE 33. DIAPHRAGM CYLINDER 34. FRONT AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY 35. EDC INDICATOR SWITCH 36. BRAKING LIGHTS CONTROL SWITCH 37. FRONT/REAR AXLE PRESSURE GAUGE 38. FRONT/REAR AXLE LOW PRESSURE SWITCHES A. TO AIR SUSPENSION B. TO SERVICES SYSTEM
 - * OPTIONAL
 - ONLY FOR VEHICLES WITH ASR
 - VERSION WITHOUT ASR
 - VERSION WITH ASR

260E...Y/FP/PF/FT vehicles



III.3 I. ES COMPRESSOR - 2. APU UNIT (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) - 3. 20 L. FRONT AXLE AIR TANK - 4. 20 L. PARKING BRAKE AND TRAILER CHARGING AIR TANK - 5. 30 L. AND 20 L. REAR AXLE AIR TANKS - 6. MANUAL CONDENSATION DRAIN VALVE - 7. PNEUMATIC CONTROL SOCKET - 8. PARKING BRAKE DISTRIBUTOR - 9. HANDBRAKE ON SIGNAL LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 10. PARKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 11. TRAILER BRAKING CONTROL MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR - 12. TRIPLE SERVODISTRIBUTOR CONTROL - 13. TRAILER AUTOMATIC LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 14. TRAILER COUPLING HALF JOINTS - 15. ONE-WAY VALVE - 16. DUPLEX DISTRIBUTOR - 17. ADDITIONAL AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 18. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 19. ADDITIONAL AXLE DIOSERVO DRUM BRAKES - 20. DOUBLE BRAKE CYLINDER - 21. REAR AXLE DUOSERVO DRUM BRAKE ASSEMBLY - 22. ADDITIONAL AXLE AIR SPRINGS - 23. DOUBLE STOP VALVE - 24. RELAY VALVE FOR ADDITIONAL AXLE LOAD DETECTION - 25. REAR AXLE ABS SOLENOID VALVES 26. REAR AXLE BRAKING PRESSURE SENSOR - 27. REAR AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 31. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 32. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL SOLENOID CONTROL CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 31. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 32. FRONT AXLE ABS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 33. DIAPHRAGM CYLINDER - 34. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 32. FRONT AXLE ABS CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 33. DIAPHRAGM CYLINDER - 34. FRONT AXLE BRAKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 35. EDC INDICATOR SWITCH - 36. BRAKING LIGHTS CONTROL SWITCH - 37. FRONT/REAR AXLE PRESSURE GAUGE - 38. FRONT/REAR AXLE LOW PRESSURE SWITCHES - A. TO AIR SUSPENSION - B. TO SERVICES SYSTEM

- * OPTIONAL
- ONLY FOR VEHICLES WITH ASR
- VERSION WITHOUT ASR
- VERSION WITH ASR



It controls the braking system establishing deceleration values according to the parameters detected by the system different components.

It communicates with the electronic systems onboard through the CAN line and is connected to the vehicle wiring by means of two polarized connectors.

The electronic control unit does not only allow to display a "blink code" through the "ASR" warning light for a preliminary diagnosis, but it is also fitted with an advanced self-diagnosis system for recognizing and storing, according to the environmental conditions, the possible failures (also intermittent) occurring in the system during its operation, thus making it possible to carry out correct and reliable repairs.

CONNECTOR XI

Pin	Cable	Function
I	GN/VE	CAN line "L"
2	6245	Pressure sensor signal for detecting rear axle braking
3	WS/BI	CAN line "H"
4	0000	Ground
5	0049	Negative from ABS switch
6	0048	Negative from ASR switch
7	8847	Positive from key-operated supply
8	7710	Positive from direct battery supply
9	0000	Ground
10	2299	Line K for diagnostic connector (pin 4)
11	1199	Line L for diagnostic connector (pin 3)
12		Safety bridge pin 9 / 15
13	6672	Negative for ASR warning light operating (Blink-Code)
14	0029	Negative for cutting off third brake
15	6670	Negative for ABS failure warning light

CONNECTOR X2

Pin		
I	9920	Positive for RH front ABS supply solenoid valve
2	9931	Positive for LH rear ABS supply solenoid valve
3	9921	Positive for LH front ABS supply solenoid valve
4	9918	Positive for RH front ABS discharge solenoid valve
5	9929	Positive for LH rear ABS discharge solenoid valve
6	9919	Positive for LH front ABS discharge solenoid valve
7	0260	Negative for rear axle ASR solenoid valve
8	9930	Positive for RH rear ABS supply solenoid valve
9	9928	Positive for RH rear ABS discharge solenoid valve
10	5571	RH front sensor
11	5572	LH rear sensor
12	5570	LH front sensor
13	5571	RH front sensor
14	5572	LH rear sensor
15	5570	LH front sensor
16	9260	Positive for rear axle ASR solenoid valve
17	5573	RH rear sensor
18	5573	RH rear sensor

EBS system (Electronic Brake System)

The increased competition in the field of transport has among other effects had that of constantly increasing the essential requisites of braking systems.

The introduction of the electronic brake system EBS is the logical answer to these new requirements.

It is an integrated and permanent electronic control system of the tractor and trailer braking system.

It integrates the ABS, ASR, EBL functions.

The system comprises an air system and an electric system in which the following components are inserted:

duplex distributor with electric transmitter, proportional relay valve for front axle, ABS valve for front axle, rear axle electropneumatic modulator, trailer control servodistributor.

The EBS system converses with the control units of the other units:

engine, Ecas, retarder and gearbox through the CAN line.

Advantages of the EBS

Reduction of maintenance costs

The EBS combines many functions. The objective is to reduce maintenance costs while maximising braking safety – i.e. minimising brake lining wear.

An individual control according to the wear parameters on both the linings on the front and rear axles harmonises lining wear. Distributing the load evenly among all the wheel brakes minimises total wear. In addition, the intervals between lining maintenance and replacement coincide. Inactivity costs are drastically reduced.

Depending on the service needed for a vehicle and other factors, the owner is able to save considerably. Comparison between the maintenance costs involving the brake system of a vehicle with EBS and a vehicle with a conventional braking system reveals heavy savings.

Compatibility between tractor and trailer at all times

The harmonisation of the braking processes of the whole tractor-trailer combination, especially if the combinations are changed frequently, is often unsatisfactory with traditional means.

Inadequate balance, as in the case for instance of a trailer with braking that is not effective enough, will cause uneven wear of the brake linings.

The EBS will detect all incompatibilities between tractor and trailer, automatically harmonising braking. When the brakes work in the best condition, not only are the brake maintenance costs optimised, but also safety and comfort.

Complete diagnostic structures

The EBS Offers the vehicle's owner constantly updated information about the conditions of the braking system and base brakes. This makes it possible to organise maintenance operations in advance. The EBS monitors all the essential components and functions of the braking system. Any fault is detected by the system and accurately highlighted. The maintenance specialist is therefore able to remedy the error in question.

The high degree of safety guaranteed by the EBS is due to different factors:

- Lower response times and pressure accumulation for the brakes on the front and rear axle and trailer axles.
- Better ABS function.
- Tractor/trailer always balanced at all times.
- Constant monitoring of the service brake system. In the event of reduced performance of the brakes the EBS will be able to alert the driver.
- The integrated ASR function allows optimum vehicle stability and optimised drive.



KEYS

1. Warning light engine brake engaged -2. Engine brake selector -3. Engine brake solenoid valve -4. VGT solenoid valve -5. Trailer 7-pole joint -6. Low pressure switch -7. Stop warning light -8. Redundance valve -9. 3^{rd} right axis wear sensor -10. 3^{rd} left axis wear sensor -11. Iveco Control -12. Remote control switch for 3^{rd} axis brake wear warning light -13. Speed and right rear axle wear sensor -15. Rear axle electric air modulator -16. 3^{rd} axis ASR cut off solenoid valve -17. Test button (Blink Code activation) -18. ASR cut off switch -19. Trailer servo-distributor -20. Speed and left axle wear sensor -21. ABS left solenoid valve -22. Proportional relay valve -23. Off trim warning light (yellow) -24. ABS failure warning light (red) -25. ASR warning light (yellow) -26. Stop light warning lamp -27. Duplex distributor -28. ABS right solenoid valve -29. Speed and right axle wear sensor -30. 30-pole diagnosis connector -31. Intarder warning light -32. Intarder selector



000021t

Principle layouts of air systems 400/440 E...T/TP/TFP vehicles **3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13** 2 [14] L ൝഻ൣൔ ൝⊸少M 22 11 (26) 26 28 \otimes В \otimes 25 24 No 23 \$ -🛇 stop ~~~€ \mathcal{M} d \sim 7 111 K [16] (22) [21] [20] [19] [18] [17] [16] (15)

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III.4 I. ES COMPRESSOR - 2. APU UNIT (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) - 3. 20 L FRONT AXLE AIR TANK - 4. 20 L. PARKING BRAKE AND TRAILER CHARGING AIR TANK - 5. 30 L REAR AXLE AIR TANK - 6. MANUAL CONDENSATION DRAIN VALVE - 7. PNEUMATIC CONTROL SOCKET - 8. FRONT/REAR AXLE PRESSURE GAUGE - 9. LOW PRESSURE SWITCH FOR ASR - 10. FRONT/REAR AXLE LOW PRESSURE SWITCHES - II. ONE-WAY VALVE. - 12. TRAILER AUTOMATIC LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 13. SEMI-TRAILER COUPLING HALF JOINTS - 14. TRAILER CONTROL SERVODISTRIBUTOR - 15. DOUBLE BRAKE CYLINDER - 16. REAR FNAD FRONT AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY - 17. EBS REAR AXLE ELECTRONPNEUMATIC MODULATOR - 18. DUPLEX DISTRIBUTOR WITH ELECTRIC TRANSMITTER - 19. EBS ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT - 20. FRONT AXLE PROPORTIONAL RELAY VALVE - 21. FRONT AXLE ASS SOLENOID VALVE - 22. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 23. PARKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 24. MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR FOR PARKING - 25. TRAILER BRAKING MANUAL CONTROL DISTRIBUTOR - 26. HANDBRAKE ON INDICATOR LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - A. TO AIR SUSPENSION - B. TO SERVICES SYSTEM * OPTIONAL

440E..TXP vehicles



000023t

III.5 1. ES COMPRESSOR - 2. APU UNIT (AIR PROCESSING UNIT) - 3. 20 L. FRONT AXLE AIR TANK - 4. 20 L. PARKING BRAKE AND TRAILER CHARGING AIR TANK - 5. 30 L. AND 15 L. REAR AXLE AIR TANK - 6. MANUAL CONDENSATION DRAIN VALVE - 7. PNEUMATIC CONTROL SOCKET - 8. FRONT/REAR AXLE PRESSURE GAUGE - 9. LOW PRESSURE SWITCH FOR ASR - 10. FRONT/REAR AXLE LOW PRESSURE SWITCHES - 11. ONE-WAY VALVE.- 12. TRAILER AUTOMATIC LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - 13. SEMI-TRAILER COUPLING HALF JOINTS - 14. TRAILER CONTROL SERVODISTRIBUTOR - 15. DOUBLE BRAKE CYLINDER - 16. ADDITIONAL AXLE DISK BRAKE ASSEMBLY - 17. ADDITIONAL AXLE BRAKE CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 18. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 19. ADDITIONAL AXLE BRAKING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE - 20. ADDITIONAL AXLE AIR SPRINGS - 21. DOUBLE STOP VALVE - 22. EBS REAR AXLE ELECTRONPNEUMATIC MODULATOR - 23. DUPLEX DISTRIBUTOR WITH ELECTRIC TRANSMITTER - 24. EBS ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT - 25. FRONT AXLE PROPORTIONAL RELAY VALVE - 26. FRONT AXLE ABS SOLENOID VALVE - 27. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 28. FRONT AXLE PROPORTIONAL RELAY VALVE - 26. FRONT AXLE ABS SOLENOID VALVE - 27. DIAPHRAGM BRAKE CYLINDER - 28. FRONT AXLE BRAKING MANUAL CONTROL DISTRIBUTOR - 29. PARKING CONTROL RELAY VALVE - 30. MANUAL DISTRIBUTOR FOR PARKING - 31. TRAILER BRAKING MANUAL CONTROL DISTRIBUTOR - 31. TRAILER BRAKING MANUAL CONTROL DISTRIBUTOR - 32. HANDBRAKE ON INDICATOR LOW PRESSURE SWITCH - A. TO AIR SUSPENSION - B. TO SERVICES SYSTEM * OPTIONAL

Main components of EBS system Duplex distributor with electric transmitter

This component generates electric and pneumatic signals to charge or relieve the pressure of the electronically-controlled air braking system.

Under normal conditions, the component works in the electronic mode, whereas when there is a fault on the electric circuit it only works in the pneumatic mode acting on the braking of the front axle and trailer.



TECHNICAL VIEW	<i></i>
Air connections	Electric connections
III - From rear axle air tank	61.1 - Positive
12 - From front axle air tank	61.2 - Ground
21 - To trailer control servodistributor	61.3 - Main braking signal
22 - To front axle control proportional relay valve	61.4 - PWM Output to electronic control unit
3 - Discharge	62.1 - Positive
	62.2 - Ground
	62.3 - Main braking signal
	62.4 - PWM Output to electronic control unit
	62.5 - Brake warning light control

Operation

Braking under normal conditions

The component generates electric and pneumatic signals to charge or relieve the pressure in the electronic brake system (EBS). The unit is designed for two pneumatic and electric circuits where the electric one has priority.

A sensor reads the stroke of the operating pin and sends a signal to the electronic control unit.

All the electric signals leaving the component are doubled to ensure maximum operating safety.

Operation of the brake pedal also determines a pneumatic command with a slight delay at ducts 21 and 22.

When the brake pedal is released the electric signals of the control unit and the return of the air pistons cease thereby relieving the pressure to the atmosphere.



000026t

Braking in the event of an electric failure

In the event of an electric failure the component controls braking of the vehicle braking the front wheels through duct 22 and the trailer through duct 21.





Proportional relay valve for front axle

In the electronically-controlled brake system the proportional relay valve serves to modulate the pressure at the front axle.

It consists of a proportional solenoid valve, a pneumatic relay and a pressure sensor.

WIRING DIAGRAM



TECHNICAL VIEW

000030t

	Pneumatic connections		Electric connections
-	From front axle air tanks	6.1 -	Positive
2 -	To ABS valve (rh)	6.2 -	Ground
2 -	To ABS valve (Ih)	6.3 -	Output signal to electronic control unit
3 -	Relief	6.4 -	Ground
4 -	From duplex distributor	6.5 -	Positive

Operation

Braking under normal conditions

Acting on the pedal of the duplex distributor the electronic control unit is informed of braking through the electric transmitter contained inside it. The control unit sends a signal to the Solenoid which allows the air through the inlet.

The inlet pressure is proportionate with the outlet pressure which is controlled by a pressure sensor.

Simultaneously the sensor sends a signal to the electronic control unit which compares the output electric signal with the input signal and checks that deceleration corresponds to the pre-established rating. If not, the control unit repeats the above phase.

When the brake pedal is released the electronic control unit interrupts the electric signal to the solenoid which closes the supply and switches the braking air pressure to discharge.



Braking in the event of an electric failure

In the event of an electric failure, the component is able to control braking of the axle as it is still controlled pneumatically through duct 4 from the duplex distributor.

Performance diagrams

The opposite column shows the performance diagrams and the characteristic curve of the pressure sensor.

- A. Braking generated electrically
- B. Electric control failure









Increase in pressure

The pressure leading from the proportional relay valve for the front axle can reach outlet 2 as the two solenoids are not energised electrically and thus the solenoid valve is normally open (N.O.).

Decrease in pressure

When the control unit detects that the wheel is tending to lock through the wheel revolution sensors, it will control the solenoid valve solenoids to close the supply and open discharge 3, thereby lowering the front braking pressure.

Pressure maintenance

When the electronic control unit detects that the deceleration requested is correct, it controls the two solenoids of the solenoid valve to keep the supply and discharge closed, thereby maintaining the front wheel pressure constant.

Electric failure

In the event of an electric failure, the pneumatic pressure still reaches the front axle brakes as the component is normally open (N.O.).

22

Rear axle electropneumatic modulator

This has the task of modulating the pressure to the rear axle brake cylinders.

The component has an electronic control unit which controls rear axle braking, the rear revolution and rear axle brake lining wear sensors

This control unit communicates with the EBS electronic control unit via the CAN network.

		WIRING DIAGRAM	I	
TECHNI	CALVIEW	67.1 67.3 63.2 63.1 67.2		000039t
	Pneumatic connections		Electric connections	
-	From rear axle air tank	61.1 -	Positive	
12 -	From rear axle air tank	61.2 -	Ground	
21 -	To rear axle brake cylinder (lh)	61.3 -	High CAN	
22 -	To rear axle brake cylinder (rh)	61.4 -	Low CAN	
3 -	Discharge	62.1/63.1 -	Speed signal	
		62.2/63.2 -	Speed signal ∫	
		66.1/67.1 -	Output	
		66.2/67.2 -	Ground	
		66.3/67.3 -	Signal	

Operation

Braking under normal conditions

When the duplex distributor is operated the EBS control unit is activated by the electric transmitters contained in the duplex, in addition to the braking action of the front axle it transmits the same information through the CAN line to the electronic control unit installed on the rear axle modulator.

This control unit suitably checks the signals leading from the speed sensors and will control the modulator solenoid valves allowing pressure through to the braking elements of the rear axle.

The outlet pressure will be proportionate with the control signal and constantly controlled by the built-in pressure sensors.

Through the speed sensors the control unit checks that the deceleration obtained corresponds to the pre-established rate, if not it will repeat the above-mentioned phase adapting the deceleration values.

Every action will be signalled through the CAN network to the EBS control unit in order to optimise the braking action of the vehicle.

When the brake pedal is released the electronic control unit interrupts the electric signal to the solenoids which close the supply and switch to discharge the pneumatic control pressure.

In addition the electronic control unit of the component checks the rear axle brake lining wear and informs the system electronic control unit via CAN network.



Braking with an electric failure

In the event of an electric failure the component will not send any pneumatic signal to the rear axle brakes, therefore vehicle braking is obtained acting on the front axle and on the trailer.



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III.13 PERFORMANCE DIAGRAM

Base - Julio 2002



Operation

Normal braking (service)

Acting on the brake pedal the electronic control unit of the EBS system controls the solenoid which opens the supply, the pressurised air passes through the pneumatic relay and supply valve and then it opens outlet 22. Simultaneously the command reaches duct 42 from the duplex distributor.

When the pressure signal from the sensor obtains the slowing down required, the electronic control unit maintains the pressure.

With the first braking action the control unit detects the type of braking of the trailer and adapts the necessary predominance (0.5 to 1.2 bar).

Releasing the brake pedal the solenoid valve is switched and the control pneumatic pressure is discharged.







Parking braking

Operating the parking brake distributor (lever) discharges the control pressure 43.

The supply valve raises and puts the modulatable duct into communication with the automatic duct, thereby obtaining braking of the trailer.

The electronic control unit detects parking braking through the pressure signal of the sensor contained inside the component.

Moving the lever back to drive conditions, duct 43 is supplied again and 22 is switched to discharge.

Electric failure

Acting on the brake pedal the component is also controlled pneumatically by the duplex distributor through duct 42 which controls the closing of the discharge and the opening of duct 22 of the modulatable brake.

When the brake pedal is released control 42 is lacking and duct 22 is set to discharge.



Acting on the brake pedal, the component is supplied, but with a failure on duct 22 the control unit is informed of the fall in pressure by the pressure sensor. Duct 21 is pneumatically switched into communication with duct 22, thus also discharging the automatic duct and the trailer self-brakes.

Releasing the brake pedal, the component is switched pneumatically and duct 21 is supplied again.



EBS-WABCO electronic control unit pin-out

The electronic control unit controls the electronic braking system and determines the vehicle deceleration rates according to the signals received from the duplex distributor, wheel revolution sensors, rear axle electropneumatic modulator and values set in the actual control unit.

The EBS electronic control unit communicates via CAN network with the control unit of the rear axle electropneumatic modulator, with the trailers that have an EBS brake system (through the ISO joint) and with the electronic control units of the engine, retarder, gearbox, ECAS.

Connector XI

Pin	Cable	Function
I	GN/VE	CAN line "L"
2	6022	Negative for brake wear warning light relay
3	WS/BI	CAN line "H"
4		
5		
6	0048	Negative from ASR switch
7	8847	Positive from key-operated supply
8	7710	Positive from battery direct supply
9	7720	Positive from battery direct supply
10	6670	Negative for ABS/EBS failure warning light (yellow)
11	0000	Ground
12	0000	Ground
13	2299	Line K for diagnostic connector (pin 4)
14		—
15		Safety bridge pin 12 / 18
16	6672	Negative for ASR operating warning light (Blink Code)
17	0027	Negative for cutting out third brake
18	6673	Negative for EBS failure warning light (red)

Connector X2

Pin	Cable	Function
I	GN/VE	CAN line ''L'' rear axle modulator (pin 4)
2		
3	GN/VE	CAN line "L" semi-trailer connector (pin 7)
4	WS/BI	CAN line "H" rear axle modulator (pin 3)
5		_
6	WS/BI	CAN line "H" semi-trailer connector (pin 6)
7	7740	Positive for rear axle modulator (pin 1)
8	9217	Positive for rear axle safety relay valve (trucks only)
9	0047	Negative from system low pressure switch
10	9046	Positive for trailer proportional solenoid control valve
	0046	Negative for trailer proportional solenoid control valve
12	0217	Negative for rear axle safety relay valve (trucks only)
13	6046	Positive for trailer control valve pressure sensor
14	6047	Signal from trailer control valve pressure sensor
15		

Connector X3

Pin	Cable	Function
I	9918	Positive for front RH ABS discharge solenoid valve
2	9920	Positive for front RH ABS supply solenoid valve
3	0118	Negative for front RH ABS solenoid valve
4	5571	RH front sensor
5	5571	RH front sensor
6	9262	Positive for ASR cut-off solenoid valve (only 6x2 vehicles)
7	6024	Positive for RH front wheel wear sensor
8	6025	Signal from RH front wheel wear sensor
9		

Connector X4

Pin	Cable	Function
I	0099	Negative for front axle proportional relay solenoid valve
2	9960	Positive for front axle proportional relay solenoid valve
3	0026	Negative for pressure and wear sensors
4	6026	Positive for LH front wheel wear sensor
5	6027	LH front wheel wear sensor signal
6	6697	Front axle proportional relay valve pressure sensor signal
7	5570	LH front sensor
8	5570	LH front sensor
9	6696	Positive for front axle proportional relay valve pressure sensor signal
10	9919	Positive for LH front ABS discharge solenoid valve
11	9921	Positive for LH front ABS supply solenoid valve
12	0122	Negative for LH front ABS solenoid valve

Connector X5

Pin	Cable	Function
I	6028	Duplex distributor position 2 sensor positive
2	6018	Signal from duplex distributor position 2 sensor
3	0088	Braking on/off signal from duplex distributor switch 2
4	6029	Duplex distributor position I sensor positive
5	6019	Signal from duplex distributor position 1 sensor
6	0089	Braking on/off signal from duplex distributor switch I
Operation of warning lights



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When the ignition key is inserted, the electronic control units carry out a test on the system and make the dashboard warning lights come on for about 2 seconds. If no failures are detected, the warning lights will go off, otherwise the following warning lights will stay on according to the seriousness of the failure detected:

Warning light ''I'' (ABS) (yellow)	This indicates the presence of a minor failure in the system that does not com- promise system operation. In this condition it is possible to continue the journey and the system will work at a lower performance rate.
Warning light ''2'' EBS (red)	This indicates the presence of a serious failure in the system that compromises system operation. In this condition it is necessary to stop the vehicle or at least, in continuing the journey, adapt the speed because when braking only the front axle and semi- trailer will be controlled.
Warn. light ''3'' (yellow) ASR	Displays operation of the ASR and the Blink Code
Button "4" TEST	Blink Code activation button

N.B.

It is important to check whether all the warning lights are lit when the ignition key is entered, since:

ABS System – Possible "I and 3" warning light failures are not signalled to driver.

EBS System – Possible "3" warning light failure is signalled by turning on warning light "2", while "2 and 3" warning light failures are not signalled to the driver.

Reading the Blink Code

Blink code for both systems is activated by operating on the TEST button "4" for a time of >0,5 sec. and <3 sec. and it is displayed through warning light ASR "3".

For the ABS system the blink code comprises two figures and it is displayed as follows: Es. 2 + 30 $\,$



001003t

The activation of the blink code, with an error existing in the "warning light 1 on" system, will be signalled with a frequency of 4 seconds, while if there exists a greater number of errors, signalling will be performed with the same frequency as that of the more serious error.

The possible activation of the blink code, if there are no errors present on "warning light 1 off" will display any possible stored in memory intermittent failures always with a frequency of 4 seconds.

By operating on the TEST button "4" for a time >3 sec. and <6,3 sec. it will be passed to "**SYSTEM MODE**", this particular function will allow performing the following activations:

Cancelling failure memory – this is possible only if there are no "warning light 1 off" failures following the previously described action with a delay of 1.5 seconds 8 quick flashes will be noted confirming failure memory cancellation and successively with a delay of four seconds system configuration will be signalled.

Verifying engine check – this is possible only if there are no "warning light 1 off" failures present following the previously described action with a delay of 2 seconds button TEST "4" must be activated twice for a time >0,5 sec. with wait intervals < than 3 sec. After 3 seconds, system will set engine to idling for a time of 10 sec. and warning light "3" flashes with a frequency of 4 sec.

For the EBS system the blink code comprises two groups of two figures and it is displayed as follows: Es. 34 410



Blink code activation, with an error present in the "warning light 2 or 3 on " system, the failure will be signalled with a delay of 3 sec. only once, while if there exists a greater number of errors, signalling will be performed with the same delay as that of the more serious error.

Any possible activation of the blink code in the absence of "warning light 2 or 3 off" errors present will not activate any signalling referring to possible intermittent errors stored in the failure memory, which can be displayed and cancelled exclusively by means of the special diagnostic tools.

Ш nt 603.93	BS 1	Trouble-shooting						
- .121	ßlink		Fail	ure warr	ing light	Possible failures and system		
0	Code	I ype or error	Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
						RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled.	Tendency of front axle wheels to lock	
_	8	Low voltage at + 30 a.		×		Brake ASR control disabled.	Rear axle wheels skidding when moving off.	Check that the fuse on + 30a. is intact. Check that the supply wiring is intact. Change the ERS control unit
						Electronic and pneumatic pressure control disabled on front and trailer axle.	Front axle and trailer retarder control deteriorated.	
						RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled.	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	
_	3	Supply failure at + 30a.		×		Brake ASR control disabled.	Rear axle wheels skidding when moving off.	Check that the fuse on + 30a. is intact. Check that the supply wiring is intact. Change the ERS control unit
						Electronic and pneumatic pressure con- trol disabled on front & trailer axle.	Front axle and trailer retarder control deteriorated.	
						RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled RH rear EBS disabled LH rear EBS disabled.	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	Check that the fuse on + 30b. wiring is intact. Check that the supply wiring is
	2 18	Low voltage at + 30b.	\times			Brake ASR control disabled.	Rear axle wheels skidding and lack of	intact. Check that the rear axle
						Engine ASR control disabled.	engine limiting.	l modulator and second duplex brake circuit supply wining is intact. Change
						Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	the EBS control unit
						RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled RH rear EBS disabled LH rear EBS disabled.	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	Check that the fuse on + 30b. wining is intact. Check that the supply wining is
	2 31	Supply failure at 30 b.	×			Brake ASR control disabled.	Rear axle wheels skidding and lack of	intact. Check that the rear axle modulator and second duplex brake
						Engine ASR control disabled.	engine limiting.	circuit supply wiring is intact. Change
						Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	the EBS control unit.
В	3 18	Low voltage at +15		×		No operating failure.	Yellow warning light turns on.	Check that the supply wiring is intact. Check that the ignition switch is intact and voltage stability. Change the EBS control unit.
ase								

Blink	T of owner	Failt	ure warn	ing light	Possible failures and system	Eailting and by drived	Documentary income
Code		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
14 32	Short circuit at ground on pressure sensor supply line.		×		Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled.	Imperfect front axle and trailer slowdown braking.	Check that the wiring of the front axle and semi-trailer pressure sensors is intact. Check that the pressure sensors integrated in the valves are intact. Change the EBS control unit.
14 33	Short circuit at positive on pressure sensor supply line.		×		Trailer and front axle electronic pressure control deteriorated.	Imperfect front axle and trailer slowdown braking.	Check that the wiring of the front axle and semi-trailer pressure sensors are intact. Change the EBS control unit.
15 33	Short circuit at positive on rear axle modulator supply reference line.		×		No operating failure.	Yellow failure warning light turns on.	Check that the rear axle modulator and duplex brake transmitter supply wiring is intact. Change the EBS control unit.
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
9	EBS control unit EE- PROM failure.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Check the control unit configuration. Change the EBS control unit.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
16 12	Incorrect control unit configuration parameters.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Check the control unit configuration. Change the EBS control unit.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disa- bled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
16 15	EBS control unit internal failure.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Change the EBS control unit.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	

Print 603.93.121

Blin		Failt	ure warni	ng light	Possible failures and system		
Ď 603.9	e Iype of error	Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
3.121					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
161	7 EBS control unit.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Check the vehicle supply voltage.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
161	Low supply voltage to EBS control unit.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Check the vehicle supply voltage.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	
	, Incorrect tyre size pro-		>		EBS completely disabled.	Front and/or rear axle wheels tend to lock.	Check the control unit configuration
	g ramming.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	and re-programme it with the correct tyre sizes.
- - -	RH front speed sensor		>		RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
213			~		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the Ebs control unit.
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
213	Implausible vehicle speed detection.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Change the EBS control unit.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking	
	Short circuit at ground of				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
4 7 Base	 I RH front speed sensor wiring. 		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.
 = - ulv	_		_				-

21 42 of with					Possible failures and system	معينيه يطالم مساملة المسالم	and and along help and and a
21 42 of wir		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
21 42 of I	ort circuit at positive				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock	Check the wiring, connector and speed
	XH front speed sensor ing		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.
She	art circuit inside RH				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
21 44 fro	nt brake sped sensor.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.
	-				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	
21 45 Fau	tront phonic wheel t.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	 Check the intactness and installation of the RH front phonic wheel.
	vlausible RH front		;		RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the RH front speed sensor
21 46 Wh	eel speed signal.		×	1	ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	 tastening. Check that the RH front brake calipers are working properly.
Υ Φ Α	normal RH front whe-				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
21 47 el 5 pho	ensor speed signal anic wheel wobble.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the RH front phonic wheel. Check the bearing of the wheel in question.
Ĕ	essive gap between				RH front EBS disabled.	RH front wheel tending to lock.	Check and adjust the gap. Check that
21 48 ph _i froi	onic wheel and RH it wheel speed sensor.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the sensor is intact. Change the EBS control unit.
	front wheel speed				LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
22 37 ser	sor wiring cut off		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.

Blink Print	F	Failt	ure warni	ing light	Possible failures and system		
epg 603.9		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claiiled by driver	
93.121					EBS completely disabled. ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in.	
22 38	Implausible vehicle speed detection.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking.	Change the EBS control unit.
					Rear axle braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking.	
22 41	Short circuit at ground of LH front speed sensor wiring.		×		LH front EBS disabled. ASR completely disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock. Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	Check the wiring, connector and speed sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.
	Short circuit at positive		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
74 77	ot LH front speed sensor wiring.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	sensor. Ir rney are intact, cnange the Ebs control unit.
	Short circuit inside LH		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
22 44	front brake sped sensor.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	sensor. If they are intact, change the EBS control unit.
	LH front phonic wheel		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
CF 77	fault.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the LH front phonic wheel.
	Implausible LH front		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the LH front speed sensor
77 40	wheel speed signal.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	astening. Check that the LM front brake calipers are working properly.
	Abnormal LH front whe-		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
22 41	el sensor speed signal phonic wheel wobble.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the LH front phonic wheel. Check the bearing of the wheel in question.
B	Excessive gap between		>		LH front EBS disabled.	LH front wheel tending to lock.	Check and adjust the gap. Check that
87 7 ase - July 20	pronic wheel and LH front wheel speed sensor.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the sensor is intact. Change the Ebs control unit.
02							

Bink		Failu	re warn	ing light	Possible failures and system	active hourists and a	
- July		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
2002	RH rear wheel speed		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
23 31	sensor winng cut off.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	i sensor. If they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
Ċ	Short circuit at ground of		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
23 41	White the speed sensor winng.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	1 sensor. If they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	Short circuit at positive		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
23 44	I of KH rear speed sensor wining.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	- sensor. If they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	Short circuit inside RH		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
23 44	 rear brake speed sensor. 		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	1 sensor. If they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	. RH rear phonic wheel		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
72 42	fault.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the RH rear phonic wheel.
	Implausible RH rear whe-		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the RH rear speed sensor
72 4 6			<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	Tastening. Uneck that the KH rear brake calipers are working properly.
	Abnormal RH rear wheel		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
23 4/	sensor speed signal phonic wheel wobble.		<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	The KH rear phonic wheel. Check the bearing of the wheel in question.
	Excessive gap between		>		RH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check and adjust the gap. Check that
23 48	phonic wheel and KH rear wheel speed sensor.		×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	the sensor is intact. Change the rear axle modulator.
Print 603.93.121							

Blink	T	Failure warı	ning light	Possible failures and system		
epg	I ype oi error	Red Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Necommended repair operations
3.121	LH rear wheel speed	>		LH rear EBS disabled.	RH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
24 3/	sensor wiring cut off.	×		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	r sensor. If they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	Short circuit at ground of	>		LH rear EBS disabled.	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
74 41	LH rear speed sensor wiring.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	r sensor: ir they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	Short circuit at positive	>		LH rear EBS disabled.	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
24 42	or LTT rear speed sensor wiring.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no engine limiting.	r sensor: ir they are intact, change the rear axle modulator.
	Short circuit inside LH	>		LH rear EBS disabled.	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the wiring, connector and speed
+ + 7	rear brake speed sensor.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	sensor. II urey are intact, change ure rear axle modulator.
74 YE	LH rear phonic wheel	>		LH rear EBS disabled	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
C+ +7	IAUL.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	the LH rear phonic wheel.
	Implausible LH rear	>		LH rear EBS disabled	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the LH rear speed sensor faste-
24 1 0	wneel speed signal.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	ning. Check that the LH rear brake call- pers are working properly.
	Abnormal LH rear wheel	>		LH rear EBS disabled	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check the intactness and installation of
74 4/	sensor speed signal phonic wheel wobble.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	the LTT rear phonic wheel. Check the bearing of the wheel in question.
07 7 C	Excessive gap between	>		LH rear EBS disabled	LH rear wheel tending to lock.	Check and adjust the gap. Check that
0 1 +7	prioric wreel and LT rear wheel speed sensor.	<		ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting.	ure sensor is intact. Change the rear ax- le modulator.

Base Base	ŀ	Failt	ure warni	ing light	Possible failures and system		
- July	I ype of error	Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
2002					ASR completely disabled ASR complete- ly disabled.	Failure to cut in of EBS and ASR	
3116	6 No brake transmitter signal.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the intactness of the wiring and brake transmitter, if they are intact,
					Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking	
31.52	2 Different brake transmitter signals.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Change the brake pedal transmitter
32 37	Brake transmitter 1 st switch signal lacking (cable cut off).		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
32 4	Short circuit at earth of brake transmitter I st switch signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
33 37	 Brake transmitter 2nd switch signal lacking (cable cut off). 		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
33 4	Short circuit at earth of brake transmitter 2 nd switch signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
34 4	Short circuit at earth of brake transmitter I st sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
34 40	Brake transmitter l st sen- sor signal too low or lacking.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
35 4	Short circuit at earth of brake transmitter 2 nd sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
35 40	Brake transmitter 2 nd sensor signal too low or lacking.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and brake transmitter, if they are intact, change the EBS control unit
9 7 Print 603.93.1	CAN line connection inactive (SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
121							

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Blint	, T	Failure	e warnir	ng light	Possible failures and system	للمعرفية للمحمولة معدالام	
Ď 603.9	e iype or error	Red Y	'ellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	
3.121	CAN line communica- tion cut off (SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
41 6	5 Communication time with retarder too long: CAN line (SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
41 6	C ommunication time with engine too long: CAN line (SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
416	7 Communication time with gearbox too long: CAN line (SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
41 6	Communication timewith Cruise Control too long: CAN line(SAE J 1939).		×		ASR brake control disabled ASR engine control disabled.	Rear axle wheels slipping and no en- gine limiting No retarder control	Check the intactness of the system and of the CAN line connections between the EBS control unit and the other con- trol units
42	 Total CAN line failure between EBS control unit and rear axle modu- lator. 	×			EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled	Failure to cut in of EBS and ASR Lack of rear axle braking	Change the EBS control unit. Change the rear axle modulator
42 6	Deactivation of CAN communication line between EBS control unit and rear axle modu- lator.	×			EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled Rear axle braking pressure electronic control disabled	Failure to cut in of EBS and ASR Lack of rear axle braking	Check the intactness of the wiring bet- ween the EBS control unit and the rear axle modulator
43 6	Deactivation of commu- nication with semi-trailer.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the system bet- ween the EBS control unit and the trai- ler ISO connector, check the intactness of the trailer system.
9 67 Base - Iuly 200	Communication with semi-trailer cut off (ISO 11992).		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the system bet- ween the EBS control unit and the trai- ler ISO connector, check the intactness of the trailer system.

Blink Base	Tuna of armor	Failure warn	ing light	Possible failures and system	Eiling chimod by drivor	Pocommond romin populations
- July		Red Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
43 75	Fault in communication with semi-trailer CAN line (H) (ISO 11992).	×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the system bet- ween the EBS control unit and the trai- ler ISO connector, check the intactness of the trailer system.
43 76	Fault in communication with semi-trailer CAN line (L) (ISO 11992).	×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the system bet- ween the EBS control unit and the trai- ler ISO connector, check the intactness of the trailer system.
45 16	Red failure warning light fault.	×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
46 16	Yellow failure warning light fault.			No operating failure	Yellow warning light fails to turn on during bulb test	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
47 16	ASR operating warning light failure.			No operating failure	Yellow warning light fails to turn on during bulb test	Check the intactness of the wiring connectors and bulb.
48 16	Brake pad wear indicator failure.	×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
5121	Short circuit at ground of LH front EBS supply solenoid valve.	×		LH front axle EBS disabled	LH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 22	Short circuit at positive of LH front EBS supply solenoid valve.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 23	LH front EBS supply solenoid valve ground cable cut off.	×		LH front axle EBS disabled	LH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 24	LH front EBS supply solenoid valve supply cable cut off.	×		LH front axle EBS disabled	LH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
Print 603.93.121						

Blink	Turn of ouror	Failure warr	ning light	Possible failures and system	Entities and her defined	
epg 603.9		Red Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by uriver	
93.121	LH front EBS solenoid			RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con-
51 25	valve permanent current consumption.	×		Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic control disabled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 26	LH front EBS relief solenoid valve supply cable cut off.	×		LH front EBS disabled	LH front axle wheel tends to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 27	Short circuit at earth of LH front EBS relief solenoid valve.	×		LH front EBS disabled	LH front axle wheel tends to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
51 26	Short circuit at positive of LH front EBS relief solenoid valve.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled LH front EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 21	Short circuit at ground of RH front EBS supply solenoid valve.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled	RH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, connectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 23	Short circuit at positive of RH front EBS supply solenoid valve.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 23	RH front EBS supply solenoid valve ground cable cut off.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled	RH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, connectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 24	RH front EBS supply solenoid valve supply cable cut off.	×		RH front axle EBS disabled	RH front axle wheel tends to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
	RH front EBS solenoid			RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, con-
52 Base	consumption.	×		Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic control disabled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	EBS control unit.
- July 2002						

Blink	Tunn of error	Failt	ure warn	iing light	Possible failures and system	Enilina da hu drivar	Docommundad reasting
Code		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
52 26	RH front EBS relief sole- noid valve supply cable cut off.		×		RH front EBS disabled	RH front axle wheel tends to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 27	Short circuit at earth of RH front EBS relief solenoid valve.		×		RH front EBS disabled	RH front axle wheel tends to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
52 28	Short circuit at positive of RH front EBS relief solenoid valve.		×		RH front axle EBS disabled LH front EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
53 32	Short circuit at earth of EBS solenoid valve return line.		×		No operating failure	Yellow failure warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
53 33	Short circuit at positive of EBS solenoid valve return line.		×		RH front axle EBS disabled LH front EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock.	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nectors and bulb, if intact change the EBS control unit.
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
54 12	Engine brake relay failure parameter error.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic braking pressure control disa- bled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the control unit configuration.
					Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of rear axle braking	
54 31	Engine brake supply relay failure.		×		No operating failure	Yellow failure warning light turns on	Check the control unit configuration. Check the intactness of the wiring con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
54 32	Engine brake relay failure short circuit at ground.		×		No operating failure	Yellow failure warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
54 33	Engine brake relay failure short circuit at positive.		×		No operating failure	Yellow failure warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.

Blink Print	- F	Failt	ure warning light	Possible failures and system		
Code 603.9		Red	Yellow Pad Wear	reactions	railure claiined by uriver	
3.121				EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
55 12	Backup valve failure parameter error.	×		Front axle and trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the control unit configuration
				Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of rear axle braking	
				EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	Check the control unit configuration
55 31	back up valve supply wiring cut off.	×		Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic braking pressure control disa- bled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
				EBS completely disabled ASR completely		
55 32	Backup valve supply line short circuit at earth.	×		disadied Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic braking pressure control disa- bled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in Lack of rear axle braking	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
55 33	Backup valve supply line short circuit at earth.		×	RH front axle EBS disabled LH front axle EBS disabled	Front axle wheels tend to lock	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
				EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
57 12	ASR cut off valve failure parameter error.	×		Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the control unit configuration.
				Lack of rear axle braking pressure elec- tronic control	Lack of rear axle braking	
57 31	ASR cutoff valve supply wiring cut off.		×	ASR brake control disabled	Rear axle wheels slipping when mo- ving off	Check the control unit configuration. Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
57 32	ASR cut off valve supply line short circuit at earth.		×	ASR brake control disabled	Rear axle wheels slipping when mo- ving off	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
66 23 Base - July	ASR cut off valve supply line short circuit at positive.	×		No operating failure	Red failure warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
ly 2						

Blink	Type of error	Failt	ure warni	ing light	Possible failures and system	Failure claimed by driver	Recommended renair onerations
Code		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
61 16	Total failure of front axle proportional relay valve.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
61 55	Low or no air pressure for front axle.	×			Front axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the front axle air supply pipes and operating pressure. Change the proportional relay valve
62 42	Short circuit at positive of front axle relay valve pressure signal.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Imperfect slowing down of front axle	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
62 43	Front axle relay valve pressure signal lacking or incorrect.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Imperfect slowing down of front axle	Check the operating pressure and operation of the front axle system. Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 25	Permanent activation of front axle relay valve solenoid.	×			No operating failure	The vehicle stays braked on the front axle	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 32	Short circuit at earth of front axle relay valve supply line.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 33	Short circuit at positive of front axle relay valve supply line.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 34	Short circuit at earth of front axle relay valve return line.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 35	Short circuit at positive of front axle relay valve return line.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
63 36	Front axle relay valve supply wiring cut off.		×		Front axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Front axle slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.

Blink Print	F	Failt	ure warni	ing light	Possible failures and system		
b 603.9	e iype oi error	Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	Necommended repair operations
3.121					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
64]	Incorrect rear axle modulator parameters.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic braking pressure control disa- bled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Change the rear axle modulator Change the EBS control unit
					Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of rear axle braking	
64 10	 Fotal failure of rear axle modulator. 	×			EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in Lack of rear axle braking	Change the rear axle modulator
645	High braking pressure at rear axle.		\times		RH front EBS disabled LH front EBS di- sabled	Front wheels tend to lock	Change the rear axle modulator (Check the backup valve if present)
	Too much difference	>			EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	Rear axle slowing down not optimi- sed	Check the operating pressure and ope-
040	Detween rear axle sensor pressure signals.	<			Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of rear axle braking	ration of the rear axie system. Change the rear axie modulator
	Rear axle modulator sen-		>		EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	Check the operating pressure and ope-
6 4 0	 sor pressure signal fac- king or incorrect. 		~		Rear axle electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Rear axle slowdown not optimised	ration of rear axle system. Keplace the EBS control unit
	Deactivation of braking system and CAN line	>			EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	Check the intactness of the wiring bet-
0 4 0	 Detween EDS control unit and rear axle modu- lator 	×			Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking	- ween the EBS control unit and the rear axle modulator
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled.	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
66 L	Incorrect trailer control valve parameters.	×			Front axle and semi-trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the control unit configuration
Base - July					Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking	
2002							

Hundred Former Base -	Type of error	Failure warr	ning light	Possible failures and system	Failure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
9999 999 uly 2002	Total failure of trailer control valve.		rad vvear	Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled.	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
66 55	Low braking pressure at trailer control valve.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised	Check the intactness of the trailer air supply pipes and operating pressure. Change the trailer control valve.
67 42	Short circuit at positive of trailer control valve pressure signal.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Imperfect trailer slowdown	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
67 43	Trailer control valve pressure sensor signal lacking or incorrect.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Imperfect trailer slowdown	Check the control unit configuration. Check the intactness of the wiring, con- nector and components, if intact change the EBS control unit.
67 51	High braking pressure at trailer control valve.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Imperfect trailer slowdown	Check the trailer system operating pressure and operation. Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
68 25	Permanent activation of trailer control valve solenoid.	×		No operating failure	The trailer remains braked	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
68 32	Short circuit at earth of trailer control valve supply line.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised.	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
68 33	Short circuit at positive of trailer control valve supply line.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised.	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
68 34	Short circuit at earth of trailer control valve return line.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised.	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
58 39 Print 60	Short circuit at positive of trailer control valve return line.	×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control disabled	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised.	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
3.93.121						

Blink Print	T 6	Failt	Jre warn.	ing light	Possible failures and system	Estimate the second box defined	
Code 603.9		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions	railure claimed by driver	
96 89	Trailer control valve supply wiring cut of.		×		Trailer electronic braking pressure control downgraded	Trailer slowdown delayed and not optimised.	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
					EBS completely disabled ASR completely disabled	EBS and ASR fail to cut in	
71 12	Incorrect rear axle load sensor configuration parameters.	×			Front axle and trailer braking pressure electronic braking pressure control disabled	Lack of optimisation of front axle and trailer braking	Check the control unit configuration.
					Rear axle electronic braking pressure control disabled.	Lack of rear axle braking	
71 42	Short circuit at positive of rear axle load sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
73 15	Trailer EBS system	×			No operating failure	Red warning light turns on	Check the trailer EBS system
81 42	Short circuit at positive of RH front brake pad wear sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
81 43	RH front brake pad wear sensor signal lacking or incorrect.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
81 57	, RH brake pads worn signal.			×	No operating failure	Brake pad wear warning light turns on	Check the brake pad and change if worn.
82 42	Short circuit at positive of LH front brake pad wear sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
82 43	LH front brake pad wear sensor signal lacking or incorrect.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
82 57	, LH brake pads worn signal.			×	No operating failure	Brake pad wear warning light turns on	Check the brake pad and change if worn.
CE E8 Base - July 20	Short circuit at earth of front axle brake pad wear sensor supply line.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.

Blink	Type of error	Failu	re warnii	ng light	Possible failures and system	Failure claimed by driver	Recommended repair operations
Code		Red	Yellow	Pad Wear	reactions		
83 33	Short circuit at positive of front axle brake pad wear sensor supply line.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
84 42	Short circuit at positive of RH rear brake pad wear sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
84 43	RH rear brake pad wear sensor signal lacking or incorrect.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
84 57	RH rear brake pads worn signal.			×	No operating failure	Brake pad wear warning light turns on	Check the brake pad and change if worm.
85 42	Short circuit at positive of LH rear brake pad wear sensor signal.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
85 43	LH rear brake pad wear sensor signal lacking or incorrect.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.
85 57	LH rear brake pads worn signal.			×	No operating failure	Brake pad wear warning light turns on	Check the brake pad and change if worm.
86 16	Rear axle pad wear sensor supply line failure.		×		No operating failure	Yellow warning light turns on	Check the intactness of the wiring, connector and component, if intact change the EBS control unit.

		-	-			
Blink		Lamp	tailure			
code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
2 + 1	RH front modulator.			ABS disabled.	Wheel lock on braking.	
	Positive short-circuited.	×			RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check wirring harmess and connectors.
	Open circuit.			RH front wheel modulator disabled.	RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check RH front modulator efficiency.
	Negative short-circuited.				RH front wheel tends to get locked.	
2 + 2	LH front modulator:			ABS disabled.	Wheel lock on braking.	
	Positive short-circuited.	×			LH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check wiring hamess and connectors.
	Open circuit.			LH front wheel modulator disabled.	LH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check LH front modulator efficiency.
	Negative short-circuited.				LH front wheel tends to get locked.	
2 + 3	RH rear modulator:			ABS disabled.	Wheel lock on braking.	
	Positive short-circuited.	×			RH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check wiring hamess and connectors.
	Short-circuit opened.	Ś		RH rear wheel modulator disabled.	RH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check RH rear modulator efficiency.
	Negative short-circuited.				RH rear wheel tends to get locked.	
2 + 4	LH rear modulator:			ABS disabled.	Wheel lock on braking	
	Positive short-circuited.	×			LH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check wirring hamess and connectors.
	Open circuit.			LH rear wheel modulator disabled.	LH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check LH rear modulator efficiency.
	Negative short-circuited.				LH rear wheel tends to get locked.	
– + 8	RH front sensor excessive air gap.	×		RH front wheel modulator disabled.	RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
	- 0				RH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check phonic wheel wobbling.
						Check bearing clearance.

REPAIR OPERATIONS ABS Trouble-shooting

Print 603.93.121

Blink		Lamp	failure			
code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
	Excessive skidding detected by RH front sen- sor.					Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
						Check RH front modulator valve.
	RH front sensor signal too low.					Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
						Check wiring hamess and connectors. Check sensor signal for compatibility.
3 + 2	Excessive air gap.	×		LH front wheel modulator disabled.	LH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
					LH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check phonic wheel wobbling.
						Check bearing clearance.
	Excessive skidding detected by LH front sen- sor.					Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
						Check LH front modulator valve.
	LH front sensor signal too low.					Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel. Check wiring harness and connectors. Check sensor signal for compatibility.
3 + 3	RH front sensor excessive air gap.	×		RH rear wheel modulator disabled.	RH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
					RH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Check phonic wheel wobbling. Check bearing clearance.
	Excessive skidding detected by RH rear sen- sor.					Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.

Link		Lamp	failure			
code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
						Check RH rear modulator valve.
	RH rear sensor signal too					Check and restore clearance between
	low.					sensor and phonic wheel.
						Check wiring hamess and connectors.
						Check sensor signal for compatibility.
-		>				
ς + 4	LH rear sensor excessive	<		I LM rear wheel modulator disabled.	LM rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check and restore clearance between
	air gap.					sensor and phonic wheel.
					BH rear wheel tends to get locked	Cherk abonic wheel workhling
						Check bearing clearance.
	Excessive skidding					Check and restore clearance between
	detected by LH rear sen-					sensor and phonic wheel.
	sor.					
						Check LH rear modulator valve.
	LH rear sensor signal too					Check and restore clearance between
	low.					sensor and phonic wheel.
						Check wiring hamess and connectors.
						Check sensor signal for compatibility.
4 + -	RH front sensor:					
	Positive short-circuited.	×		RH front wheel modulator disabled.	RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check sensor wiring harness.
	Negative short-circuited.				RH front wheel tends to get locked.	Replace sensor if damaged.
	Open circuit.					
	Short-circuit between the					
	two sensor cables.					
4 + 2	LH front sensor:				LH front wheel incorrect braking.	
	Positive short-circuited.	×		LH front wheel modulator disabled.		Check sensor wiring harness.
	Negative short-circuited.				LH front wheel tends to get locked.	Replace sensor if damaged.
	Open circuit.					
	Short-circuit between the					
	LWO SELISOF CADIES.					

Blink		Lamp	failure			
code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
4 + 3	RH rear sensor:					
	Positive short-circuited.	×		RH rear wheel modulator disabled.	RH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check sensor wiring harness.
	Negative short-circuited.				RH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Replace sensor if damaged.
	Open circuit.					
	Short-circuit between the two sensor cables.					
4 + 4 4	LH rear sensor:					
	Positive short-circuited.	×		LH rear wheel modulator disabled.	LH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check sensor wiring harness.
	Negative short-circuited.				LH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Replace sensor if damaged.
	Open circuit.					
	Short-circuit between the two sensor cables.					
5 +	RH front sensor:					
	Wrong tyre dimensions.	×		RH front wheel modulator disabled.	RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check tyre correct circumference.
					RH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check correct number of teeth of phonic wheel.
	Wrong sensor connection.					Check and restore sensor correct connec- tion.
	Faulty speed signal.					Check wiring hamess and connectors.
						Check sensor signal for compatibility.
	Signal frequency too high.					Check wiring hamess and connectors.
5 + 2	LH front sensor.					
	Wrong tyre dimensions.	×		LH front wheel modulator disabled.	LH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check tyre correct circumference.
					LH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check correct number of teeth of phonic wheel.
	Wrong connection to sen-					Check and restore sensor correct connec-
	sor.					tion.
	Faulty speed signal.					Check wiring hamess and connectors.
						Check sensor signal for compatibility.
	Signal frequency too high.					Check wiring hamess and connectors.
						Replace electronic central unit if error persists.
						_

Print	كاحناد		Lamp	failure			
603.93 12	code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
1	(+ 3	RH rear sensor:	<u></u>				
		Wrong tyre dimensions.	×		RH rear wheel modulator disabled.	RH rear wheel incorrect braking. RH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Check tyre correct circumference. Check correct number of teeth of phonic
	1						wheel.
		Wrong sensor connection.					Check and restore sensor correct connec- tion.
		Faulty speed signal.					Check wiring harness and connectors.
							Check sensor signal for compatibility.
		Signal frequency too high.					Check wiring harness and connectors.
							Keplace electronic central unit if error persists.
ц	+ 4	LH rear sensor:					
		Wrong tyre dimensions.	×		LH rear wheel modulator disabled.	LH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check tyre correct circumference.
						LH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Check correct number of teeth of phonic wheel.
		Wrong sensor connection.					Check and restore sensor correct connec- tion.
		Faulty speed signal.					Check wiring harness and connectors.
							Check sensor signal for compatibility.
		Signal frequency too high.					Check wiring harness and connectors.
							Replace electronic central unit if error persists.
9	 +	Wrong RH front phonic wheel.	×		RH front wheel modulator disabled.	RH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check phonic wheel and replace it if dam- aged.
						RH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
9	5 +	Wrong LH front phonic	×		LH front wheel modulator disabled.	LH front wheel incorrect braking.	Check phonic wheel and replace it if dam-
		wheel.)	aged.
Base - July						LH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
2002							

Jula		Lamp failure	a			
code	Error type	Yellow Yellc ABS ASF	¥ و	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
6 + 3	Wrong RH rear phonic wheel.	×	Ľ.	RH rear wheel modulator disabled.	RH rear wheel incorrect braking.	Check phonic wheel and replace it if dam- aged.
					LH front wheel tends to get locked.	Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
6 + 4	Wrong LH rear phonic wheel.	×		.H rear wheel modulator disabled.	LH rear wheel incorrect braking. LH rear wheel tends to get locked.	Check phonic wheel and replace it if dam- aged. Check and restore clearance between sensor and phonic wheel.
1 + 2	CAN line communication missing.	×	Ш	ingine brake disengagement impossible.	Rear axle tends to skid.	Check CAN line wiring hamess.
	CAN line open circuit. CAN line short-circuit.		حر	ASR disabled.		Check EDC central unit.
	Lack of communication with EDC central unit for an excessively long time.	© ×				
	(@ - Only if ASR not pres- ent)					
- + <u>></u>	Lack of communication with central unit Retarder for an excessively long time. Lack of communication with EDC central unit for an excessively long time.	×		Engine brake disengagement impossible. Retarder disconnection impossible. ASR disabled.	Rear axle tends to skid.	Check CAN line wiring harness. Check EDC central unit. Check Retarder central unit.

Print 603.93.121

Print		Lamp) failure			
5 8 : 603.93.12	ink Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
21	ASR Valve:					
~	+2 Positive short-circuited.	×		Rear axle ASR braking disabled.	Rear axle tends to skid.	Check ASR valve wiring harness.
	Open circuit.		×	Rear axle ASR braking disabled.	Rear axle tends to skid.	Check ASR valve wiring harness.
	Negative short-circuited.					
	+ 3 Retarder disconnection relay control:					
	Positive short-circuited.	×		Retarder disconnection impossible.	Rear axle tends to get locked.	Check disconnection relay wiring hamess
	Negative short-circuited. Open circuit.					
- ۲	+ 4 Lamp failure.			Lamp failure warning missing.	Lamp warning missing at start check.	Check wiring hamess and lamp.
- 7	+ 5 Wrong ASR configuration		×	ASR completely disabled.	Rear axle tends to skid.	Check central unit configuration.
~ ~	+ 7 Pressure sensor:	×		EBL disabled.	Rear axle tends to get locked.	Check wiring harness for integrity and
	Positive short-circuited. Negative short-circuited. Open circuit.					
œ	+ 1 Either low supply voltage to central unit or open circuit.	×		ABS disabled.	ABS control not present.	Check power supply wiring hamess and check fuse for integrity.
× ∞	+ 2 Voltage too high.	×		ABS / ASR disabled.	ABS / ASR control not present.	Check battery and alternator power sup- ply.
Base - July 2002						

) Lulo		Lamp	failure			
code	Error type	Yellow ABS	Yellow ASR	System possible faults and responses	Fault reported by driver	Repair interventions suggested
8 + 3	Central unit internal errors.	×		ABS / ASR disabled.	ABS / ASR control not present.	Replace electronic central unit.
8 + 4	Wrong tyre parameters.	×		ABS disabled.	ABS control not present.	Check tyre dimension parameters. Replace electronic central unit.
8 + 5	Negative connections missing.	×		ABS disabled.	ABS control not present.	Check signal at pins 4 and 9 of connector XI for integrity. Check for bonding efficiency.

INSTRUMENT DIAGNOSIS

MODUS

Computerized diagnosis station for braking systems, air suspensions, engine and electronic-controlled systems. This station has auxiliary functions such as: electronic control unit programming, spare catalogue reference, timing,...

The IVECO WIRING TESTER further expands and integrates MODUS.

Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IVECO WIRING TESTER

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Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IT 2000

IT 2000 is a diagnosis instrument for every IVECO vehicle electronic system. It makes it possible to take prompt action recognizing the chassis number. It stores the results of previously carried out diagnosis actions. It can also be used as a portable Personal Computer for remote diagnosis. If MODUS is used as a mother station, it is possible to update and configure IT 2000. All instruments are interfaced with the vehicle through a 30-pole diagnosis socket.



0001068t

EDC MS6.2 (Cursor 8 - 10 - 13)

Description and operation

The EDC system installed on the new family of F3A engines is capable of controlling the capacity, through its control unit, the CAPACITY and ADVANCE, making it possible to improve performance and consumption levels, dramatically reducing the emission of pollutants, under all vehicle operating conditions.

The control unit is fitted directly on the engine (right-hand side) thereby minimising the length of the connection cables to the injectors and consequently disturbances of the signal transmitted and it is connected to the vehicle wiring by two 35-pin connectors. Connector A for components on the engine, connector B for components in the cab. Inside the control unit there is an environment pressure sensor used to further improve injection system management. The EDC electronic control unit directly manages the following systems: - Pre-after heating; turbine geometry; engine brake; speed limiting device; alter run (data storage each time the engine is turned off); cylinder balancing (capacity conversion on each single cylinder)





CURSOR 8 EuroTrakker - CURSOR 10 - 13 WITH EBS

KEYS

1.85152 Accelerator pedal position sensor – 2.85153 Engine coolant temperature sensor – 3.85155 Oversupply air temperature sensor – 4.47042 Fuel temperature sensor – 5.85154 Oversupply pressure sensor – 6.40011 Electronic tachograph – 7.48001 Electronic rev counter – 8.78248 VGT control solenoid valve – 9.----- Turbine actuator position sensor – 10.48043 Variable geometry turbine rev sensor – 11.78009 Shut-off solenoid valve – 12.78050 Engine brake control solenoid valve – 13.58055 Warning light for engine brake engaged – 14.58435 E.D.C. system failure warning light – 15.53041 Blink–code button – 16.72021 30-pole diagnosis connector – 17. Immobilizer control unit – 18.86004 EUROTRONIC transmission electronic control unit – 19.88005 EBS electronic control unit – 88000 ABS electronic control unit – 20.78059 EBS duplex distributor with primary / secondary brake switches – 21.78247 Pump-injectors – 22.58110 Warning light for pre/post-heating activated – 23.25222 Remote control switch for pre/ post-heating activation – 24.61121 Pre/post-heating resistance – 25.48035 Flywheel sensor – 26.48042 Distribution sensor – 27.53803 / 53804 Cruise Control buttons – 28.52324 Engine brake pre-arrangement switch – 29.53520 Engine brake control switch – 30.42374 Clutch switch (without Eurotronic) – 31.75007 Main remote control switch

CURSOR 8 EuroTech



KEYS

1.85152/53566 Accelerator pedal position sensor / switch accelerator depressed – 2.85153 Engine coolant temperature sensor – 3.85155 Oversupply air temperature sensor – 4.47042 Fuel temperature sensor – 5.85154 Oversupply air pressure sensor – 6.40011 Electronic tachograph – 7.48001 Electronic rev counter – 8.78248 VGT control solenoid valve – 9.---- Turbine actuator position sensor – 10.48043 Variable geometry turbine rev sensor – 11.78009 Shut-off solenoid valve – 12.78050 Engine brake control solenoid valve – 13.58055 Warning light for engine brake engaged – 14.58435 E.D.C. system failure warning light – 15.53041 Blink–code button – 16.72021 30-pole diagnosis connector – 17. Immobilizer control unit – 18.86004 EUROTRONIC transmission electronic control unit – 19.88000 ABS electronic control unit – 20.75007 Main remote control switch – 21.78247 Pump-injectors – 22.58110 Warning light for pre/post-heating activated – 23.25222 Remote control switch for pre/post-heating activation – 24.61121 Pre/post-heating resistance – 25.48035 Flywheel sensor – 26.48042 Distribution sensor – 27.53803 / 53804 Cruise Control buttons – 28.52324 Engine brake pre-arrangement switch – 29.53520 Engine brake control switch – 30.42374 Clutch switch (without Eurotronic) – 31.53501 / 53565 Primary / secondary brake switch – 32.52077 Economy Power control



 II.20
 A. RELAY FOR SWITCHING ON EDC (MAIN RELAY)

 B. RELAY FOR SWITCHING ON EDC (MAIN RELAY)

EDC system power supply

To power the EDC system it is necessary to turn the ignition key to "Drive" (+15). Positive electrical supply network. Turning the ignition key to position +15 supplies 15 A fuse 70602 D4 (fig. III.16 ref. A), which carries voltage to the relay for switching on EDC 25858 (ref. B) at terminals 30 and 85, which in turn, from terminal 87 supplies the EDC control unit at terminal 15B.

The 20A fuse 70603 F6 (fig. III.18 ref. B) (direct positive from battery) supplies terminal 30 of relay 25924 (Main relay) Fig.V.6 ref. A. This relay is energised by the closing of the contacts of terminal 27B of the EDC control unit.

Terminal 87 of relay 25924 supplies:

- the EDC control unit at terminals 3B and 4B;
- relay 25222 (turning on warming resistance);
- switch 53547 (secondary signal from brake pedal to EDC control unit);
- switch 53565 (for signalling brake pedal pressed);
- switch 42374 (on clutch for EDC);
- switch 53041 (for EDC system functions control)
- led 58466 (for indicating Economy power on);
- relay 25700 at terminal 30 (for switching off Cruise Control with ABS on);
- warning lamp module 58903 (EDC warning lamp)
- warning lamp module 58902.

Switching off the EDC

To switch off the EDC it is necessary to turn the ignition key to "stop" to cut off the +15 supply at terminal 86 of relay 25213B and thus the voltage at fuse 70602 D4.



EDC control unit PIN-OUT for vehicles CURSOR 8 - 10 (EuroTech - EuroTrakker - EuroStar)

Connector "A" (Engine)

Pin	Cable	Function	
	colour		
I -	В	Engine rev sensor	
2 -	В	Distribution rev sensor	
3 -	B / M	Power supply solenoid valve / engine brake warning light	
4 -	В	Air temperature sensor mass	
5 -	В	Engine coolant temperature sensor mass	
6 -	В	Fuel temperature sensor mass	
7 -	В	Turbine rev sensor	
8 -			
9 -			
10 -			
-	В	Fuel temperature sensor signal	
12 -	В	Oversupply pressure sensor signal	
13 -	N	Engine rev sensor	
14 -	N	Distribution rev sensor	
15 -	В	Turbine actuator position sensor power supply	
16 -	Ν	Turbine rev sensor	
17 -	B / R	Oversupply pressure sensor mass / turbine actuator position	
18 -	N / M	Power supply for variable geometry turbine solenoid valve	
19 -	Ν	Turbine actuator position sensor signal	
20 -			
21 -	В	Air temperature sensor signal	
22 -	В	Engine coolant temperature sensor signal	
23 -	В	Oversupply pressure sensor power supply	
24 -	R	Injector power supply for cylinders 1 / 2 / 3	
25 -	N	Injector power supply for cylinders 4 / 5 / 6	
26 -	L	Cylinder 4 injector control	
27 -	Н	Cylinder 6 injector control	
28 -	Z	Cylinder 5 injector control	
29 -			
30 -			
31 -	L	Variable geometry turbine solenoid valve negative	
32 -	G/L	Solenoid valve negative / engine brake warning light	
33 -	V	Cylinder 3 injector control	
34 -	G	Cylinder 2 injector control	
35 -	В	Cylinder I injector control	
		10	Colour code


Pin	Cable	Functions		
-	B	Engine Rom sensor		
_	B	Timing rom sensor		
_	M	Exhaust hrake control solenoid valve		
-	N	Turboblower air temperature sensor for EDC		
-	s i	Coolant fluid temperature sensor for EDC		
-	B/R	Fuel temperature sensor		
	B	Turbosupercharger speed sensor		
_		Free		
_		Free		
n		Free		
, - I		Fuel temperature sensor		
) -	V V	Turboblower air pressure sensor for EDC		
2 -	M	Par concor		
, - 1	M	Timing rom sensor		
T - 5	7	Turbing procession		
- ر د	M	Turbel pre-chamber an pressure sensor for EDC		
0 - 7	D I'I	Turbosuper charger speed sensor		
/ - 0	M	Exhaust here control colonoid value		
o - 0		Turbing pro chamber air proceurs concor for EDC		
2 - 0		Free Free Chamber all pressure sensor for EDC		
) - I		Free		
ו - ר		Content fuid temperature sensor for EDC		
2 -	G	Coolant fluid temperature sensor for EDC		
- C	R	Turbo blower air pressure sensor for EDC		
4- r	K	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
5 - ⁄		Electronic injection solenoid valve		
6 - 7		Electronic injection solenoid valve		
/-	H	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
8 -	Z	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
9 -		Free		
0 -		Free		
l -	В	Variable geometry turbine control solenoid valve		
2 -	L	Exhaust brake control solenoid valve		
3 -	V	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
4 -	G	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
5 -	В	Electronic injection solenoid valve		
				Colour code
	、	12		
•	``		D	White
	\backslash		Б	
			BG	Beige
			B BG C	Beige Orange
			BG C G	Beige Orange Yellow
3			BG C G H	Beige Orange Yellow Grey
13			BG C G H	Beige Orange Yellow Grey Blue
13			BG C G H L	Beige Orange Yellow Grey Blue Brown
13			BG C G H L M	Beige Orange Yellow Grey Blue Brown Plack
13			BG CGHLMN	Beige Orange Yellow Grey Blue Brown Black

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III.22 EDC CONTROL UNIT DIAGRAM WITH ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS TO CONNECTOR "A"

Pink

Green

Purple

S ٧

Ζ

EDC control unit PIN-OUT for vehicles CURSOR 8 - 10 (EuroTech - EuroTrakker - EuroStar)

Connector "B" (Cab/frame area)

Pin	Cable	Bulk-	Functions
	colours	head	
I -	0150		Negative direct from battery / blink button – code
2 -	0150		Negative direct from battery / blink button – code
3 -	7155	E5	Positive from main remote switch
4 -	7155	E6	Positive from main remote switch
5 -	5584	B5	Signal for electronic rev. counter
6 -	6150	B6	Negative for EDC / blink button – code warning light
7 -	8152	B7	CAN line for control unit ABS / ASR Pin 28
8 -	0019	B8	Negative from exhaust brake switch / depressed accelerator pedal
9 -	5198	E8	Engine stroke signal for 30-pole (pin 23) diagnosis connector
10 -	0096		Negative for pre-post heating remote switch engagement
11 -	GN / VE		CAN Line
12 -	WS / BI		CAN Line
13 -	2298	BII	K line for 30-pole (pin 2) diagnosis connector
14 -			
15 -	8150	B15	Key controlled supply positive
16 -	5158	B16	Accelerator pedal position sensor supply
17 -	0159	B17	Negative from idler switch
18 -	5553	B18	Negative for warning light pre – post heating
19 -			
20 -	8160		Positive from N.C. (ST79 / 1) clutch switch
21 -	8155	BI	Function "RESUME" Cruise Control
22 -	0172	E2	Positive from switch for RSU
23 -	5157	B3	Accelerator pedal position signal sensor
24 -	1198	B4	L Line for 30-pole (pin 1) diagnosis connector
25 -	0158	B2	Negative for brake switch / idling switch resistances
26 -	8153		Positive from primary 53565 N.C. (ST79 /3) brake switch
27 -	0155	E4	Negative for main remote switch
28 -	0169	E3	Signal for ECO – POWER
29 -	5155	B9	Vehicle speed (D3 tachograph) signal
30 -	8151	B10	PWM line from control unit ABS / ASR Pin 29
31 -	8158		Positive from N.O. (ST79 / 2) primary brake switch
32 -	8157	B12	Function "SET –" Cruise Control
33 -	8154	BI3	Function "OFF +" Cruise Control
34 -	8156	BI4	Function "SET +" Cruise Control
35 -	0157	B19	Negative for accelerator pedal position sensor



Pin	Cable	Function
	colours	
-	0150	Ground
2 -	0150	Ground
3 -	7155	Positive (under Main relay)
4 -	7155	Positive (under Main relay)
5 -	5584	To tachograph, to rev. counter and to connector for connection with diagnostics
6 -	6150	To the EDC function check switch, and to the EDC warning light
7 -	8152	To the ABS check unit
8 -	0019	Exhaust brake control switch, resistances for exhaust brake. depressed accelerator pedal signal-
		ling switch, remote switch for exhaust brake control by service brake
9 -	5198	To connector for connection with diagnostics
10 -	0096	Remote switch (terminal 87) for pre-heating resistance engagement consent
-	GN/VE	Connection with "CAN line"
12 -	WS/BI	Connection with "CAN line"
13 -	2298	Al connector for connection with diagnostics (terminal 2)
14 -	-	Free
15 -	8050	Positive under remote switch for EDC engagement
16 -	5158	Load sensor on accelerator for EDC
17 -	0159	Load sensor on accelerator for EDC
18 -	5553	Pre-heating ON warning light
19 -	-	Free
20 -	8160	Switch on clutch for EDC
21 -	8155	Cruise control, connector STT44 (Terminal 5)
22 -	7172	Bulkhead E (pin 2) RSU switch
23 -	5157	Load sensor on accelerator for EDC
24 -	1198	Connector for connection with diagnostics (terminal I)
25 -	0158	Resistance for exhaust brake, load sensor on accelerator, connector ST44 (terminal 13)
26 -	8153	Depressed brake pedal signal switch
27 -	0155	Remote switch for engaging EDC (Main relay)
28 -	0169	Connector ST44 (terminal 6), power take-off / Eco-Power
29 -	5155	Tachograph (terminal D3)
30 -	8151	To ABS control unit (terminal 29)
31 -	8158	Switch for secondary signal from brake pedal to EDC control unit
32 -	8157	Cruise control, connector ST44 (terminal 2) ''SET-''
33 -	8154	Cruise control, connector ST44 (terminal 4) ''OFF +''
34 -	8156	Cruise control, connector ST44 (terminal 3) "SET +"
35 -	0157	Load sensor on accelerator for EDC

EDC control unit PIN-OUT for vehicles 13 (EuroTech - EuroStar)





Т	20000	Starting battery
2	78009	Solenoid valve for closing circuit to turbine (shut-off)
3	48035	Engine rpm sensor
4	48042	Pulse sensor on timing gear
5	25222	Relay to enable thermal starter engagement
6	78247	Solenoid valve for electronic injection
7	78248	Solenoid valve for variable geometry turbine control
8	85158	Air pressure sensor in turbine preliminary chamber for EDC
9	85150	EDC control unit
10	61121	Resistance for engine warming
П	47042	Fuel temperature sensor
12	85154	Turbo-blower air pressure sensor for EDC
13	85155	Turbo-blower air pressure sensor for EDC
14	78050	Engine brake solenoid control valve
15	48043	Turbocharger speed sensor
16	85153	Coolant fluid temperature sensor for EDC
17	53520	Engine brake control switch
18	53566	Switch for signalling accelerator pedal pressed
18	85152	Load sensor on accelerator for EDC
19	53565	Switch for signalling brake pedal pressed
20	53547	Switch for secondary signal from brake pedal to EDC control unit
21	42374	Switch on clutch for EDC
22	53803/04	Switch for EDC control (speed adjustment and speed storage)
23	48001	Electronic gyrometer
24	40011	Electronic tachograph
25	58903/2	Cluster with 10 indicators for Europe vehicles
26	52324	Switch for engine brake setting
27	52218	Switch for Cruise Control service from inside and outside cab
28	58466	Warning lamp module for Economy Power
29	61123	Container with 4 resistances for Economy Power and power takeoff
30	61112	Container with 2 resistances for engine brake
31	75000	Interconnecting Control Unit
32	70602/3	EDC supply fuses
33	72021	30-pin connector for electrical connection with IVECO Tester/Modus/IWT diagnostics
34	53041	Switch for checking EDC system functions (blink code button)
35	25858	Relay for switching on EDC (Main Relè)
36	25903	Relay for switching off EDC

CURSOR 8 - 10 - 13 PUMP INJECTOR

It consists mainly of:

A) Solenoid valve

B) Pumping element

C) Nozzle

These three parts CANNOT be replaced individually and CANNOT be overhauled.

The pumping element, mechanically actuated at every rocker arm cycle, compresses the fuel container in the delivery chamber.

The nozzle, whose composition and operation are similar to those of traditional injectors, is opened by the fuel under pressure and sprays it into the combustion chamber.

A solenoid value, directly controlled by the electronic control unit, determines delivery according to the control signal.

A casing houses the lower part of the pump injector in the cylinder head.



CURSOR 8 - 10 - 13

Pump-injector replacement

If the operation is carried out when the engine is on the vehicle, before removing the pump-injectors drain the fuel in the cylinder head pipes by releasing the delivery and return pipe unions on the cylinder head.

Connect to the MODUS station for each replaced injector and, when required by the programme, enter the control unit re-programming code stamped on the injector

 \wedge

In an emergency, when the Modus is not available, it is possible to replace 1 injector without the control unit recognition.



Base - July 2002



Fuel temperature sensor Specifications Supplier Max. tightening torque BOSCH 35 Nm 51 5 28 10.5 10.5 SW 27 M16x1.5 V 3 ø7.5 M27x1.5 Ó Ó 2 3 8528 8527 TECNICAL VIEW WIRING DIAGRAM Ω 10 103 103 80 100 120 -20 0 20 40 60 140 8530 8529 °C PERSPECTIVE VIEW RESISTANCE TREND Pin Function Cable colour To pin 6 of EDC control unit To pin 11 of EDC control unit 2 3

Base - July 2002

Print 603.93.121



Pin	Function	Cable colour
 2 3	To pin 1 of EDC control unit To pin 13 of EDC control unit Screens	

Boosting pressure transmitter







CURSOR 8 - 10 - 13

VGT SOLENOID VALVE

It is an N.C. proportional solenoid valve placed on the engine basement left-hand side below the turbine (Cursor 8) or on the engine front side (Cursor 10 and Cursor 13).

The electronic control unit, through a PWM signal, manages this solenoid valve and adjusts the turbine actuator pressure. The latter changes its position and thus changes the exhaust gas inflow section on the rotor blades and the speed itself.

VGT CONTROL DIAGRAM

KEYS

- I) Service reservoir
- 2) Shut-off solenoid valve
- 3) Air filter
- 4) VGT solenoid valve
- 5) Actuator position sensor
- 6) Turbine actuator
- 7) EDC control unit
- 8) Ignition key



PRE/POST-HEATING RESISTANCE

The resistance is $\sim 0,7$ Ohm.

Such resistance is placed between the cylinder head and the suction manifold. It is used to heat up air during pre/post-heating operations.

When the ignition key is inserted, should any one of the temperature sensors – water, air, gas oil – detect a value below 10°C, the electronic control unit will activate pre/post-heating and turn on the relevant dashboard warning light for a variable time depending on the temperature.

After that time, the warning light starts blinking thus informing the driver that the engine can be started.

When the engine is running the warning light goes off, while the resistance is being fed for a certain time as a result of post-heating.

If the engine is not started, with the warning light flashing, in 20 / 25 seconds, the operation is cancelled to prevent draining the battery.

On the contrary, if reference temperatures are over 10°C, when the ignition key is inserted the warning light comes on for about 2 seconds and carries out the test and then goes out to signal that the engine can be started.



DIAGNOSIS

Connections of engine (A) and cab/frame (B) wiring looms to EDC control unit





Checking faults through the EDC warning lamp (diagnostics)

Through the EDC warning lamp it is possible to receive information about engine faults

If the warning lamp turns on during normal operation of the vehicle, it means that a fault has occurred which may be:

Warning lamp	Serious fault
glowing steadily	System not working properly
Warning light	Very serious problem
flashing	System not working properly
	Loss of I or more safety functions, and possible engine STOP

Information about the type of fault is given in code form by the EDC warning lamp through a sequence of long and short flashes (blink code).

For the check procedure, the diagnostic button under the UCI compartment lid is used which also incorporates another EDC warning lamp in parallel with the one on the dashboard.

Fault checking/identification procedure

- Stop the vehicle and turn the engine off (STOP)
- set the ignition key to MAR (cluster on and engine stopped);
- press the diagnostic button and check that the EDC warning lamp flashes once;
- after a brief period in which the warning lamp is off, it starts to flash with a sequence of long and then short flashes.

The fault code is given in the table in the next page. For example, code 1.4 means that the warning lamp has given one long flash and four short ones. The procedure should be repeated up to when the first fault code appears again.

INSTRUMENT DIAGNOSIS

MODUS

Computerized diagnosis station for braking systems, air suspensions, engine and electronic-controlled systems. This station has auxiliary functions such as: electronic control unit programming, spare catalogue reference, timing,...

The IVECO WIRING TESTER further expands and integrates MODUS.

Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IVECO WIRING TESTER

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Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IT 2000

IT 2000 is a diagnosis instrument for every IVECO vehicle electronic system. It makes it possible to take prompt action recognizing the chassis number. It stores the results of previously carried out diagnosis actions. It can also be used as a portable Personal Computer for remote diagnosis. If MODUS is used as a mother station, it is possible to update and configure IT 2000. All instruments are interfaced with the vehicle through a 30-pole diagnosis socket.



EDC MS6.2 SW 5.X control unit Blink Table

Blink code	EDC warning lamp *	Fault		
VEHICLE AREA				
1.1	GLOWING STEADILY	Vehicle speed signal		
1.2	GLOWING STEADILY	Torque selector		
1.3	OFF	Cruise Control		
1.4	GLOWING STEADILY	Accelerator pedal		
1.5	OFF	Clutch pressure switch		
1.6	GLOWING STEADILY	Plausibility of brake pedal signal switches		
1.7	OFF	Plausibility between accelerator / brake pedal		
	EN	GINE AREA		
2.1	OFF	Water temperature sensor		
2.2	OFF	Air temperature sensor		
2.3	OFF	Fuel temperature sensor		
2.4	GLOWING STEADILY	Supercharging pressure sensor		
2.5	OFF	Ambient pressure sensor (inside control unit)		
2.6	GLOWING STEADILY	Engine brake switch signal		
3.5	OFF	Battery voltage		
	TUI	RBINE AREA		
4.1	OFF	Turbine actuator pressure sensor		
4.2	GLOWING STEADILY	Turbine rpm sensor		
4.3	GLOWING STEADILY	Turbine over revving		
4.4	GLOWING STEADILY	Turbine control (mechanical fault)		
4.5	GLOWING STEADILY	VGT solenoid valve		
4.6	FLASHING	Engine brake solenoid valve		
	11	NJECTORS		
5.1	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder I		
5.2	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder 4		
5.3	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder 2		
5.4	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder 6		
5.5	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder 3		
5.6	GLOWING STEADILY	Fault on injector cylinder 5		
	ENGIN	E RPM SENSORS		
6.1	GLOWING STEADILY	Flywheel sensor		
6.2	GLOWING STEADILY	l iming gear sensor		
6.4	FLASHING			
70				
7.2	OFF			
7.3	OFF	CAN line (ASK control)		
7.4	OFF	CAN line (gearbox data control)		
7.5	OFF			
7.6	OFF	CAN line (ASK control)		
1.1				
9.1				
2.1 Q D				
9.2				
9.3				
<u>, т</u> 9 с		Incorrect engine stopping procedure		
96		Incorrect data recording in control unit		
* Blink code w	aming lamp off	Inconect data recording in control unit		
 Blink code warning lamp off = slight error Blink code warning lamp glowing steadily = significant error Blink code warning lamp flashing = serious error 				

Engine Brake

Simplified system operation

The "engine brake" system is controlled by the EDC control unit.

There are three engine brake control modes which can be selected using the special switch on the centre dashboard, to be used in the different types of situations/routes (Fig. III.28).

With the selector in the rest position, the button on the cab floor is always operational, (for intermittent use on hills and on snow or ice).

With the selector in position 1 the engine brake is combined with the accelerator pedal, coming into action when the pedal is released (to be used on long downhill roads with steady gradient).

With the selector in position 2 the engine brake is combined with the service brake, functioning starting from the first section of pedal stroke and maintaining the position (essentially to be used to reduce service brake wear for routes where much use of it is needed).

Every time the engine brake is engaged a warning lamp on the cluster turns on.

Engagement of the engine brake in combination with the accelerator pedal disables all the adjustment operations connected with the Cruise Control.





Engine brake solenoid valve (78050)

This is an on/off N.C. solenoid valve located in the front part of the engine on the head.

The electronic control unit drives this valve to open the flow of engine oil to operate the engine brake hydraulic cylinders.

A warning lamp on the dashboard is connected in parallel to this solenoid value to alert the driver that it has cut in.

Powering this solenoid value, the control unit also activates the VGT.

The engine brake can only be activated if the rpm is > 1000 rpm and, if the water temperature exceeds 30°C the electronic control unit disables this function. The coil resistance is 37 - 47 Ohm

Accelerator pedal pressed switch (85152)

This switch is used by the electronic control unit to engage the engine brake when the accelerator pedal is released if the engine brake setting switch has been selected at this function.

Brake pedal switch (53565)

This switch is used by the electronic control unit to switch on the exhaust brake when the brake pedal is pressed as of the first section of the stroke if the exhaust brake fitting switch has been selected on this function.

Engine brake switch (53520)

This is an N.O. switch fitted on the cab floor. It supplies the electronic control unit a negative signal for engaging the engine brake.

Engine brake setting switch (52324)

The function of this switch is to combine the engine brake with the accelerator or service brake. In the former case the engine brake cuts in when the accelerator is released, while in the latter it cuts in starting from the first section of pedal stroke. With the switch in the neutral position the engine brake control on the cab floor can be used.

ENGINE BRAKE SOLENOID VALVE

It is an N.C. on/off solenoid valve.

In Cursor 8 it is placed on the engine front side (head).

In Cursor 10 - 13 it is placed under the tappet cover.

The electronic control unit manages this solenoid valve and lets the oil flow to the engine to actuate the engine brake hydraulic cylinders.

This solenoid value is connected in parallel to a warning light on the dashboard to inform the driver that the operation has been carried out.

By feeding this solenoid valve the control units activates also the VGT solenoid valve.

The engine brake can be activated ONLY when the engine revs are > 1000 rpm.

It is connected to the electronic control unit by pins A3 / A32.

The coil resistance is \sim 37 \div Ohm.



CURSOR 8





CURSOR 10 - 13

ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR ACCELERATOR PRESSED SWITCH

The accelerator pedal position sensor (85152) is fitted with a potentiometer and an incorporated N.A. minimum switch. It provides the control unit with a value proportional to the pedal activation angle, thus defining the fuel delivery. The control unit power supplies such sensor with a tension of 5 Volt.

The potentiometer resistance is \sim 0,9 ÷ 1 kOhm.

It is connected to the electronic control unit with pins B16 / B17 / B23 / B25 / B35.

ONLY CURSOR 8

Also the accelerator pressed switch (53566) N.C. with pedal released is an integral part of the same component. This switch is used by the electronic control unit to engage the engine brake when the accelerator pedal is released and the engine brake pre-arrangement switch has been selected.

In Cursor 10 this switch is NOT used since such signal is detected by the switch incorporated in the potentiometer (pin 4 and 5).



00600t



CURSOR (8 - 10 - 13)



Location and identificati	on of main compone	ents of engine brake system
---------------------------	--------------------	-----------------------------

Ref.	Component code	Description
A	58903	Cluster with 10 indicators
B	53520	Switch for engine brake control
C	52324	Switch for setting engine brake
D	53565	Switch for signalling brake pedal pressed
E	61122	Container with 4 resistances for engine brake
F	78050	Engine brake solenoid control valve
G	85152	Load sensor on throttle for EDC

Engine brake principle wiring diagram ž -0000-▲^B2 □ ST24₁₀ 8210 e 61122 2800 Ъ 1800 +30 6100-90 ☐ ST795 ▲E9 □ ST249 7 53565 ∎⁸ SI79₄ 0000 -0158-0158--0158-R 26B 52324 ģ Q -0043-25B 1800 88 2800 -6100-[32A] 3A] 53520 <u>____</u> 0 85150 35B 2910 23B/16B 8919 85152 m 2919 86 25006 4 17B m 6910 ដ 5 М 78050 53501 9211 4 18 -2111 Ť -6627 Ē -a.s 7888 0000 25213 A 58903 87 25924 -0517 2088 LLL 15 5101 -5123 -5123 -÷ 15/A 52502 7777**-**d Að ß 17776 75000 20000 92 Έ ╢ 11 LLL

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ECAS

Introduction

The advantages of traditional air suspension are:

- Greater riding comfort thanks to reduced stiffness and natural frequency.
- Constant height of the loading floor, regardless of the load.
- Better adjustment of the braking system as a function of the load.

Description and operation

The E.C.A.S. (Electronically Controlled Air Suspension) system offers several additional advantages:

- Appreciable reduction in air consumption.
- Very fast adjustment processes.
- Simplified system layout.
- High degree of built-in safety.
- Possibility of exhaustive system testing.

The ECAS system automatically controls the nominal level of the vehicle's air suspension, enabling the additional rear axle of the vehicle to be lifted when this is required by the vehicle's operating conditions, and make it possible to transfer the load onto the drive axle at take-off, if adherence is low (aid at take-off).

By means of the provisions pre-wired in the vehicles electrical network, the system can be combined with hydraulic steering of the additional rear axle.

All the foregoing operations can be performed in given operating conditions and are governed by the safety devices of the systems involved.



Air suspension operation diagram (Cursor 8 - 10 - 13)

KEYS

1. TACHOGRAPH - 2. REAR RH LEVEL SENSOR - 3. RH REAR AXLE PRESSURE SENSOR - 4. RH 3RD AXIS PRESSURE SENSOR - 5. REAR AXLE ELECTRIC AIR DISTRIBUTOR - 6. LIFTER PRESSURE SENSOR - 7. LH 3RD AXIS PRESSURE SENSOR - 8. LH REAR AXLE PRESSURE SENSOR - 9. REAR LH LEVEL SENSOR - 10. 3RD AXIS RAISING/LOWERING BUTTON - 11. PICKUP AID BUTTON - 12. REMOTE CONTROL - 13. AXLE LEVEL SENSOR - 14. AXLE ELECTRIC AIR DISTRIBUTOR - 15. 30-POLE DIAGNOSIS CONNECTOR - 16. SYSTEM LOW PRESSURE SENSOR - 17. SYSTEM LOW PRESSURE WARN-ING LIGHT - 18. ECAS FAILURE WARNING LIGHT - 19. OFF TRIM WARNING LIGHT - 20. 3RD AXIS RAISING WARNING LIGHT - 21. PICKUP AID WARNING LIGHT

Air suspension

The ECAS control unit automatically controls the level (distance from the road surface) of the frame on the basis of the actual values supplied by sensors, which are compared with the rated values stored in the memory of the system.

In the event of a deviation or change in attitude, the control unit activates the electro-pneumatic assemblies so as to correct the actual level with respect to the rated value set or memorised previously by the driver.

The system has a remote control device for the lifting/lowering and frame levelling operations, which can be used both when the vehicle is standing and while it moves.

In addition to the lifting, lowering and self-levelling operations, this remote control device makes it possible to memorise other frame attitude levels and recall them as necessary as a function of the operating conditions.

For a correct use of the remote control feature, see the vehicle's "USE AND MAINTENANCE" booklet.

For $4x^2$ and $6x^4$ version vehicles, it is necessary, with the vehicle stationary, to set the key-operated selector on +15 to be able to modify the vehicle's attitude by means of the remote control unit.

For 6x2 versions (STAND-BY function), set the key-operated selector on +15. Press the remote control STOP button and at the same time set the key-operated selector back on STOP.

In either case, the air reservoirs must be full.

All the operations on the stabiliser bars (e.g. replacement of bushes, hangers, the bars themselves) must be performed with the control panel off!

If the stabiliser bars are disconnected, if the ignition key is turned on "ON", the ECAS is unable to control the frame level in a stable manner, due to the low stiffness of the frame: this will result in the vehicle bending on one of the sides, in a random manner, only limited by the interference with the ground and by the tank brackets or spare wheel.

\wedge

Before opening the main breaker, set the key-operated selector on STOP, if the latter has been turned on, so as to prevent the electronic control unit from losing the data concerning optimised traction.

When the key-operated selector is set on +15, the electronic control unit performs a system check, as borne out by the lighting up of a red telltale for about 2 seconds (ref. 2, page 15).

When the vehicle is moving, the manners and times of vehicle attitude adjustment mainly depend on vehicle speed and are determined by given operating and safety conditions.

The driver can change the attitude if the speed of the vehicle is lower than 30 km/h.

When this limit is passed, the system inhibits any request for attitude variations on the part of the driver. The latter is still able to request the frame self-levelling function, which can be activated at any speed.

When the brakes are being applied, any intervention on the part of the control unit, to vary/adjust the attitude of the frame, is ignored by the system, or interrupted if already underway. At the end of the braking process, as the brake pedal is released, the electronic control unit resumes its normal operating conditions.

As mentioned before, the level sensors inform the control unit as to the actual conditions of the frame.

If these sensors detect displacements of the frame outside their operating range, the electronic control unit waits 60 seconds before stepping in, to make sure that the new condition is stable.

This condition may occur when the vehicle is negotiating a bend.

In such conditions, in fact, the vehicle's attitude undergoes variations which are naturally counteracted at the end of the bend.















CABLE	FUNCTION
8810 6402	Keyed power supply positive Communication line with remote control Pin 3
1199	Line L for diagnosis connector
2299	Line K for diagnosis connector
6403	Communication line with remote control Pin 4
5540	Vehicle speed signal (B 7 tachograph)
6008	Negative for E.C.A.S. failure warning light
0000	Negative
0400	Negative for rear level sensor
5422	Positive for rear level sensor
9424	Positive for rear chassis control solenoid valve
9423	Positive for power supply solenoid valve
1176	Positive for stop light switch
6007	Negative for off trim chassis warning light
	CABLE 8810 6402 1199 2299 6403 5540 6008 0000 6403 5540 6008 0000 0400 5422 9424 9423 0400 5422 9424 9423 1176 6007

CURSOR 8/10/13

MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS

ECAS electronic control unit (ECU)

The electronic control unit is situated on the right rear lateral support on the passenger side.

To have access to the electronic control unit it is necessary to take down the guard, as shown in the figure.



TAKING DOWN THE SIDE GUARD



III.39 I. ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNIT - 2. REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH ASSEMBLY - 3. - JOINT FOR REAR ADDED AXLE HYDRAULIC STEERING SYSTEM (ST36) - 4. SYSTEM GROUNDING POINT
" 8550 " / " 86023 " electronic control unit

The electronic control unit makes it possible to manage the different frame positions as a function of the driver's requests expressed with the aid of the remote control switch.

When the key-operated selector is turned on, the electronic control unit performs a system test by powering the yellow and red telltales on the dashboard for about 2 sec.

If an anomaly is detected, depending on its severity, the red light will stay on permanently or blink, whilst the yellow light can stay on only if the vehicle is not at normal level or a plausibility error is detected.

Having to keep the travelling levels requested by the driver constant and at the same time reduce the consumption of air, the electronic control unit checks cyclically the signals coming from the level sensors, and steps in for a correction ONLY in the presence of a deviation of over 5 counts.

The correction is applied with a delay of:

- cal sec. if the vehicle is stationary
- ca 60 sec. if the vehicle is moving.

If the level is not restored within a maximum time period of 30 sec. since the start of the correction, the electrical control unit memorises a plausibility error.

N.B. All this applies ONLY if the vehicle has been moving for at least 5 min., as the system delays all checks to enable the compressed air system to be recharged.

If the brakes are applied, upon receiving a signal from the stop light switch, the electronic control unit stops all automatic level adjustment operations.

Though it features a "blink code" displayed by means of a red failure warning light for a preliminary diagnosis, the electronic control unit is equipped with a highly advanced self-testing facility, and it is able to recognise and memorise any fault, as a function of environmental conditions, including intermittent system faults as may occur during system operation, so as ensure more reliable and effective repairs.

All testing, programming, fault memory clearance interventions, etc. can be executed by means of the computerised testing station "MODUS".

All system components, other than the steering system, are connected to the electronic control unit by means of a comb-type connector.

Pin numbering varies depending on the version, and so does the type of control unit.

Characteristic data:

Supply	WABCO
Power supply voltage	from 18 to 32 V
Temperature range	from - 40° to + 70°C

Level sensor

The level sensor, which is the same on all systems, consists of a coil fastened to the frame and a small piston.

By means of a cam and a lever connected to the axle, with each change in height, the small piston is moved inside the coil and changes the inductance of the latter.

These variations help the electronic control unit to intervene in the different system operating stages.

The measure of sensor's connecting lever IS FIXED AND CANNOT BE ADJUSTED.

The following measurements are available depending on the type of vehicle:

CHARACTERISTIC DATA

Power supply voltage	Pulse 5 to 15V
Measuring principle	Inductive
Current drained	Max. 100 mA
Working range of lever	Max. 100°



DO NOT EVER WORK ON THE LINKAGE TO ADJUST THE ATTITUDE!







Rated characteristic curve of the sensor as a function of the angular displacement of the lever

Load sensing valve

The load sensing valve, which is the same on all systems, is installed solely in vehicles 6x2 in the air springs of the rear axle and the added axle, and in vehicles equipped with the aid at take-off device.

These load sensing values are used by the control unit to evaluate the distribution of the load between the axles and decide whether or not to enable the management of the added axle, and aid at take-off.

The component being considered is connected to the system via a 3-pin connector:

- Pin I Power supply positive
- Pin 2 Negative
- Pin 3 Signal

The characteristic curve of the load sensing valve as a function of the pressure in the air spring is illustrated below.







Power supply voltage
Current drained
Measuring range
Admissible overpressure

8 to 32 V 30 mA max 0 to 10 bar 16 bar



Air suspension pressure low manometer switch

The manometer switch is situated in the proximity of the auxiliary unit air reservoir, on the air suspension delivery pipe.

Its function is to warn the driver that the supply pressure is low (<8 bar) through a visual indicator on the facia.

Signal amplifier

The speedometer signal amplifier transmits a pulse to the ECAS control unit.

To have access to the component it is necessary to take down the lower right side guards of the facia.



 III.40
I. TO THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM - 2. FREE - 3. CAB GROUND - 4. TO THE ECAS SYSTEM - 5. FREE - 6. SIGNAL FROM THE ELECTRONIC TACHOGRAPH - 7. TO THE THIRD ADDED AXLE HYDRAULIC STEERING SYSTEM - 8. POWER SUPPLY + 15 -9. TO THE ABS/ASR SYSTEM

Electropneumatic distributor

5 basic types of distributor are used, depending on type of vehicle.

One of these, the one fitted to the front axle is always the same model for all-air suspension vehicles, whilst the type of distributor equipping the rear axle changes depending on vehicle type.

*	Function	Cable colour
I		5540
2	Signal for RETARDER system	-
3	Earth	0000
4	Signal for ECAS system	-
5	Signal for TEC system	-
6	Spare	-
7	To EDC control unit	5155
8	Power supply	8871
9	Signal from tachograph B7	5540

"9820 " / "78242 " axle electropneumatic distributor

This component is used on all the vehicles featuring all-air suspension.

It consists of a control solenoid value and two pneumatic distributors for the management of both sides of the axle.

To prevent pressure transfers between the air-springs and hence stabilise the axle, a calibrated hole is provided on the interior connection between the two outlets.

The electropneumatic distributor is connected to the system via a 3-pin connector:

- Pin I Solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 Negative



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"9838" / "78243" electropneumatic distributor

This component is adopted solely in 4×2 TP vehicles.

It is made up of two control solenoid valves, "A" and "B", and three pneumatic distributors.

Solenoid valve "A" is responsible for managing the charging / discharge distributor.

Solenoid valve "B" has the task of managing the frame attitude distributors.

The electropneumatic distributor is connected to the system via a 4-pin connector:

- Pin I "A" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 Common negative
- Pin 3 "B" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 ---





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"9838 " / "78243 " rear axle electropneumatic distributor

This component is adopted in both $4 \times 2 P$ - FP - TFP and 6x4 vehicles.

It is made up of three control solenoid valves, "A", "B" and "C", and as many pneumatic distributors.

Solenoid valve "A" is responsible for managing the charging / discharge distributor.

Solenoid valve "B" has the task of managing the right hand side frame attitude distributor.

Solenoid valve "C" has the task of managing the left hand side frame attitude distributor.

The electropneumatic distributor is connected to the system via a 4-pin connector.

- Pin I "A" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 3 "B" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 3 "C" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 Common negative



"9838 " / "78243 " rear axle electropneumatic distributor

This component is adopted in 6×2 vehicles.

It is made up of five control solenoid valves, "A", "B", "C", "E" and "F", and as many pneumatic distributors.

Solenoid valve "A" is responsible for managing the charging / discharge distributor.

Solenoid valve "B" has the task of managing the right hand side rear axle attitude distributor.

Solenoid valve "C" has the task of managing the left hand side rear axle attitude distributor.

Solenoid valve "E" has the task of managing the right hand side added axle attitude distributor.

Solenoid valve "F" has the task of managing the left hand side added axle attitude distributor.

The electropneumatic distributor is connected to the system via a 4-pin connector:

"ľ"

- Pin I "A" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 "B" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 3 "C" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 Common negative

"II"

- Pin I "E" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 Common negative
- Pin 3 "F" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 Common negative



"9838" / "78243" rear axle electropneumatic distributor

This component is adopted in 6 x 2 P vehicles with pneumatic lifting system and it is made up of six control solenoid valves, "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", and as many pneumatic distributors. Solenoid valve "A" is responsible for managing the charging/discharge distributor. Solenoid valve "B" is responsible for managing the right hand side rear axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "C" is responsible for managing the left hand side rear axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "D" is responsible for managing the right hand side added axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "E" is responsible for managing the left hand side added axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "E" is responsible for managing the left hand side added axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "F" is responsible for managing the left hand side added axle attitude distributor. Solenoid valve "F" is responsible for managing the left hand side added axle attitude distributor.

"ľ"

- Pin I "A" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 "B" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 3 "C" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 Common negative

"II"

- Pin 1 "F" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 2 "D" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 3 "E" solenoid valve power supply positive
- Pin 4 Common negative



" 8568 " / " 85065 " remote control unit

The traditional controls to the side of the driver's seat have been replaced with a remote control unit located on the left of the driver's seat.

This device makes it possible to manage the different frame attitude functions.

It can be pulled out and therefore can be used both from the cab and from the ground.

It has two sets of selection buttons and two indicator lights, and namely:

- A) Green telltale for front axle selection *
- B) Green telltale for rear axle selection
- 1) Front axle selection *
- 2) Rear axle selection
- 3) Level "I" memory
- 4) Level "2" memory
- 5) Frame levelling
- 6) Frame lifting
- 7) Frame lowering
- 8) STOP

The remote control unit is connected to the system via a 4-pin connector:

- Pin I Power supply positive
- Pin 2 Negative
- Pin 3 Communication line to ECU
- Pin 4 Communication line to ECU

As for the use of this remote control unit, see the chapter entitled "Operation"

* only in full pneumatic vehicles



Added axle lifting system

As an alternative to the electrically operated pump described before, it is possible to lift the added axle by means of an air-spring (part "2" in the figure).

To this end, a solenoid valve has been added to the "9838"/"78243" rear axle distributor which manages the lifting process (see page 46).

All operating conditions and the relative safety devices are again managed by the ECAS electronic control unit.



Description and operation Frame lifting

This operation can be activated ONLY at vehicle speeds < 30 km/h. When this speed is exceeded, the chosen attitude remains constant. To lift the frame, proceed as follows:

- press button "I" to select the axle; the relative telltale(s) "A" and/or "B" will light up
- press button "6" to obtain the desired level.

As button "6" is released, all the solenoid valves are deenergised and restored to their resting / constant level conditions. During this operation, a yellow telltale lights up on the dash indicating the out-of-attitude condition. This condition and the relative indication will be maintained, even if the key-operated selector is turned off and on. The maximum lifting limit is governed by the level sensors as a function of the values set in the control unit. **N.B.** The description of the buttons refers to the numbering of the FP remote control unit.



REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, P VERSION



REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, FP VERSION

Frame lowering

This operation can be activated ONLY at vehicle speeds < 30 km/h.

When this speed is exceeded, the chosen attitude remains constant.

To lower the frame, proceed as follows:

- press button(s) "I" and/or "2" to select the axle; at this point, the relative telltale(s) "A" and/or "B" will light up
- press button(s) "6" or "7" until the desired level is reached.

As button "6" or "7" is released, all the solenoid valves are deenergised and restored to their resting / constant level conditions.

During this operation, a yellow telltale lights up on the dash indicating the out-of-attitude condition.

This condition and the relative indication will be maintained even if the key-operated selector is turned off and on.

The maximum lowering limit is governed by the level sensors as a function of the values set in the control unit.

N.B. The description of the buttons refers to the numbering of the FP remote control unit.





REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, P VERSION

REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, FP VERSION

Frame levelling

This operation can be activated at any speed.

To level the frame, proceed as follows:

- press button(s) "I" or "2" to select the desired axle; at this point, the relative telltale "A" or "B" will light up
- press button "5".

By recalling this operation, the yellow telltale on the dash will go out to tell the driver that the frame has been levelled. This condition and the relative indication will be maintained even if the key-operated selector is turned off and on. At a speed of over 20 km/h, if the self-levelling key has not been pressed, the control unit will automatically re-establish the frame level.

To know the height reached by the frame, see the chapter concerning vehicle attitude.

Levels "M I" - "M 2"

The system makes it possible to memorise two additional attitude levels, "M1" and "M2", as a function of operating needs.

These two positions can be recalled ONLY at a speed lower than 30 km/h. To activate them, proceed as follows:

- press button(s) "I" or "2" to select an axle; at this point, the relative telltale "A" or "B" will light up
- press button ''3'' or ''4''.

By recalling this operation, the yellow telltale on the dash will light up to tell the driver that the frame is out-of-attitude. To memorise levels "M1" or "M2" proceed as follows:

- press button "I" to select the front axle; at the same time, the relative telltale ("A") will light up
- press button "6" or "7" until the desired level is reached
- REPEAT THE SAME OPERATIONS FOR THE REAR AXLE
- press button "8" and keep it pressed
- press button "3" or "4"
- release button "3" or "4" and then button "8"
- N.B. In an emergency, press button "8" to stop the levelling process.

The description of the buttons refers to the numbering of remote control unit FP.



REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, P VERSION



REMOTE CONTROL UNIT, FP VERSION

Management of added axle (pneumatic lifting system)

This solution, adopted on 240 P and 260 P vehicles, enables the driver to lift the added axle when this is required by the vehicle's operating conditions.

Furthermore, the system has a speed limited device which makes it possible to transfer the load onto the drive axle at the take-off stage in poor adherence conditions.

All operating conditions and the relative safety devices are managed by the E.C.A.S. control unit.

LEGEND

- I. Electropneumatic distributor
- 2. Level sensor
- 3. Rear axle air-spring
- 4. Rear axle load sensing valve
- 5. Lifting system air-spring pressure detector
- 6. Lifting system air-spring
- 7. Added axle air-spring
- 8. Added axle air intake one-directional valve
- 9. Added axle load sensing valve



Added axle lifting

This operation can be activated ONLY at vehicle speeds < 30 km/h, regardless of the position of the frame, with a load on the drive axle < 11.5 t.

If already underway, the lifting stage will be completed even if the limit speed is exceeded.

To lift the added axle, press the special button in the central control panel on the dash, in position "I".

When this button is pressed, the electronic control unit evaluates the feasibility of this operation by checking the axle loading conditions.

If the load on the drive axle at the end of this check is > 11.5 t, the operation WILL NOT be performed.

If the vehicle is at the levelling stage, the out-of-attitude warning light will light up until the level is restored.

The axle will be lowered automatically with a delay of 5 sec. if the load exceeds 11.5 t and the vehicle is stationary, while it will stay lifted even if this limit is exceeded at any speed.

N.B. With the axle lifted, the position of the frame will always be higher than the initial position by ca 15 mm.





Added axle lowering

This operation can be activated ONLY at vehicle speeds < 30 km/h, regardless of the position of the frame. If already underway, the lowering process will be concluded even if the limit speed is exceeded. To lower the added axle, press the special button located on the central panel of the dash, in position "2". If the vehicle is at the levelling stage, the out-of-attitude warning light will light up until the level is restored. The axle will be lowered automatically with a delay of 5 sec. if the load exceeds 11.5 t and the vehicle is stationary.





Aid at take-off (Air Suspension Vehicles)

This operation can be activated regardless of the position of the frame with any load up to the maximum admissible rear axle load, and up to a speed of 30 km/h.

If the max. admissible load or the speed of 30 km/h are exceeded, the system automatically disables this function and restores the normal frame attitude.

Aid at take-off is obtained by pressing a specific button located in the central panel on the facia, and setting it on "1". When this button is pressed, the electronic control unit evaluates the feasibility of this operation by checking the axle loading conditions.

If the load on the drive axle at the end of this check is greater than the maximum admissible value, the operation WILL NOT be performed.

Otherwise, the control unit will activate solenoid valves "D" and "E" to discharge the air from the added axle air-springs, then it will activate solenoid valve "A" and will release solenoid valves "D" and "E", and, at the same time, will activate solenoid valve "F" enabling the compressed air to reach the lifting system air-spring, and will light up the aid at take-off and the axle lifted telltales.

The lifting of the added axle is limited mechanically by the buffers equipping the axle which are rested on the frame.

N.B. With the axle lifted, the control unit will adjust the pressure inside the lifting system air-spring to between 7 and 8 bar.

This pressure is controlled by the control unit by means of the pneumatic lifting system pressure detector and as a function of the settings.

If the vehicle is at the levelling stage, the out-of-attitude warning light will also light up and it will stay on until the level is restored.

This function can also be halted manually by keeping the activation button pressed for over 3 sec.

N.B. With the axle lifted, the position of the frame will always be higher than the initial position by ca 15 mm.



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Management of steering added axle

To ensure greater safety to the vehicles with steering added rear axle when running on a straight, rear axle steering is activated when the axle wheels have completed a steering angle of 5° at a speed lower than 45 km/h.

The transmission of the front axle steering energy to the rear added axle takes place hydrostatically by means of an operator cylinder fitted at front and a centring cylinder fitted to the rear added axle.

A hydraulic accumulator stores and maintains the oil in the system as a function of the displacements of the centring cylinder, with no volume losses.

Whenever the speed limits are exceeded or the added axle lifting mechanism is started, the wheels of the added axle are realigned.

To enable the steering function again, the front axle wheels have to go through the central driving position, the speed has to be lower than 45 km/h and, needless to say, the rear added axle has to be down.





DIAGNOSIS

System diagnosis

ECAS system fault-finding can be performed by means of the following tools:

A - Modus 99327000

As a function of system faults, the RED failure warning light behaves as follows:

- FIXED light: tells the driver that there is minor fault
- BLINKING light: reflects the presence of a severe fault

REPAIR OPERATIONS

Blink code activation and reading

The Blink Code system "displays" one fault at a time, and therefore, in order to identify all the faults memorised by the ECU it is necessary to perform the code activation procedure several times.

The Blink Code system can be activated by connecting the L line of the Diagnostic socket (ISO) in the ECU to the ground for at least two seconds.

The code is made up of luminous indications, and namely:

Tens 2 sec (Slow blinking)

Units 0.5 sec (Fast blinking)

INSTRUMENT DIAGNOSIS

MODUS

Computerized diagnosis station for braking systems, air suspensions, engine and electronic-controlled systems. This station has auxiliary functions such as: electronic control unit programming, spare catalogue reference, timing,...

The IVECO WIRING TESTER further expands and integrates MODUS. Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IVECO WIRING TESTER

Further expands and integrates MODUS.

Such instrument is manufactured by IVECO to improve diagnosis of the vehicle electric and electronic systems. It makes it possible to test the vehicle wiring and to measure the system itself.

IT 2000

IT 2000 is a diagnosis instrument for every IVECO vehicle electronic system. It makes it possible to take prompt action recognizing the chassis number. It stores the results of previously carried out diagnosis actions. It can also be used as a portable Personal Computer for remote diagnosis. If MODUS is used as a mother station, it is possible to update and configure IT 2000. All instruments are interfaced with the vehicle through a 30-pole diagnosis socket.



0001068t

Blink code table for ECAS control unit

"4 X 2"

Fault	Fault code
Control unit	
Error in ECU configuration parameters	01
Error in calibration parameters	02
Fault in internal memory	03 / 04
Sampling of level sensor values	06
Right rear level sensor	
Break / short circuit on positive side	10
Short circuit on ground side	14
Plausibility failure at lifting stage	40
Plausibility failure at lowering stage	44
Left rear level sensor	
Break / short circuit on positive side	
Short circuit on ground side	15
Plausibility failure at lifting stage	41
Plausibility failure at lowering stage	45
Front level sensor	
Break / short circuit on positive side	12
Short circuit on ground side	16
Plausibility failure at lifting stage	42
Plausibility failure at lowering stage	46
Charge / discharge solenoid valve	
Break / short circuit on positive side	20
Short circuit on ground side	30
Front solenoid valve	
Break / short circuit on positive side	23
Short circuit on ground side	33
Right rear solenoid valve	
Break / short circuit on positive side	22
Short circuit on ground side	32
Left rear solenoid valve	
Break / short circuit on positive side	21
Short circuit on ground side	31

Blink code table for ECAS control unit |"6 X 2 WITH PNEUMATIC LIFTING SYSTEM"

Fault	Fault code
Control unit	
ROM	01
Distance sensor calibration data	02
Parameter	03
Pressure sensor calibration data	07
WABCO data	08
Distance sensor evaluation circuit for value standardisation	09
Specific WABCO data	80
RAM cell defective	04
Interior valve relay or break on pin I	06
Speed signal (break or short circuit on positive side)	81
Sensor error: break/short circuit on positive side	
RH rear axle distance sensor (pin 8)	10
LH rear axle distance sensor (pin 25)	
Front axle distance sensor (pin 26)	12
Sensor error: short circuit on positive side	
Lifting bellows pressure error (pin 24)	13
Right rear axle pressure sensor (pin 23)	14
Left rear axle pressure sensor (pin 7)	15
Right lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 5)	16
Left lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 6)	17
Sensor error: short circuit on grounding side	
RH rear axle distance sensor (pin 8)	20
LH rear axle distance sensor (pin 25)	21
Front axle distance sensor (pin 26)	22
Sensor error: break/short circuit on grounding side	
Lifting bellows pressure error (pin 24)	23
Right rear axle pressure sensor (pin 23)	24
Left rear axle pressure sensor (pin 7)	25
Right lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 5)	26
Left lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 6)	27
Valve error: break/short circuit on positive side	20
Central 3/2 solenoid valve (pin 15)	30
Left rear axle solenoid valve (pin 13)	31
Right rear axle solenoid valve (pin 31)	32
Left lifting axle solenoid valve (pin 12)	33
Right lifting axle solenoid valve (pin 30)	34
Front axle solenoid valve (pin 11)	36
Lifting bellows solenoid valve/ lifting cyl. relay hydr. valve (pin 14)	37
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Valve error: Dreak/short circuit on	40
Central 3/2 solenoid valve (pin 15)	40
Left rear axie solenoid valve (pin 13)	41
Right rear axie solenoid valve (pin 31)	42
Dielt lifting axie solenoid valve (pin 12)	43
Right lifting axie solehold valve (pin 30)	44
Front axie solenoid valve (pin 11)	40
Litung bellows solehold valve/ litung cyl. relay nydr. valve (pin 14)	47
Acceptability warning during lifting/charging	70
PH roan avia distance concer (pin 9)	50
I H rear axle distance sensor (pin 25)	50
Front ave distance sensor (pin 26)	51 52
Lifting bellows pressure sensor (pin 24)	52
Right lifting ave pressure sensor (pin 5)	54
Left lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 6)	57
	57

Fault	Fault code
Acceptability warning during lowering/discharge	
RH rear axle distance sensor (pin 8)	60
LH rear axle distance sensor (pin 25)	61
Front axle distance sensor (pin 26)	62
Lifting bellows pressure sensor (pin 24)	63
Right rear axle pressure sensor (pin 23)	64
Left rear axle pressure sensor (pin 7)	65
Right lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 5)	66
Left lifting axle pressure sensor (pin 6)	67

IMMOBILIZER

To increase protection against theft, vehicles have been equipped with an electronic system that blocks the engine, called **"Immobilizer"**, that is activated automatically when the ignition key is taken out. The keys are actually equipped with an electronic device called **"Transponder"** that transmits a coded signal to a specific electronic control unit **"ICU"** that will allow the engine to be started only if it recognizes the code sent.

General characteristics

System components

The system can be summarized as comprising the following main components:

- Immobilizer control unit (ICU)
- Steering lock + no. 2 keys with the "Transponder" electronic device (non separable)
- Antenna (on the ignition switch)
- Fuel flow actuator (ACT) EDC type
- Code_card (specific card with electronic PIN code and mechanical code)

Installation.

In order to function correctly, the system requires an installation process that comprises the following stages:

- Key learning
- Actuator learning

At the end of installation, Immobilizer's control unit will be able to recognize any tampering by recognizing the components that are univocally connected to it (non separable).

How it works.

With the key in the "on" position the Transponder contained in the key generates a code that is received by the Immobilizer control unit through the antenna.

The control unit sends a request to the actuator for a validation process communicating the code received.

The actuator decodes the code and compares it to data memorized during the installation process.

If the comparison is correct, the actuator sends the control unit a request to enable the fuel flow.

The control unit processes the request and if everything is in order sends the command to release fuel to the actuator. The vehicle can now be started.



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KEYS

I. "Immobilizer" control unit - 2. Code Card - 3. Electronic key - 4. Antenna - 5. Instrument panel - 6. Immobilizer failure warning light - 7. Electric injectors - 8. EDC 6.2 control unit



The main functions of the control unit are:

- to recognize the introduction and rotation of the key in the switch;
- to activate and read the secret code emitted by the "Transponder";
- to manage and control the processing of the codes;
- to communicate with the "EDC" control unit;
- to memorize any failures;
- to diagnose the system.



Antenna



The antenna is assembled coaxially to the key switch. Its function is to:

- Provide energy to the "Transponder" of the key to send the secret code
- Receive the signal from the ''Transponder'' and send it to the control unit

The antenna is connected to the control unit at PINs A1-A2


Optical failure indicator



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Located on the vehicle dashboard it informs the driver that the system is functioning correctly, or of any possible failures.

By inserting the ignition key in the "on" position, the control unit carries out a system test and the light comes on for approximately **"4 seconds".**

If after said time it goes off, this means that the key has been recognized and the system is functioning correctly, and any other behavior indicates possible system failures.

Electronic keys (no.2)



The handle of the key contains an electronic device called a **"Transponder"** that is **NOT** powered by any battery, this device contains and transmits the secret code.

By inserting the key, the **"Transponder"** is activated and therefore energized by the radio waves emitted by the antenna (assembled on the lock of the key switch) and automatically replies by emitting the secret code. If the two codes match, the control unit enables the vehicle to be started, if they don't match it blocks the flow of fuel and therefore the vehicle cannot be started.

- Two keys are supplied.
- Each key contains a "Transponder" with the relative secret code.
- It is VERY IMPORTANT to follow the correct procedure for key learning.

The "Transponders" in the keys cannot be removed. There is no master key.

Code Card

A card that shows two types of code:

- Electronic code
- Mechanical code

Electronic code

This code is essential to start the engine in an emergency situation (key is not recognized, or control unit is not functioning).

The code can be inserted by depressing the accelerator pedal.

Mechanical code

This code is necessary in the event of a request for a duplicate key (mechanical part). Keep the Code card in a safe easily accessible place



Emergency procedure (starting)

If the vehicle does not start because the key is not recognized, or the immobilizer control unit is broken, etc. a **specific** starting procedure needs to be followed.

It is essential to insert the "Electronic code", shown on the "Code Card", ONLY by depressing on the accelerator pedal as described below:

- 9. Insert the key in the ignition and turn to the "on" position
- 10. The EDC indicator will start to flash rapidly after approx. 2 seconds.
- 11. Depress the accelerator pedal and keep it depressed for around approx. 10 seconds.
- 12. The EDC indicator will begin to flash slowly, release the pedal.
- 13. When the number of flashes corresponds to the first number of the **"Electronic code"**, depress the accelerator pedal right down to the floor and then release it. (During this depression, the EDC indicator should remain off).
- 14. Continue in this way with the accelerator pedal for the remaining four numbers of the "Electronic code".
- 15. At the end of the sequence, if the code introduced is correct, and there are no failures in the system, the EDC indicator will stop flashing. This means that the operation has been concluded correctly.
- 16. Start the vehicle.

Key memorization





In the event that the key is lost or for its replacement, a specific procedure must be followed using **only the specific diagnostic devices**.

This procedure can only be carried out with the assistance of the Modus, IWT

The key memorization procedure can be carried out even if the EDC control unit is not connected.

- The keys have already undergone a learning procedure, and therefore belong to that ICU.
- It is possible to "teach" new and old keys.
- In each case the keys used (enabled on ignition) can never be more than three in number and can only be those used during the last learning process.
- A key that has been previously memorized but not inserted in the last learning process will not be able to start the vehicle.

The memorization procedure can only be carried out after having correctly inserted the **Electronic Code** shown on the Code Card supplied.

There are two different procedures, depending on the following situations:

- Replacement or addition of one or more keys.
- Installation of a new Immobilizer control unit.

The two procedures are described in the "Diagnosis" chapter.

Problems during memorization of keys

In the event that the procedure fails, the indicator does not go out.

- 1) The same key has been inserted twice non-consecutively.
- 2) The key has not been turned to the stop position quickly enough.
- 3) More than three keys have been attempted to be memorized.
- 4) Learning process carried out with keys that are not part of the same kit (only in installation procedure).
- 5) Learning procedure carried out with keys that have already been used in other ICU.
- 6) Problems with learning procedure not being carried out correctly.

Possible failures

On MH vehicles the immobilizer is installed as an OPT. The system comprises:

- I) Steering lock with keys
- 2) Antenna (on ignition switch)
- 3) Immobilizer control unit(ICU)
- 4) EDC actuator

Listed below are possible causes of failure, and the spare parts that can be supplied with a brief description of how to repair/replace the various components.

Possible failures:

- I) Steering lock is broken
- 2) Broken door locks
- 3) Mechanical/electronic (transponder) breaking of a key
- 4) Immobilizer control unit is broken
- 5) E.D.C. control unit is broken.
- 6) Antenna is broken
- 7) Loss of code_card

I) STEERING LOCK IS BROKEN/DAMAGED

Parts to be ordered: Kit comprising:

- steering lock with 2 keys with the word "PARTS" on the body
- set of 2 door locks
- handle for cab lock lifting pump (lock)
- I key (mechanical for the door locks and the handle, with the same mechanical code as the steering lock),
- 2 adhesive labels with the new mechanical code of the set of keys (to stick on the old code_card).

Repair procedure:

When the components have been replaced, proceed with the memorization of the new keys and stick the label on the Code Card supplied.

2) BROKEN DOOR LOCK OR BROKEN HANDLE FOR CAB LIFTING PUMP

Parts to be ordered: there are two options:

- 1) customers who wish to continue with the original conditions of the vehicle, i.e. to have one single key; should order the kit referred to in p.to 1) and follow the repair procedure indicated.
- 2) customers who would accept using two keys should order the pre-prepared Spare Parts Kit comprising:
 - handle for Cab lifting pump with assembled lock
 - set of 2 locks (for the doors)
 - set of 2 keys (mechanical for the 3 locks) and 2 mechanical code labels (which are valid but do not replace that on the Code card supplied).

In the event that the pump handle is broken, the customer may choose either solution 1) or 2).

Possible failures

3) MECHANICAL BREAKING OF AN ELECTRONIC KEY OR ADDITION OF ONE

Parts to be ordered: New single key to be cut in accordance with old mechanical code (with the word "PARTS").

Repair procedure:

Once the key has been cut, the new key can then be memorized.

4) BREAKAGE OF IMMOBILIZER CONTROL UNIT (I.C.U.)

Parts to be ordered: New immobilizer control unit + Kit of 2 blank keys, new Code-card showing the new ELECTRONIC CODE.

Repair procedure:

Replace the control unit, following the instructions provided by the Modus diagnostic station (See "Diagnosis" chapter).

Once the immobilizer has been replaced, and appears to be functioning correctly, fill in the form for "Installation of new Immobilizer control unit" produced by the Modus and send it to the pre-printed address. (This guarantees registration of the new ELECTRONIC CODE in case of a request for a duplicate).

5) LOSS BREAKAGE OF EDC CONTROL UNIT

Parts to be ordered: New EDC control unit

6) Antenna is broken

Parts to be ordered: New antenna.

Replace.

7) Loss of the code-card

Parts to be ordered: New Code-Card.

Repair procedure:

The vehicle owner:

Should go to an authorized Dealer. Bring with him the vehicle and keys still in his possession. Demonstrate that the vehicle is his, by showing registration documents and identity card.

The dealer:

Through the use of the Modus station should select the procedure for a form requesting a duplicate Code Card. (See Diagnosis'' chapter)

fill in all parts of the form and send it to the pre-printed address.

Iveco Spare Parts:

Will issue a new Code Card and send it to the dealer who in turn will pass it on to the customer.

Diagnosis

Diagnosis tools

OPTICAL INDICATOR

First level diagnosis that consents coded display of some system faults and automatic diagnosis when the system is turned on.

IT 2000

Intermediate level diagnosis carried out using a portable tester equipped with a microprocessor.

The tester must have a memory cassette inserted that corresponds to the system to be diagnosed.

This device clearly provides all the information contained in the electronic control unit, enables components to be activated and allows system parameters to be read.

MODUS

High level diagnosis carried out by a computerized work station that allows a diagnosis to be carried out by following different operations proposed by the monitor.

It is an open system that permits a real strategic intervention to be made.

It supports data processing functions; each operation carried out leaves a trace on the station and allows electronic control units to be programmed.

IWT

New generation portable device that integrates the MODUS. Enables a powerful and complete identification of faults as it is able to carry out a wide range of measurements.



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lveco instrumentation is able to provide the following diagnostic procedures:

Diagnostic procedure		Instruments		
	IWT	MODUS	IT	
Emergency starting	YES	YES	YES	
Key teaching		YES	NO	
Identification of control unit	YES	YES	YES	
Recognition of failures	YES	YES	YES	
Description of repair procedures	YES+	YES	NO	
Pre-set commands for replacement of EDC/Immobilizer control units	YES+	YES	NO	

IWT	=	IVECO wiring tester
-----	---	---------------------

MODUS = Maintenance and diagnostic system

IT 2000

- **No** = Procedure does not exist
- YES = Procedure does exist
- YES+ = Procedure with enhanced features (allows user to have information, measurements, selection, communication with edc/Immobilizer is easily accessible)

System self-diagnosis

After the initial test, depending on the behavior of the "code" indicator, the system is able to inform the operator of possible system faults, namely:

- Indicator "flashes continuously" with a frequency of "0.3sec. ON" and "3 sec. OFF" indicates that there is a fault or that the emergency starting procedure has not been carried out correctly;
- Indicator "flashes continuously" with a frequency of "0.3 sec. ON" and "0,3 sec. OFF" means that no key learning procedure has been carried out.
- Indicator "always on" means that the key learning procedure has not been carried out correctly.
- For preliminary information, any faults can be display on the indicator unit on the dashboard by activating the Blink code.
- For a more detailed and complete diagnosis the diagnostic tools that are used by the customer service network, such as MODUS must be utilized.

Diagnosis through BLINK CODE

To activate the Blink code, with the key in the "on" position, put the K line to earth for at least two seconds so that the first fault can be displayed.

Repeat this operation (K line to earth) to display any other faults.

Number of flashes	TYPE OF FAULT		
I	The ''EDC'' control unit is not connected or not configured		
2	The ''EDC'' control unit is not enabled		
2	The "EDC" control unit is not communicating during installation		
3	The "EDC" control unit has not been installed		
4	Short circuit/disturbances on the communication line between control unit and "EDC"		
5	Code key not recognized		
6	Key with code not detected		
7	Antenna not connected		
8	Internal fault in control unit		
9	Short circuit on alarm cut off line		
-	"Code" indicator short circuit		
-	"Code" indicator open circuit		

\triangle

If after accurate diagnosis it is necessary to replace one or more components, proceed as described below



Diagnosis connector

The U.C.I control unit contains a 30-pin diagnosis connector for the diagnosis of the electrical system.

30-pole framatone connector pin				
System	Pin	Func.	Cable Colour code	
EDC		L	1198	
	2	К	2298	
ABS - ASR - EBS	3	L	1199	
	4	К	2299	
Retarder	5	L	1193	
	6	К	2293	
SIB	7	L		
	8	К		
Eberspaecher /	9	L	1195	
Wabco	10	К	2295	
Aux. units ON		KL. 15	8802	
key on "start"				
Immobilizer	12	K	2292	
	13	L	1196	
	14	К	2296	
ECAS suspension	15	L	1194	
	16	К	2294	
EUROTRONIC /	17	L	1197	
ALLISON	18	K	2297	
EOL EUROTRONIC	19	Enable	7079	
EOL INTARDER/EDC M7	20	Enable	3397	
CAN H	21	Н	2222	
CAN L	22	L	8888	
Motor phase signal	23	Fase	5198	
Screen	24	Molla		
Engine starting signal	25		8050	
Engine starting signal	26		8892	
Positive	27	+ 30	7797	
Engine rpm	28	n	5584	
Vehicle speed	29	(B7)	8840	
Vehicle earth	30	31	0050	

The instrument diagnosis is carried out with:

- MODUS
- IWT
- IT 2000

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N.B. $* = G_{II}$ fo $\bullet = F_{CI}$	round point into shunt box r rear lamps or truck only	د ،

Keys Negative U.C.I. terminal No. of cells in battery Circuit identification symbol connected to cab earth U.C.I. connector Fuse: Fuse reference Pin identification code identification number on U.C.I. control M. connector unit cell Т Positive U.C.I. terminal connected to terminal 30 of Cable cross-section in mm² U.C.I. starter motor ₹_ي <u>a</u> Ð, - 30 31 15 75000 87a 87t 87c €8 €8 30 E1 25204 E15 187d ĴJ1 lc8 l13 D12 C9 **Й**М1 | D7 C2 JJ3 M3 D6 7777 7777 8887 2.5 -8055 960 ۹D 16 AOC ç 8055 5A 11 ST02 0096 87 30 о П ST80 4 **đ**F 2 **4**D ₁₉ □ ST37. ST01 ST375 ST2 4 85150 ST37-0050 000 20000 53508 72021 53508 25874 21/224 58902 53000 70603 25294 7060 0300% F_2502 25213A 5878 53006 08000 Cable-joining connector Conventional earth line identification (0V). ST 37. connector Power earth 5 cell Bulkhead junction block Earth point identification Numerical cable colour identification code E connector 4 cell Conventional earth line Fuse: reference to fuse Numerical componentrange. Out of U.C.I. central 0V. code Signal earth unit





Chart No. 2: Start up from engine compartment























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Chart No. 13: Direction indicators - hazard lights










































Chart No. 24: Manual climate control system





























Chart No. 32: Air TMP emergency switch



















Chart No. 40: Trip computer level I (with main current switch)



Chart No. 41A: Electronic speedometer F2B (ON)
















Base - July 2002



















Chart No. 54: Intarder ZF Ē 30 4 58905 58059 0000 ſ m4 m3/2 ST695 78054 0150 ιοε9 -29 ST69 " ď 0126 53000 6 8000- \bowtie ST694 47041 6020 37 ST69, D, 60£9 σ ____ ST69, 78055 \checkmark -1126 . D11 ST69, 34 D₁₂ -1120 4 ون م LC. 17 43 Å 2 : 4 4 œ -1028-R 52522 CAN 61126 <mark>م120م</mark> ≈ - ¬18/8M 2 -12 49 e − ∃√∃9 CAN CN/NE ST462 NB/Br €0037 \$ 70602 5293 -14 -(o |20 6 72021 12 5293 – . 0027 4 28 m7 m3/2 m2/2 27 8300 53 0000 86015 E10 86016 [85 ∞ - LZ88 5714 -(5300)8300 1 ° m10 82 -0000 ICIU 0 M 0000 m3/2 s,s 7888 70601 1 502 1 **-** 97888 87 85 ŝ 25213B 25213A 52502 ₽ 70602 15/A 30 20--22292.5 86 20 -2088 ST23 2 101 31-3 ¥2088 20000 77776 75000 9U ę 1111 01////





Chart No. 56: ECAS for 4X2 and tractor (ON)



Chart No. 57: ECAS for 6X2 P/FP and PT/FT with additional hydraulic steering axis (ON)